# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

identification

Product name : Guard Endure E S T

Product code : 47583

Product type : Powder coating.

Other means of : Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S
P.O.Box 2021
NA ROVNEM 866
3202 Sandefjord
Norway
JOTUN CZECH a.s.
NA ROVNEM 866
400 04 TRMICE
CZECH REPUBLIC

Tel: +47 33 45 70 00

Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 Phone : + 420 477 828 969 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no Fax.: + 420 477 828 962 sdsjotun@jotun.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

### **National advisory body/Poison Centre**

Telephone number : Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

**Supplier** 

Telephone number : +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements** : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H340 - May cause genetic defects.

**Precautionary statements** 

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

**Response** : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: EUH212 - Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not

breathe dust.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

**Special packaging requirements** 

**Containers to be fitted** 

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do

not result in classification

: None known.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
barium sulfate	EC: 231-784-4 CAS: 7727-43-7	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	[2]
alumina	REACH #: 01-2119529248-35 EC: 215-691-6 CAS: 1344-28-1	≤10	Not classified.	[2]
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1h,3h,5h)- trione	REACH #: 01-2119449817-25 EC: 219-514-3 CAS: 2451-62-9 Index: 615-021-00-6	<5	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 1B, H340 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤3	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [2] [*]

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Guard Endure E S T	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
SECTION 3: Composi	tion/information on ing	redients	
	Index: 022-006-00-2	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### **Eye contact**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

### **Skin contact**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Toxicological results of tests made on mixtures containing TGIC showed Acute toxicity: LD50 (oral), 16g/kg body weight, LC50 (inhalation) > 11g/m<sup>3</sup>

Sensitisation: Can provoke contact allergic reactions in humans

Mutagenicity: Ames test: negative

Chromosomal aberration test in mouse spermatogonial assay: positive

Dominant lethal assay: negative

Caprolactam is classified as hazardous to human health and the toxicity effects are described by the following hazard statements: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled (H302 + H332), Causes skin irritation (H315), Causes serious eye irritation (H319), May cause respiratory irritation (H335).

Contains 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione. May produce an allergic reaction.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub> blanket, water spray or mist.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

: Do not use water jet.

media

Do not use inert gas under high pressure (e.g. CO2).

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Dust Limit: 10 mg/m³ (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m³ (TWA of respirable)

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
	•
barium sulfate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
alumina	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [aluminium
	oxides]
	TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [triglycidyl
(1h,3h,5h)-trione	isocyanurate]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total inhalable

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
barium sulfate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	13000 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
alumina	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15.63 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.29 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

<u> </u>	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.32 mg/	General	Systemic
		201.9 101 01	kg bw/day	population	- y - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
	DNEL	Long term	3 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	. <b>J</b> .		
	DNEL	Long term	3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	3		
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)	DMEL	Short term	0.002 mg/	General	Systemic
-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1h,3h,5h)-trione		Inhalation	m³	population	
,	DMEL	Long term	0.005 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	-
	DNEL	Short term	0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.016 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.04 mg/	General	Local
			cm <sup>2</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.043 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.043 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DMEL	Short term	0.052 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DAAEI	Inhalation	m³	<b>14</b>	0
	DMEL	Long term	0.052 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	האבו	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	0	0
	DMEL	Short term Oral	0.096 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNIEL	Chart tarm	kg bw/day	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.16 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEL	CHOIL CHIII DEIIIIAI	kg bw/day	AAOIVOIS	Gysterrite
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.43 mg/	Workers	Local
	DINCL	Chort term Dermai	cm <sup>2</sup>	VVOINGIS	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.43 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	5.422	Long tom Domai	kg bw/day	110.1010	2,01011110
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term	28 µg/m³	General	Local
	<u></u>	Inhalation	F.B,	population	
	DNEL	Long term	170 μg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	- F-3		
		<u> </u>			

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
alumina		74.9 µg/l 20 mg/l	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Skin protection**

### **Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### **Gloves**

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. (FFP2 / N95).

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Solid. Powder.

Colour : Various

Odour : Odourless.

Odour threshold : Not applicable.

Melting point (dust) : 85 - 115 °C

Initial boiling point and : Not applicable.

boiling range

Flammability : Not applicable.

Lower explosion limit (dust) : 30 g/m³ (EN 14034-3)

Minimum ignition energy (mJ) : 10 - 30 (EN 13821)

Flash point : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : > 400°C **Decomposition temperature** : >250°C

pH : Not applicable.Viscosity : Not applicable.

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure: Not applicable.Evaporation rate: Not applicable.Density: 1.2 to 1.9 g/cm³Vapour density: Not applicable.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition

(spark or flame).

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and

bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

Prevent dust accumulation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Not applicable.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Toxicological results of tests made on mixtures containing TGIC showed Acute toxicity: LD50 (oral), 16g/kg body weight, LC50 (inhalation) > 11g/m<sup>3</sup>

Sensitisation: Can provoke contact allergic reactions in humans

Mutagenicity: Ames test: negative

Chromosomal aberration test in mouse spermatogonial assay: positive

Dominant lethal assay: negative

Caprolactam is classified as hazardous to human health and the toxicity effects are described by the following hazard statements: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled (H302 + H332), Causes skin irritation (H315), Causes serious eye irritation (H319), May cause respiratory irritation (H335).

Contains 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Acute toxicity** 

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	LD50 Oral	Rat	138 mg/kg	-

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Guard Endure E S T 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1h,3h, 5h)-trione		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	75.1 3	N/A N/A

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

### **Mutagenicity**

May cause genetic defects.

### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Other information : None identified.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Coating powder residues should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses or be deposited where they could affect ground or surface waters.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	-0.8	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

Yes.

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue	
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

### Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

### **Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name		Reference number	Date of revision
Mutagen	1,3,5-tris(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4,6-trione	Candidate	ED/87/2012	18.06.2012

### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

### **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	triglycidyl isocyanurate; 1,3,5-triglycidyl isocyanurate; TGIC	Carc.	-

#### **EU** regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - : Not listed

Air

Industrial emissions

: Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

### **International regulations**

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
Muta. 1B, H340	Calculation method	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3** 

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 3

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** Carc. 2

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Muta. 1B GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

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**Notice to reader** 

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

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