## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## **Jotafloor Screed Primer Comp B**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotafloor Screed Primer Comp B

Product code : 493
Product description : Hardener.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 1/15

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard statements** 

: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(kidneys)

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General

: Not applicable.

**Prevention** 

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective

clothing.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response

: P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER

or physician.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage** 

: P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** 

: formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated

3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

articles

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 2/15

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	EC: 603-894-6 CAS: 135108-88-2	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	REACH #: 01-2119487919-13 EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

**Eye contact** 

Inhalation

**Skin contact** 

**Protection of first-aiders** 

Ingestion

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In a

: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

- : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 3/15

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

products

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 4/15

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

## Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 5/15 Date of previous issue

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

: Not available. Recommendations **Industrial sector specific** : Not available.

solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	<b>Population</b>	Effects
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Long term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Inhalation	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	90 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Dermal	47 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	9.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Dermal	28.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	5.7 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	8.11 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	Short term	40.55 mg/	General	Systemic

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16.10.2018 6/15 : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue Version : 2

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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	Inhalation	m³	population [Consumers]	
	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	- , 5.55
	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	*
	Long term	5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	-
	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	Long term	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation Short term	27 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		-
	Short term	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
2.6. diazagatanathulanadiamin	Inhalation	5200 m =/	Workers	Systemia
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Short term Inhalation	5380 mg/ m³	vvoikeis	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	0.028 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		4000	[Consumers]	
	Short term	1600 mg/	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	m³	population [Consumers]	
	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	Chort term Oral	bw/day	population	Cystollio
		<i></i> -	[Consumers]	
	Short term Dermal	1 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General	Local
		_	population [Consumers]	
	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
		0.00 / 0	[Consumers]	
	Long term	0.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population [Consumers]	
	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/	General	Systemic
	Long tomi Orai	kg bw/day	population	3,3(3)1113
	Long term Dermal	0.43 mg/	[Consumers] General	Local
	Long tomi Demia	cm <sup>2</sup>	population	Local
			[Consumers]	
PNECo				

**PNECs** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 7/15

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	39 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Fresh water	190 µg/l	-
	Marine	38 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	4.25 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	95.9 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	19.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	19.1 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	0.18 mg/kg	-

## 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

## **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection Gloves

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H, Teflon, Viton®

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber, neoprene, butyl rubber, Trellchen HPS

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue :16.10.2018 Version : 2 8/15

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-

temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be Other skin protection

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a Respiratory protection

> respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use

of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Colour : Various colours. **Odour** : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** Not applicable. pН : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average:

228.16°C (442.7°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 218°C

0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate **Evaporation rate** 

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or : 1.1 - 13%

explosive limits

Vapour pressure

Highest known value: 0.007 kPa (0.05 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (benzyl alcohol).

Weighted average: 0.003 kPa (0.02 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 5.04 (Air = 1) (3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin). Weighted

average: 3.77 (Air = 1)

**Density** 1.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 337.78°C (640°F) (3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin).

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s) **Viscosity** 

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 9/15 Date of previous issue

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity
- : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
- 10.3 Possibility of
- : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- hazardous reactions
- Ç ,

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials
- : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
- : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Mouse	1230 mg/kg 1600 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	38.5 mg/kg	-

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapours)	796.56 mg/kg 62429.06 mg/kg 34.38 mg/l

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	49 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	490 milligrams	-

## **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 10/15

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Reproductive toxicity

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** 

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	Oral	kidneys

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information : None identified.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Acute LC50 33900 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-		Readily Not readily

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
formaldehyde, polymer with		209 to 219	low
benzenamine, hydrogenated benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 11/15 : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

: Yes.

**Disposal considerations** 

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information, contact your local waste authority.

# European waste catalogue (EWC)

: 08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## **Disposal considerations**

Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

## **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated)
14.3 Transport nazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 12/15

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

# Jotafloor Screed Primer Comp B SECTION 14: Transport information 14.5 Environmental No. No. No. No.

## **Additional information**

hazards

ADR/RID : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 80

Tunnel code (E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-A, S-B

Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis

14.6 Special precautions for

ıser

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern** 

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not available.

**Europe inventory** : At least one component is not listed.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**National regulations** 

**Industrial** use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety

legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply

to the use of this product at work.

## **International regulations**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 13/15

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

## Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

## **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## 15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method	
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Calculation method	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys)	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method	

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373 (oral)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 14/15

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 4, H302
Acute Tox. 4, H312
Acute Tox. 4, H312
Acute Tox. 4, H332
Acute Tox. 4, H332
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Eye Dam. 1, H318

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Corr. 1B, H314

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

Skin Corr. 1C, H314

Skin Corr. 1C, H317

Skin Corr. 1C, H314

Skin Corr. 1C, H317

Skin Corr

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral)

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE (oral) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

Date of printing : 09.10.2020 Date of issue/ Date of : 09.10.2020

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Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018

Version : 2

#### **Notice to reader**

**STOT RE 2, H373** 

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 09.10.2020 Date of previous issue : 16.10.2018 Version : 2 15/15