# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Tankguard DW Comp B

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Tankguard DW Comp B
Product code	: 9441
Product description	: Hardener.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints Inc. 842 W. Sam Houston Parkway North City Center Three, Suite 300 Houston, TX 77024 USA Phone number: +1 (713) 860-8241 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H302 - Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> </ul>

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P303 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable
Product code	: 9441

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated	≥50 - ≤75	1173092-74-4
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	≤10	9046-10-0
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-		
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	≤10	9003-35-4
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	≤10	128-37-0
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	≤5	104-78-9
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	≤2.9	90-72-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of		

# Section 4. First aid measures

	inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated	None	
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-	None	
(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-		
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	None	
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	None	
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	None	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	None	

Appropriate engineering controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measur		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead	
Skin protection		

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove
	material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be
	applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, neoprene, butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Colorless.	
Odor	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	Not applicable.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	Lowest known value: 170°C (338°F) (3-aminopropyldiethylamine). Weighted avera 208.88°C (408°F)	age:
Flash point	Closed cup: Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not applicable.	
Vapor pressure	Highest known value: 0.2 kPa (1.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (3-aminopropyldiethylamine). Weighted average: 0.12 kPa (0.9 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	-
Vapor density	Highest known value: 4.48 (Air = 1) (3-aminopropyldiethylamine).	
Relative density	1.05 g/cm <sup>3</sup> 8.76 pounds/gallon	
Solubility	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No	t available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: No	t applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No	ot available.
Viscosity	: Kir	nematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute	toxi	City

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	360 mg/kg	-
3-aminopropyldiethylamine 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat	242 mg/kg 550 mg/kg 1673 mg/kg	- - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-		Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-	
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 500 milligrams	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	48 hours 500 milligrams	-	
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 µg	-	
(	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 ml	-	

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name 2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Poproductive toxicity	-	3	-	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.				
Teratogenicity Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	t <mark>y (single ex</mark>	posure)		
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	t <u>y (repeated</u>	<u>exposure)</u>	l	
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not avail	able.		
Potential acute health effects	<u>2</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes s	serious eye	damage.	
Inhalation	: No know	n significar	nt effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes	severe burr	ns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Harmful	if swallowe	d.	
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemi	cal and to	xicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse pain watering redness	symptoms	may include the following:	
Inhalation	: No speci	fic data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse pain or ir redness	symptoms	may include the following:	
Ingestion		symptoms	may include the following:	
Delayed and immediate effec	ts and also	<u>chronic ef</u>	fects from short and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate	: Not avail	ahle		
effects				
Potential delayed effects	: Not avail	able.		
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not avail	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not avail	able.		
Potential chronic health effe				
Not available.				
General	: Once ser very low		severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to	
Carcinogenicity	•		nt effects or critical hazards.	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	589.61 mg/kg 24669.21 mg/kg

Section	12.	Ecol	ogical	information	n
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#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	1.34	-	low
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	5.1 0.219	330 to 1800 -	high Iow

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

Section 14.	Папэрог	t intornati	on			
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material	Paint related material	Paint related material	Paint related material	Paint related material	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)		8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional inform	<u>ation</u>					
DOT Classificatio	v	This product is not vaterways in sizes provided the packa	of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg o	or by road, rail, or	inland air in non-	bulk sizes,
TDG Classificatio	n : F	Product classified a Goods Regulations The marine polluta	as per the followir s: 2.40-2.42 (Class	ng sections of the s 8), 2.7 (Marine	Transportation of pollutant mark).	f Dangerous
Mexico Classifica	tion :-					
ADR/RID		unnel restriction o				
IMDG		Emergency schedu ⁄Iarine pollutant: Y		5-В		
ΙΑΤΑ		The environmental ransportation regu		stance mark may	appear if require	d by other
Special precautio	L	Fransport within pright and secure event of an accide	. Ensure that pers			
Transport in bulk to IMO instrumen		lot available.				
IMDG Code Segre	egation : 1	8 - Alkalis				

group

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	1
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section	602 : Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/informa	tion on ingredients
No products were four	nd.

#### SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312

Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated	≥50 - ≤75	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α- (2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	≤10	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol	≤10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	≤2.9	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: BUTYLATED HYDROXYTOLUENE; 3- (DIETHYLAMINO)-PROPYLAMINE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: 2,6-DI-tert-BUTYL-p-CRESOL; 3- (DIETHYLAMINO)PROPYLAMINE
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: PHENOL, 2,6-BIS(1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL)</li> <li>-4-METHYL-; 1,3-PROPANEDIAMINE, N,N-DIETHYL-</li> </ul>
California Prop. 65	

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History Date of printing	: 17.10.2022 : 17.10.2022	
Date of issue	: 17.10.2022	12/13

### Section 16. Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision	
Date of previous issue	: 12.07.2022
Version	: 1.06
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.