SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotatemp 650

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotatemp 650
Product code	: 9240
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Uses in Coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun India Pvt Ltd Plot No. D-280, Ranjangaon MIDC Taluka Shirur District Pune -412210 Maharashtra State India

SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Jotun India Pvt Ltd +91 2138 671300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification	: F; R11 Xn; R65 R52/53
Physical/chemical hazards	: Highly flammable.
Human health hazards	: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
Environmental hazards	: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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Hazard pictograms

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

:		
	•	

	• •
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture					
<u>Classification</u>						
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5	≥10 - ≤18	Xn; R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]	н
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]	С
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	F; R11 Xn; R20, R48/20, R65	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	-
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤1,6	F; R11 Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R48/20, R65 Xi; R38 R67	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	4
naphthalene	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	≤0,18	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R22 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]	-
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Jotatemp 650

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SECTION 5. Composition/information on ingredients			
		Section 16 for	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	full text of the H tements lared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1 Description of mist alu n	
General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/s</u>	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
4.3 Indication of any imr	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

OLOTION 5. Thengh	ig medaulea	
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising	n the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase wi occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Run to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain	off iife
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incider there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection chemical incidents.	for

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available.

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.				
toluene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list				
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values				
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.				
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.				
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative				
	occupational exposure limit values				
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.				
	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				

Recommended monitoring procedures If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived no effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14,8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1,6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1,6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

Predicted no effect concentrations

Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
PNEC	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l	-
PNEC	Marine	0,327 mg/l	-
PNEC	-	6,58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg dwt	-
_		2,31 mg/kg dwt	-
		0,1 mg/l 0.01 mg/l	-
	PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC	PNEC Fresh water PNEC Marine PNEC Sewage Treatment PIant PNEC Fresh water sediment PNEC Marine water sediment	PNECFresh water0,327 mg/lPNECMarine0,327 mg/lPNECSewage Treatment6,58 mg/lPNECFresh water sediment12,46 mg/kg dwtPNECMarine water sediment12,46 mg/kg dwtPNECSoil2,31 mg/kg dwtPNECFresh water0,1 mg/l

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SECTION 8: Exposu	ire cont	rols/p	ersonal protection	on	
toluene 8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	: Use venti conta	PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Soil Secondary Poisoning Fresh water Marine Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment Marine water sediment	9,6 mg/l 13,7 mg/kg dwt 2,68 mg/kg dwt 20 mg/kg 0,68 mg/l 0,68 mg/l 13,61 mg/l 16,39 mg/kg dwt 16,39 mg/kg dwt 2,89 mg/kg dwt 2,89 mg/kg dwt	posure to airborne The engineering
	explo		its. Use explosion-proof v		
Individual protection meas Hygiene measures	: Wash befor Appr Wash	e eating opriate to h contan	forearms and face thorou , smoking and using the la echniques should be used ninated clothing before rea rs are close to the worksta	avatory and at the e d to remove potentia using. Ensure that	nd of the working period. ally contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	: Safe indica dusts	ty eyewe ates this 5. If cont ssment i	ear complying to EN 166 s is necessary to avoid exp tact is possible, the follow ndicates a higher degree	hould be used wher posure to liquid spla ing protection shoul	shes, mists, gases or d be worn, unless the
Skin protection					
Hand protection	resis The I The i stora Glove mate Alwa corre The I chem Barri appli Wea May Not r Reco	tance to breakthru- nstructic ge, mair es shoul rial. ys ensur ectly. performa- nical dan er cream ed once r suitable be used ecomme ommende	ne glove material or combination individual or combination grouph time must be greated ons and information provide the and replacement d be replaced regularly are that gloves are free from ance or effectiveness of the ange and poor maintenanes may help to protect the exposure has occurred. The gloves tested to EN374. If gloves (breakthrough time and d, gloves (ation of chemicals. If than the end use to led by the glove man to must be followed. Ind if there is any sig modefects and that to he glove may be red ce. (exposed areas of to e) 4 - 8 hours: neop gh time) < 1 hour: P ime) > 8 hours: fluo	ime of the product. nufacturer on use, n of damage to the glove hey are stored and used luced by physical/ he skin but should not be prene, butyl rubber VC
Body protection	pene The produ use, Persa being befor wear disch Euro	tration, s user mus uct is the as incluc onal prof perforn re handli anti-stat arges, c pean Sta	ce of glove materials, with seek advice by the suppli- st check that the final choi e most appropriate and tal ded in the user's risk asse tective equipment for the l ned and the risks involved ing this product. When the tic protective clothing. Fo lothing should include and andard EN 1149 for furthe and test methods.	er of chemical resis ice of type of glove s kes into account the ssment. body should be sele and should be app ere is a risk of ignition r the greatest protect ti-static overalls, boo	tant gloves. selected for handling this particular conditions of ected based on the task roved by a specialist on from static electricity, ction from static ots and gloves. Refer to

