

## JOTUN Multicolor Solvent-Free YC

### Section 1. Identification

|                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Product name</b>                  | : JOTUN Multicolor Solvent-Free YC      |
| <b>Product code</b>                  | : 52462                                 |
| <b>Product description</b>           | : Colouring material. Waterborne paint. |
| <b>Product type</b>                  | : Liquid.                               |
| <b>Other means of identification</b> | : Not available.                        |

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Supplier's details</b> | : EL MOHANDES JOTUN S.A.E.<br>INDUSTRIAL AREA - ISMAILIA<br>P.O. BOX NO. 203<br>ISMAILIA - EGYPT<br>FAX NO. : 002064481030<br>TELF NO: 002064481032<br>SDSJotun@jotun.com |
|---------------------------|---|

|                                   |                                       |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Emergency telephone number</b> | : Jotun AS, Norway<br>+47 33 45 70 00 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

### Section 2. Hazards identification

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Classification of the substance or mixture</b> | : SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2<br>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
|---|---|

#### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms**

:



|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>Signal word</b>       | : No signal word.   |
| <b>Hazard statements</b> | : H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

#### Precautionary statements

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>Prevention</b> | : P273 - Avoid release to the environment.   |
| <b>Response</b>   | : P391 - Collect spillage.   |
| <b>Storage</b>    | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Disposal</b>   | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |

|  |               |
|--|---------------|
| <b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b> | : None known. |
|--|---------------|

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.  
**EC number** : Mixture.  
**Product code** : 52462

| Ingredient name   | %      | CAS number  |
|---|--------|-------------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)   | ≤3     | 7779-90-0   |
| bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)  | ≤3     | 14059-33-7  |
| 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts | ≤3     | 147170-44-3 |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)   | ≤0.3   | 55406-53-6  |
| bronopol  | ≤0.1   | 52-51-7     |
| 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)   | <0.05  | 26530-20-1  |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)  | <0.003 | 55965-84-9  |

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  
**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Yellow.
- Odour** : Characteristic. [Slight]
- Odour threshold** : Not applicable.
- pH** : 7.5 to 9
- Melting point** : 0
- Boiling point** : Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water).
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : 0.36 (water) compared with butyl acetate
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** : Highest known value: 3.2 kPa (23.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (water). Weighted average: 2.88 kPa (21.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Density** : 1.96 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 444.85°C (832.7°F) (soybean oil).
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                 | Result      | Species | Dose       | Exposure |
|---|-------------|---------|------------|----------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 1470 mg/kg | -        |
| 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)       | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | 690 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | 690 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 550 mg/kg  | -        |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)                        | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | 53 mg/kg   | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                   | Species                      | Score | Exposure                | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts | Eyes - Irritant          | Mammal - species unspecified | -     | -                       | -           |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)   | Eyes - Irritant          | Mammal - species unspecified | -     | -                       | -           |
| bronopol  | Eyes - Irritant          | Mammal - species unspecified | -     | -                       | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Mammal - species unspecified | -     | -                       | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit                       | -     | 24 hours 500 milligrams | -           |
|   | Skin - Moderate irritant | Human                        | -     | 10 milligrams           | -           |
|   | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit                       | -     | 80 milligrams           | -           |

#### Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name                 | Route of exposure | Species                      | Result      |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | skin              | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)       | skin              | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)                        | skin              | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name     | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|----------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| bronopol | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                                    | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)          | Category 2 | inhalation        | -             |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | Category 1 | -                 | trachea       |

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                           | Species  | Exposure |
|---|----------------------------------|--|----------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)   | Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l             | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l            | Micro-organism   | 4 hours  |
|   | Acute EC50 1.9 mg/l              | Algae  | 48 hours |
| 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts | Acute LC50 11.1 mg/l             | Fish   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l            | Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus  | 72 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l             | Crustaceans - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)   | Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l            | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 70 ppb Fresh water  | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
|   |                                  | Algae - Skeletonema costatum   | 96 hours |
| bronopol  | Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus   | 96 hours |
| 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)   | Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm            | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 49 days  |
|   | Acute EC50 0.084 mg/l            | Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus  | 72 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l             | Daphnia  | 48 hours |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)  | Acute LC50 0.047 mg/l            | Fish   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.048 mg/l            | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 72 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 0.0052 mg/l           | Algae - Skeletonema costatum   | 48 hours |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)  | Acute EC50 0.1 mg/l              | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 0.22 mg/l             | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute NOEC 0.00064 mg/l          | Algae - Skeletonema costatum   | 48 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.0012 mg/l         | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                                | 72 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.004 mg/l          | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 21 days  |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.098 mg/l          | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 28 days  |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name                 | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)             | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC) | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)                        | -                 | -          | Not readily      |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name   | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF   | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-------|-----------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)   | -                  | 60960 | high      |
| bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)  | -                  | <14   | low       |
| 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts | 1.79               | 71    | low       |
| bronopol  | 0.18               | -     | low       |
| 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one   | 2.45               | -     | low       |



## Section 12. Ecological information

|                           |   |      |     |
|---------------------------|---|------|-----|
| (OIT)<br>C(M)IT/MIT (3:1) | - | 3.16 | low |
|---------------------------|---|------|-----|

### Mobility in soil

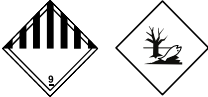
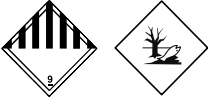
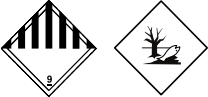
**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | ADR/RID   | IMDG   | IATA   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN3082  | UN3082   | UN3082   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (PAINT)   | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (PAINT). Marine pollutant (trizinc bis(orthophosphate), 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT))   | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (PAINT)  |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 9<br>  | 9<br>   | 9<br>   |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | III   | III  | III  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | Yes.  | Yes.   | Yes.   |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. | This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.<br><b>Emergency schedules</b> F-A, S-F | This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8. |

### Additional information

**ADR/RID** :

## Section 14. Transport information

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**Hazard identification number** 90

**Tunnel code** (-)

**IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**Emergency schedules** F-A, S-F

**IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of printing** : 22.03.2023

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 22.03.2023

**Date of previous issue** : 22.03.2023

**Version** : 1.01

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.