Conforms to regulation No. 30105, Turkey KKDIK, Annex 2

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Jotun Facade 2480 FTX

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotun Facade 2480 FTX
Product code	: 50982
Product type	: Powder coating.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

JOTUN BOYA SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş. Çerkezköy Organize Sanayi Şubesi G.O.P MAHALLESI ULUSOY CAD. NO. 8 CERKEZKOY 59500 TEKIRDAG TURKEY

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Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com Original preparation date : 02.01.2024

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

### **National Poison Information Center**

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the subs	taı	nce or mixture
Product definition	1	Mixture
Classification according to Not classified.	reç	<u>julation SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330</u>
•		nazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330. The H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detai	lec	l information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements		
Signal word	1	No signal word.
Hazard statements	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	1	Not applicable.
Response	1	Not applicable.
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Safety data sheet available on request.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре
barium sulfate	EC: 231-784-4 CAS: 7727-43-7	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	[1]
titanium dioxide	EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	co	entainment and cleaning up
Small spill	1	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). **Protective measures** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is Advice on general occupational hygiene handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

cific : Not available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Dust Limit : 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA of respirable)

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<mark>ቓ</mark> arium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
titanium dioxide	EU OEL (Europe).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

# Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
barium sulfate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	13000 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	28 µg/m³́	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	170 µg/m³	Workers	Local

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls
 Appropriate engineering controls
 Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
 Individual protection measures
 Hygiene measures
 Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses wit side-shields.         Skin protection       • There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breaktbrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glow material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)         For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product.         Body protection       : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.         Other skin protection       : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be aperoproved by a specialist before handling this product.         The user must check that the final choice of type of glove	•	
Hand protection: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrie creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risk involved and should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be appropriate tondwar and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Body protection: Based on the hazdr and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate tondure credition. Respirators must be used according t	Eye/face protection	unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with
<ul> <li>resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.75 mm), neoprene (&gt; 0.35 mm), PVC (&gt; 0.5 mm)</li> <li>For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistance and time of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.</li> <li>Body protection</li> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.</li> <li>Environmental exposure Environmental exposure Environmental exposure Controls<td>Skin protection</td><td></td></li></ul>	Skin protection	
Body protectionPersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Other skin protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Respiratory protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.	Hand protection	resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)
<ul> <li>Body protection</li> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Other skin protection</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Respiratory protection</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.</li> <li>Environmental exposure controls</li> </ul>		penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of
<ul> <li>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.</li> <li>Environmental exposure controls</li> </ul>	Body protection	being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist
<ul> <li>appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importar aspects of use.</li> <li>Environmental exposure controls</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.</li> </ul>	Other skin protection	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
controls ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.	Respiratory protection	respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important
equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. Powder.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
Melting point (dust)	: 85 - 115 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Lower explosion limit (dust)	: 30 g/m <sup>3</sup>
	-

Date of revision

Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	10 - 30 (EN 13821)	
Flash point		
	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	> 400°C	
Decomposition temperature	>230°C	
рН	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	Not applicable.	
Solubility(ies)		
Media	Result	
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.	
	Not applicable.	
Density	1.2 to 1.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Vapour density	Not applicable.	
Explosive properties	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	Not available.	

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1 Reactivity	ne dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.		
10.2 Chemical stability	ne product is stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will no	t occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	roid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources opark or flame).	of ignition	
	ke precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.		
	avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ea nding containers and equipment before transferring material.	arthing and	
	event dust accumulation.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	o specific data.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition p ould not be produced.	products	

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

1	1.1 Information on toxicolog	jical effects				
	Acute toxicity					
	<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.				
	Acute toxicity estimates					
	N/A					
	Irritation/Corrosion					
	Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
<u>Sensitisation</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	÷	Not available.
Mutagenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	÷	Not available.
Carcinogenicity		AL 6
Conclusion/Summary	÷	Not available.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	÷	Not available.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary		Not available.
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	<u>y (</u>	<u>single exposure)</u>
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	t <b>y (</b>	repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard		
Not available.		
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	3	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
	:ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects		Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	-	Not available.
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Date of revision		: 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 02.01.2024 Ver

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **Other information**

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as a hazardous waste, as defined by regulation on waste management.
<u>Waste list</u>	

Waste code	Waste code definition
08 02 01	waste coating powders

#### **Packaging**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Date of revision

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### **Special precautions**

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers ż or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

•						
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-		
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.		

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to IMO	
instruments	

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex 14

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex 17 - Restrictions** : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

### **Ozone depleting substances**

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is not controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

### **EU regulations**

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation **Annex XIV** 

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)
Not listed.
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement
-	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to derive	e the classification according to regulation SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330

Not classified.

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Not applicable.

### Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

Not applicable.

Date of printing Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 22.02.2024 : 22.02.2024
Date of previous issue	: 02.01.2024
Version	: 1.01
Date of revision	: 22.02.2024

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Contact information of certified author

Responsible Person: Deren Ercan Mail Address: deren.metiner@jotun.com Certificate No: LONCA KDU81/2021.26 Certificate Expiration Date: 14.10.2026

### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.