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

•	• •
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physica	and chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Grey. Black.
Odour	: Aromatic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >90°C
Flash point	: Closed cup: 18°C
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 3.22 (dimethyl carbonate) Weighted average: 1. 94compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 1.2 - 8%
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 7.6 kPa (56.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (dimethyl carbonate). Weighted average: 1.84 kPa (13.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.39 (Air = 1)
Relative density	: 1.88 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 393 to 530°C (739.4 to 986°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (23 °C): 0,612 cm²/s (61,2 mm²/s) Kinematic (40°C): >0,205 cm²/s (>20,5 mm²/s)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

-	-
:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
:	The product is stable.
:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
1	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	26829,3 mg/kg 209,5 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information					
naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	milligrams 495 milligrams 24 hours 0. 05 Mililiters	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. toluene	0,		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	0,		hearing organs Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Jotatemp 650 (mmi-wcs)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7,2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
-	Acute EC50 2,93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4,2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
naphthalene	Acute EC50 0,4 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1,6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2800 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,67 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	40 days

Conclusion/Summary : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
naphthalene	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Jotatemp 650				
SECTION 12: Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name LogPow BCF Potential				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high	
xylene	3,12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
ethylbenzene	3,6	-	low	
toluene	2,73	90	low	
naphthalene	3,4	36.5 to 168	low	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
12.5 Results of PBT and	vPvB assessment

	VD assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

International	transport	regulations

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IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>	
ADR / RID	: Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 33 Special provisions: 640D	
Additional information	 Tuppel restriction and (D/E) 	
14.6 Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed of upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product the event of an accident or spillage.	
hazards	. NO.	
14.5 Environmental	: No.	
14.4 Packing group	: III	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	: 3	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	: Paint	
14.1 UN number	: 1263	

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles **Other EU regulations Europe inventory** : Not determined. **Black List Chemicals** : Not listed **Priority List Chemicals** : Not determined **Industrial emissions** : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air : Not listed **Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water r

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
toluene	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-
naphthalene	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

International regulations	
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not listed
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: Not applicable.

Jotatemp 650		
SECTION 16: Other i	nformation	
Indicates information that h Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estin CLP = Classification, Labe 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effec EUH statement = CLP-sp PNEC = Predicted No Effect	mate elling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. t Level ecific Hazard statement ect Concentration
Procedure used to derive the	RRN = REACH Registrati	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Classifi	cation	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		On basis of test data Expert judgment Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable liquid H302H302Harmful if swalld H304H304May be fatal if swH312Harmful in conta H312H315Causes skin irrita H319H319Causes serious H322H332Harmful if inhale H336H336May cause drow May cause drowH351Suspected of ca Suspected of da (Unborn child)H373May cause dama (hearing organs)H373May cause dama (hearing organs)H373May cause dama (hearing organs)H373May cause dama (hearing organs)H373May cause dama (hearing organs)H374Toxic to aqu H410H411Toxic to aquatic H412H412Harmful to aquatic	 wed. wallowed and enters airways. act with skin. ation. eye irritation. ed. rsiness or dizziness. using cancer. umaging the unborn child. age to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. age to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. uatic life. uatic life. uatic life with long lasting effects. life with long lasting effects. tic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Full text of abbreviated R phrases		n to the unborn child. n.
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SECTION 16: Other information

	 through inhalation. R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R38- Irritating to skin. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]	 F - Highly flammable Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3 Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3 Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the environment
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Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 16.06.2017
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 2

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.