SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification Product name : Reveal Lite E U Code : 51165

JOTUN

Jotun Protects Property

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Product type Other means of identification

: Powder coating.

: Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| | Identified uses | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Use in coatings - Industrial | Use in coatings - Industrial use | | |
| Supplier | : Jotun Australia Pty. Ltd. 59 Calarco Drive, Derrimut, VIC 3026, Australia Phone: + 61 39314 0722 | | |
| | E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.com | | |
| Emergency telephone number | : Medical Emergencies 24 hours: Poisons Information Centre (Australia) 131 126 | | |

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : SPE | CIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |
|--|-------|--|
| GHS label elements | | |
| Hazard pictograms | | |
| Signal word | : DAN | IGER |
| Hazard statements | : H37 | 2 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | | 0 - Do not breathe dust. |
| | P27 | 0 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| Response | : P31 | 4 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |
| Storage | : Not | applicable. |
| Disposal | | 1 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, onal and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Not | applicable. |

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

| CAS number/other iden | <u>tifiers</u> | |
|------------------------|--|---------|
| CAS number | : Not applicable. | |
| EC number | : Mixture. | |
| Product code | : 51165 | |
| Ingredient name | | % (w/v |
| Cvclohexane, 5-isocvan | ato-1-(isocvanatomethyl)-1.3.3-trimethyl | ≥10 - ≤ |

Ingredient name% (w/w)CAS numberCyclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethyl-,
homopolymer, caprolactam-blocked≥10 - ≤30127184-53-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first | aid measures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Most important symptoms/eff | |

| r otoritiar addite ricultin en | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------|--------|------|
| Eye contact | : No knowr | n significant effects or critic | al hazards. | | | |
| Inhalation | : No knowr | n significant effects or critic | al hazards. | | | |
| Skin contact | : No knowr | n significant effects or critic | al hazards. | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 16.11.2022 | Date of previous issue | : 16.11.2022 | Version | : 1.01 | 2/10 |

Section 4. First aid measures

| - | | |
|-----|-----|-------|
| 100 | | - |
| Inc | 105 | |
| | | |

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>ns</u> | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Eye contact | No specific data. | |
| Inhalation | No specific data. | |
| Skin contact | No specific data. | |
| Ingestion | No specific data. | |
| Indication of immediate med | al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation | |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Firefigl | nting measures |
|--|---|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ blanket, water spray or mist. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. Do not use inert gas under high pressure (e.g. CO2). |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : No specific fire or explosion hazard. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| | Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

mode.

| Personal precautions, protect | tiv | e equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
|------------------------------|------|---|
| Methods and material for con | itai | nment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Dust Limit : 10 mg/m³ (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m³ (TWA of respirable)

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-------------------------|--|
| None. | |
| Appropriate engineering | : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker |

exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

| | ure controls and personal protection |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measured | <u>ires</u> |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| | There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemica damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied areas areas and and and and and and and and and and |
| Body protection | applied once exposure has occurred. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|------|
| Physical state | : Solid. Pov | vder. | | | |
| Colour | : Various. | | | | |
| Odour | : Odourless | S. | | | |
| Odour threshold | : Not applic | cable. | | | |
| рН | : Not applic | cable. | | | |
| Melting point | : 85 - 115 ° | C | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 16.11.2022 | Date of previous issue | : 16.11.2022 | Version : 1.01 | 5/10 |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Boiling point | : Not applicable. |
|------------------------------|---|
| Flash point | : Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | : Not applicable. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. |
| | |
| | |
| Lower explosion limit (dust) | : 30 g/m³ (EN 14034-3) |
| Minimum ignition energy (mJ) | : 10 - 30 (EN 13821) |
| Vapour pressure | : Not applicable. |
| Vapour density | : Not applicable. |
| Relative density | : 1.2 to 1.9 g/cm ³ (ISO 8130-2/-3) |
| Solubility | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Partition coefficient: n- | : Not applicable. |
| octanol/water | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : >400°C |
| Decomposition temperature | : >250°C (>482°F) |
| Viscosity | : Not applicable. |
| | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| | Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. |
| | To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. |
| | Prevent dust accumulation. |
| Incompatible materials | : Not applicable. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |
| | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from shortterm and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Caprolactam is classified as hazardous to human health and the toxicity effects are described by the following hazard statements: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled (H302 + H332), Causes skin irritation (H315), Causes serious eye irritation (H319), May cause respiratory irritation (H335).

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Cyclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl) -1,3,3-trimethyl-, homopolymer, caprolactam-blocked | Category 1 | inhalation | - |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | 4 | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | 1 | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effects | | |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 16.11.2022 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| General | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|------------------------------|---|
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Inhalation (vapours) | 747.81 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

| Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
|---|---|
| Other adverse effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers |
|------------------|---|
| | material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

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Section 14. Transport information

| | ADG | ADR/RID | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | - | - | - |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG or ICAO/IATA).

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AIIC) : Not determined.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
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| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 16.11.2022 |
| Date of previous issue | : 16.11.2022 |
| Version | : 1.01 |
| Key to abbreviations | : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons UN = United Nations |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--------------------|
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 | Calculation method |

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.