

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## JOTUN Multicolor Solvent-Free YC

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

**Product name** : JOTUN Multicolor Solvent-Free YC  
**Product code** : 52462  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**Product description** : Colouring material. Waterborne paint.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

#### **Supplier's details**

: 佐敦涂料（张家港）有限公司  
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#### **Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)**

: Emergency Services for Chemical Incident of China. Tel: +86 532 83889090

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1  
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2  
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

#### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Hazard pictograms



**Signal word** : Warning.

**Hazard statements** : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

**General** : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

**Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.  
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Physical and chemical hazards** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Health hazards** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	≤3	7779-90-0
bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)	≤3	14059-33-7
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts	≤3	147170-44-3
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	≤0.3	55406-53-6
bronopol	≤0.1	52-51-7
2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)	≤0.075	26530-20-1
C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	<0.003	55965-84-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 carbon dioxide  
 carbon monoxide  
 nitrogen oxides  
 phosphorus oxides  
 metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Yellow.
- Odour** : Characteristic. [Slight]
- Odour threshold** : Not applicable.
- pH** : 7.5 to 9
- Melting point/freezing point** : 0
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water).
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : 0.36 (water) compared with butyl acetate
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** : Highest known value: 2.3 kPa (17.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (water). Weighted average: 2.07 kPa (15.53 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
- Relative vapour density** : Not available.
- Density** : 1.96 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Easily soluble
hot water	Easily soluble

- Solubility in water** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 444.85°C (832.7°F) (soybean oil).
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

No additional information.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
bronopol	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-



## Section 11. Toxicological information

	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 milligrams	-

### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)	Category 2	inhalation	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	Category 1	-	trachea

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.5
bronopol	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)	125	311	N/A	N/A	0.27
C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	53	50	N/A	0.5	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Micro-organism	96 hours 4 hours
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts	Acute EC50 1.9 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	Acute LC50 11.1 mg/l Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l	Fish Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours 72 hours
bronopol	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Chronic NOEC 70 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
bronopol	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Marine water Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours 49 days
2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)	Acute EC50 0.084 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours

## Section 12. Ecological information

C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l Acute LC50 0.047 mg/l Acute EC50 0.048 mg/l	Daphnia Fish Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	48 hours 96 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.0052 mg/l Acute EC50 0.1 mg/l Acute LC50 0.22 mg/l Acute NOEC 0.00064 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.0012 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Skeletonema costatum Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.004 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.098 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	21 days 28 days

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	-	Not readily
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate (IPBC)	-	-	Readily
C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	-	-	Not readily

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)	-	<14	low
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs., inner salts	1.79	71	low
bronopol	0.18	-	low
2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT)	2.45	-	low
C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)	-	3.16	low

### Mobility in soil









Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (trizinc bis (orthophosphate))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (PAINT)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (PAINT). Marine pollutant (trizinc bis (orthophosphate), 2-octyl-2h-isothiazol-3-one (OIT))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (PAINT)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	9  	9  	9  	9  
<b>Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

### Additional information

- China** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- UN** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
- IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.  
**Emergency schedules** F-A, S-F
- IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
- ADR / RID** : Tunnel restriction code: (-)  
Hazard identification number: 90
- Marking** : The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:**

### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals  
 Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances  
 Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes  
 Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace  
 General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals  
 Classification and code of dangerous goods

### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

### Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

### Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

### List of Explosive Precursors

Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
sodium nitrate	7631-99-4	Listed	2.1

### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

### Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

Ingredient name	Status
bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)	Listed
bismuth vanadium oxide (bivo4)	Listed

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals](#)

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of printing** : 17.01.2024

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 17.01.2024

**Date of previous issue** : 15.01.2024

**Version** : 1.02

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 N/A = Not available  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 UN = United Nations

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

Classification	Justification
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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