SAFETY DATA SHEET



Guard Edge B (C100)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Guard Edge B (C100)
Product code	: 46391
Product type	: Powder coating.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

JOTUN BOYA SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş. Çerkezköy Organize Sanayi Şubesi G.O.P MAHALLESI ULUSOY CAD. NO. 8 CERKEZKOY 59500 TEKIRDAG TURKEY

Phone: + 90 282 726 8070 Fax: + 90 282 726 8073 sdsjotun@jotun.com

Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com Original preparation date : 02.01.2024

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Poison Information Center

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2	Label	elements	

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Warning.
Hazard statements	:	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	4	Not applicable.
Prevention	-	P280 - Wear protective gloves. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing dust.
Response	:	 P391 - Collect spillage. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	4	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	4	zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide
Supplemental label elements	1	Not applicable.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	er	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	;	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре
barium sulfate	EC: 231-784-4 CAS: 7727-43-7	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	[2]
benzene- 1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylic acid, compound with 4,5-dihydro- 2-phenyl-1H-imidazole (1:1)	EC: 259-224-4 CAS: 54553-90-1	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
titanium dioxide	EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Not classified.	[2]
copper	EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide	EC: 205-840-3 CAS: 155-04-4	≤3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
3,9-bis(2,4-di-tert- butylphenoxy) -2,4,8,10-tetraoxa- 3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5] undecane	EC: 247-952-5 CAS: 26741-53-7	≤1	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>15</u>
Eye contact :	No specific data.
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion :	No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
		Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Dust Limit : 10 mg/m 3 (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m 3 (TWA of respirable)

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
<mark>∌</mark> arium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).			
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction			
titanium dioxide	EU OEL (Europe).			
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
copper	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [copper dusts and mists]			
	Notes: as Cu			
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and mists			
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [copper fume]			
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume			

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
barium sulfate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	13000 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
benzene-1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylic acid	I, DNEL	Long term Oral	0.272 mg/	General	Systemic
te of revision : 22	02.2024	Original preparation date	: 02.01.2	024 V	ersion : 1.01 6/1

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

compound with 4,5-dihydro-			kg bw/day	population	
2-phenyl-1H-imidazole (1:1)					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.272 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.473 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.544 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.92 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	28 µg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	170 µg/m³	Workers	Local
copper	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
3,9-bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenoxy) -2,4,8,10-tetraoxa- 3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.39 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.39 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.68 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.78 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.75 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Individual protection measured	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Date of revision		: 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 02.01.2024 Version : 1.01 7/16

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Solid. Powder.
Colour	: Various.
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
Melting point (dust)	: 85 - 115 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Lower explosion limit (dust)	: 30 g/m ³
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 10 - 30 (EN 13821)
Flash point	:
Auto ignition townshire	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 400°C

SECTION 9:	Physical and	I chemical	properties

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Decomposition temperature	: >230°C
рН	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable.
	Not applicable.
Density	: 1.2 to 1.9 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	-	
10.1 Reactivity	1	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.2 Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
		Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
		To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.
		Prevent dust accumulation.
10.5 Incompatible materials	1	No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzene- 1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylic acid, compound with 4,5-dihydro- 2-phenyl-1H-imidazole (1:1)	LD50 Oral	Rat	7400 mg/kg	-
zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide	LD50 Oral	Rat	540 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

•		-			
Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Guard Edge B (C100) 1,2,4,5-benzenetetracarboxylic acid, compd. with 4,5-dihydro-2-phenyl-1h-imidazole (1:1)	20982.6 7400	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
copper	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide 3,9-bis(2,4-di-tert- butylphenoxy) -2,4,8,10-tetraoxa- 3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5] undecane	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Human Rabbit	-	72 hours 0.5 Grams	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Teratogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicit	t <mark>y (single exposu</mark>	<u>re)</u>	
Not available.			
Specific target organ toxicit	v (repeated expo	sure)	
Not available.			
Aspiration hazard			
Not available.			
nformation on likely routes f exposure	: Not available.		
otential acute health effects	<u>)</u>		
Eye contact	: No known sigr	nificant effects or critical haz	zards.
Inhalation	: No known sigr	nificant effects or critical haz	zards.
Skin contact	: May cause an	allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known sigr	nificant effects or critical haz	zards.
	sical. chemical a	nd toxicological character	r <u>istics</u>
<u>ymptoms related to the phy</u>			
ymptoms related to the phy Eye contact	: No specific da	ta.	

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute EC50 9 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Supplicatus	
Acute EC50 125 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.64 mg/l	Algae	-
Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
Acute IC50 13 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae -	72 hours
Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours
Acute LC50 7.56 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.64 mg/l Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water Acute IC50 13 µg/l Fresh water Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Chronic NOEC 0.64 mg/l Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh waterAlgae Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - NeonateAcute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia pulex - NeonateAcute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine waterFish - Fundulus heteroclitusAcute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh waterAquatic plants - Lemna minor Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)Acute IC50 13 µg/l Fresh waterAlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phaseAcute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine waterAquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phaseAcute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine waterCrustaceans - Amphipoda - AdultAcute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine waterFish - Periophthalmus waltoni - AdultChronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine waterAlgae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum

SECTION 12: Ecological information

		demersum	
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks
zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide	Acute EC50 0.71 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.73 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.041 mg/l	Fish	89 days
3,9-bis(2,4-di-tert- butylphenoxy) -2,4,8,10-tetraoxa- 3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5] undecane	Acute EC10 15.4 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 97 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 70.7 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
benzene- 1,2,4,5-tetracarboxylic acid, compound with 4,5-dihydro-	1	-	low
2-phenyl-1H-imidazole (1:1) zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide	5.02	<8	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Yes. ÷

Guard Edge B (C100)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste list	
Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be
	taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out.
	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of
	spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc di (benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc di (benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc di (benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide). Marine pollutant (copper, zinc di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc di (benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9		9
14.4 Packing group		111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional informa	<u>ition</u>	1		1
ADR/RID	L or ≤5 k 4.1.1.2 a	g, provided the packagin nd 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. dentification number 90	dangerous good when to gs meet the general prov 0	
ADN	L or ≤5 k		dangerous good when to gs meet the general prov	
IMDG	L or ≤5 k 4.1.1.2 a		dangerous good when to gs meet the general prov	
ΙΑΤΑ	 This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 			

5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for

packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

Marking

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not available.
according to IMO	
instruments	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK</u>

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex 14

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

Danger criteria

Cate	gory	

E1

EU regulations

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Listed

Date of revision

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

 Abbreviations and acronyms
 : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

 EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement

 N/A = Not available

 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

 SGG = Segregation Group

 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification	
	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Harmful if swallowed.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Skin Sens. 1	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
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SECTION 16: Other information

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Contact information of certified author

Responsible Person: Deren Ercan Mail Address: deren.metiner@jotun.com Certificate No: LONCA KDU81/2021.26 Certificate Expiration Date: 14.10.2026

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.