

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Lightweight Filler Comp B
Product code	: 9202
Product description	: Putty.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Consumer use: Apply this product only as specified on the label. Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

: Danger.

Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Product definition

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

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SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
Hazard statements	 H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	 P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER o physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction 3-aminopropyldimethylamine
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Yes, applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Yes, applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

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Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
fatty acids, c18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	≥10 - ≤22	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine	EC: 500-187-3 CAS: 68071-65-8	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
amides, from tall-oil fatty acids and tetraethylenepentamine	EC: 268-945-3 CAS: 68155-17-9	≤10	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	REACH #: 01-2119487919-13 EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction	EC: 292-587-7 CAS: 90640-66-7	≤2.6	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119486842-27 EC: 203-680-9 CAS: 109-55-7 Index: 612-061-00-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	n all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.			
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. 			
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. 			
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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction, polyethlyenepolyamines, 3-aminopropyldimethylamine; N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

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Section 5: Firefighting measuresSpecial protective actions
for fire-fighters: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to
drains or watercourses.Special protective
equipment for fire-fighters: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

solutions

ific : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
benzyl alcohol	Short term	450 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Long term	90 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Short term Dermal	47 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Long term Dermal	9.5 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day	_	
	Short term Dermal	28.5 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		kg bw/day	•	
	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day	0	
	Long term Dermal	5.7 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day	0	0
	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term	8.11 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	0g,	Concumere	eyetenne
	Short term	40.55 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	m ³	••••••	-) - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - ! - !
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	Short term	5380 mg/	Workers	Systemic
triethylenetetramine fraction	Inhalation	m ³		,
	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		-
	Long term	1 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	-		-
	Long term Dermal	0.028 mg/	Workers	Local
	_	m³		
	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Short term	1600 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Inhalation т³ 20 mg/kg Short term Oral Consumers Systemic bw/day 1 mg/cm² Short term Dermal Local Consumers 0.25 mg/ Short term Dermal Local Consumers kg bw/day 0.29 mg/m³ Long term Systemic Consumers Inhalation 0.41 mg/ Long term Oral Consumers Systemic kg bw/day 0.43 mg/ Long term Dermal Local Consumers cm²

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	39 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	Fresh water	190 µg/l	Assessment Factors
triethylenetetramine fraction	Fresh water sediment	95.9 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water	38 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water sediment	19.2 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	19.1 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Sewage Treatment Plant	4.25 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Secondary Poisoning	0.18 mg/kg	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.		
Individual protection meas	i <mark>ures</mark>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.		
Skin protection			
Gloves	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemica damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. 		
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H, fluor rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber, PVC, Viton®,
	polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	: Liquid. [Paste.]	
Colour	: White.	
Odour	: Characteristic.	
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 135.1°C (275.2°F) (3-aminopropyldimethylamine). Weighted average: 234.54°C (454.2°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 120°C	
Evaporation rate	: 0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 1.3 - 13%	
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 0.6 kPa (4.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (3-aminopropyldimethylamine). Weighted average: 0.02 kPa (0.15 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 3.68 (Air = 1)	
Density	: 0.6 g/cm ³	
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 215°C (419°F) (3-aminopropyldimethylamine).	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)	
Explosive properties	: Not available.	
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Oxidising properties

: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific	test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable unde	r recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Jnder norm	al conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	When exposoroducts.	sed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition
10.5 Incompatible materials		from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: ents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		ion products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, ide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness,

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids, tetraethylenepentamine and triethylenetetramine, Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction, polyethlyenepolyamines, 3-aminopropyldimethylamine; N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diaminopropane. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	1465.4 mg/kg	-
triethylenetetramine fraction		Female		
-	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	1716.2 mg/kg	-
		Female		
3-aminopropyldimethylamine;	LD50 Oral	Rat	1870 mg/kg	-
N,N-dimethyl-1,				
3-diaminopropane				

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	6246.4 mg/kg
Dermal	23512.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	98.21 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
3-aminopropyldimethylamine; N,N-dimethyl-1, 3-diaminopropane	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	5 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard					
Not available.					

Not available.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Algae	72 hours
Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
	Daphnia

Conclusion/Summary : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	-	-	Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction	-2.65	-	low
polyethlyenepolyamines	-3.16	-	low
3-aminopropyldimethylamine; N,N-dimethyl-1, 3-diaminopropane	-0.352	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

	40	
Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	1	Yes.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
Disposal considerations	the relevant Empty conta Dispose of	nation provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from t waste authority on the classification of empty containers. ainers must be scrapped or reconditioned. containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or al provisions.
Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	taken when Empty conta	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of al and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN3267	UN3267	UN3267	UN3267
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction, amines, polyethylenepoly-, tetraethylenepentamine fraction)			
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	Ш	П	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional informat	<u>ion</u>			
ADR/RID		riction code: (E) ntification number: 80		
ADN	: The produc	t is only regulated as an in tank vessels.	environmentally hazardo	us substance when
IMDG	: <u>Emergenc</u> 18 - Alkalis	<u>y schedules</u> F-A, S-B		
user upright and		within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in f an accident or spillage.		
14.7 Transport in bulk: Not applicaaccording to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code		ble.		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components ar	re listed
Substances of very high	
None of the components ar	
Annex XVII - Restrictions	
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market	
and use of certain	
dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
voc	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.
Europe inventory	: Not determined.
Ozone depleting substanc	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (P	IC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.	
Seveso Directive	
	d under the Seveso Directive.
International regulations	
	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol (Annexes	3 A. B. C. E)
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on F	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on P	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
15.2 Chemical safety	: Not applicable.
assessment	
SECTION 16: Other in	nformation

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SECTION 16: Other information

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226 H302 H312 H314	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: 1

Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
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Date of previous issue	: No previous validation

Version

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.