

Jotafloor EP Coating Comp A

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	1	Jotafloor
Other means of identification	:	Not availa
Product code	:	47884
Product description	:	Paint.
Product type	1	Liquid.

or EP Coating Comp A lable.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Use in coatings - Industrial use	
Use in coatings - Professional use	

Manufacturing country	: Jotun Thailand Limited 700/353 Amata Nakorn Industrial Estate (BIP 2) Moo 6, Tumbol Donhualoh, Amphur Muang Chonburi Chonburi 20000 Thailand
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	 H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	P391 - Collect spillage.	
	P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
	P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
	P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	
	P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attentio	on.
	P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several n	ninutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
	P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, region national and international regulations.	nal,
Other herende which de ret		

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	: Not applicable.		
EC number	: Mixture.		
Product code	: 47884		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkylo maleic anhydride	xy)methyl]derivs	≥25 - ≤50 ≤3 ≤0.1	1675-54-3 68609-97-2 108-31-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First al		
Ingestion	swa drini indu the atte mou mou	sh out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been llowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to k. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not ice vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical intion if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by the to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get lical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/et	<u>ects, acut</u>	e and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: Cau	ses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No l	nown significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Cau	ses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No l	known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>oms</u>	
Eye contact	pain	erse symptoms may include the following: or irritation ering ness
Inhalation	: No s	specific data.
Skin contact	: Adv irrita redr	
Ingestion	: No s	specific data.
Indication of immediate med	cal attenti	on and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician		at symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large ntities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No s	specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	may	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. sh contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

gloves.

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishin Unsuitable extinguis media	•	extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. nown.	
Specific hazards arisi the chemical	This ma contam	or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the contain aterial is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire w inated with this material must be contained and prevented ged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	vater
Hazardous thermal decomposition prod	ucts carbon carbon haloger	position products may include the following materials: dioxide monoxide nated compounds xide/oxides	
Special protective ac fire-fighters	there is	ly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinit a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk e training.	
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Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
Ũ	mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protectiv	<u>/e equipment and emergency procedures</u>
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
 Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible

ng any incompatibilities from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
maleic anhydride	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

: 19.04.2023

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
		Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
		Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm)
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection		Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	1	Various
Odour	1	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not applicable.
Boiling point	:	Lowest known value: >260°C (>500°F)(epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)).
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not applicable.
Burning rate	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 2e-005 kPa (0.0001 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs). Weighted average: 1e-006 kPa (8e-006 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	1	Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)).
Relative density	1	1.731 to 1.796 g/cm ³
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
SADT	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	 Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rabbit Mouse Rat	20 g/kg 15600 mg/kg 17100 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 µl	-
maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
maleic anhydride	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	- 3 7	Route of exposure	Target organs
maleic anhydride	Category 1 Category 2	inhalation	respiratory system

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Potential chronic health eff	ects	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
maleic anhydride	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
	Acute LC50 230 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	2.64 to 3.78 3.77		low low
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

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: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Other adverse effects
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: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	
Packing group	Ш	111	111	
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.	

Transport in bulk according to : Not available. IMO instruments

Section 14. Transport information

AD	R /	RI	D
	× /	1.71	-

÷. Tunnel restriction code: (-)

Hazard identification number: 90

Section 15. Regulatory information

Hazardous Substance Act B.E. 2535 (1992)		
<u>Type</u>		
Ingredient name	Туре	

Ingredient name

Authority

Conditions

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	:	19.04.2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	19.04.2023
Date of previous issue	:	18.01.2021
Version	:	1.02
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
References	:	Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.