SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Epoxy Yacht HB Comp A

Product code : 9207

Product description : Paint.

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Consumer use: Apply this product only as specified on the label.

Use in coatings - Professional use

See Annex to the Safety data sheet for additional information in the Exposure Scenario(s).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun UAE Ltd. L.L.C. P.O.Box 3671, Dubai, U.A.E. Tel: 009714 3395000 Fax:009714 3380666

Jotun Abu Dhabi L.L.C. P.O.box-3714 Abu Dhabi U.A.E. Tel: 00971 2 5510300 Fax:00971 2 5510232

SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT RE 2, H373 (central nervous system (CNS))

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification : R10

Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51/53

Physical/chemical

Environmental hazards

hazards

: Flammable.

Human health hazards: Irritating to eyes and skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Warning.

Hazard statements : Mammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS))

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General: Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : ₩ear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response : Collect spillage. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)

hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized

epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)

hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1%

Benzene)

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	Classification						
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6 Index: 603-074-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51/53	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	-	
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	REACH #: 01-2119555292-40 EC: 615-276-3 CAS: 71302-83-5	≤10	R43 R52/53	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	-	
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤10	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]	С	
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	CAS: 25036-25-3	≤5	Xi; R36/38 R43	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]	-	
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6	≤3	Xn; R20/22	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]	-	
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	F; R11 Xn; R20, R48/20, R65	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]	-	
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≤3	R10 Xn; R48/20, R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]	H-P	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	<3	R10 Xi; R41, R37/38 R67	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]	-	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
k ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived no effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.25 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12.25 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.571 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.571 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
nydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16.4 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
porymonizou	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	57 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	28 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation		Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	90 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	47 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	28.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic

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	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 5.7 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 5 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.11 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40.55 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	330 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	71 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	Consumers	Local

Predicted no effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	PNEC	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	-
,	PNEC	Marine	0.0006 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.0996 mg/l	-
	PNEC		0.196 mg/l	-
ydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, olymerized	PNEC	Fresh water	54 μg/l	-
,	PNEC	Marine	5.4 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.2 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	1584 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	158 mg/kg dwt	-
		Marine water sediment	158 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	316.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Secondary Poisoning	200 mg/kg	-
ylene			0.327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
enzyl alcohol	PNEC	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
•	PNEC	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	39 mg/l	-

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	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	PNEC	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	PNEC	Fresh water	0.4 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.04 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	1.52 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.152 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0.0699 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton®, Responder, 4H, Teflon

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber, neoprene, butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

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Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour Various colours. : Characteristic. Odour : Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. pH Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 108°C (226.4°F) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). Weighted average:

248.17°C (478.7°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 40°C

Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.54compared **Evaporation rate**

with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

: 0.8 - 13%

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 2.7 kPa (20.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (hydrocarbons, C9-C12,

n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)).

Weighted average: 0.31 kPa (2.33 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.54 (Air = 1)

Relative density : 1.529 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: >375°C (>707°F) (hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.).

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s) **Viscosity**

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: The product is stable.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized, epoxy resin (MW 700-1200). May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	49200 mg/kg 19954.6 mg/kg 111.7 mg/l

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
rydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)	5 ,	Not determined Not determined	hearing organs central nervous system (CNS)

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
pthylbenzene hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - fathead minnow	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1%	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Benzene)			
,	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ppoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)	- - - -	- - - -	Not readily Readily Readily Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
hydrocarbons,	3.627	-	low
C9-unsaturated, polymerized			
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-	-	10 to 2500	high
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,			
aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1%			
Benzene)			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

International transport regulations

14.1 UN number : 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping

name

: Paint. Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤700), hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene))

14.3 Transport hazard

class(es)

: 3





Marking : The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for

packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

14.4 Packing group : III

14.5 Environmental

hazards

Yes.

14.6 Special precautions

for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Additional information

ADR / RID

✓unnel restriction code: (D/E)
Hazard identification number: 30

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules (EmS)

F-E, S-E

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

: Not available.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed

Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

On basis of test data

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT RE 2, H373 (central nervous system (CNS))

On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Calculation method

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated	Н
statements	

₩225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1, H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R11- Highly flammable.

R10- Flammable.

STOT SE 3, H336

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system and skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]

: F - Highly flammable

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

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SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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