SAFETY DATA SHEET



Marine Emulsion White

Section 1. Identification	ation	
GHS product identifier	: Marine Emulsion White	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product code	: 4480	
Product description	: Waterborne paint.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Identified uses		
Identified uses		
Use in coatings - Industrial use		
Use in coatings - Professional	use	
Manufacturing country	: Jotun (Cambodia) Limited Oval Office Tower – 18th floor, Street 360 (corner Norodom Boulevard), Sangkat Boeung Keng Kang I Khan Chamkarmon, Phnom Penh, Cambodia.	

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Warning.	
Hazard statements	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves.	
Response	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs Get medical attention.	:
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.	

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
EC number	:	Mixture.
Product code	:	4480

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated	<0.25	68920-66-1
5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one/ 2-methyl-4-isothiazol (CIT/MIT)	<0.01	55965-84-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>s</u>
: No specific data.
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burs	it.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incid there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	lent if
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	Э

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmenta pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and material for cont	<u>ment and cleaning up</u>	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and more up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a	

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
	Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters		
Occupational exposure limits		
None.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove
	material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Colour	: White.	
Odour	: Characteristic.	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point	: 0	
Boiling point	: Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water).	
Flash point	: Not available.	
Burning time	: Not applicable.	
Burning rate	: Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	: 0.36 (water) compared with butyl acetate	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 3.2 kPa (23.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (water).	
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	Not available.	
Relative density	1.528 g/cm ³	
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
SADT	Not available.	
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
: The product is stable.
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
: No specific data.
 Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one/ 2-methyl-4-isothiazol (CIT/ MIT)	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitisation

Not available.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

<u>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</u> Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure	;	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physic	<u>cal</u> .	chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects	<u>as</u>	s well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effect	<u>.s</u>	
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		
Acute toxicity estimates		

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one/ 2-methyl-4-isothiazol (CIT/ MIT)	Acute EC50 0.027 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.19 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
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Section 12. Ecological information					
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l	Fish	14 days		

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one/ 2-methyl-4-isothiazol (CIT/ MIT)	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated	4.2	-	high

Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Additional information	-	-	-

Transport in bulk according to : Not available. Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code ADR / RID

Section 15. Regulatory information

Hazardous Substance Act B.E. 2535 (1992)	1		
<u>Type</u>			
Ingredient name formaldehyde; methanal	<u>Type</u> 2	<u>Authority</u> Department of Fisheries	<u>Conditions</u> In products used for fisheries and aquatic animal farming for the purpose of controlling, preventing, and destroying microorganisms, parasites, plants or other animals
formaldehyde; methanal	2	Department of Industrial Works	Except as a precursor in the manufacture of resins and except the part on responsibility of Department of fisheries

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	:	26.07.2018	
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	26.07.2018	
Date of previous issue	:	No previous validation	
Version	:	1.01	
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations	
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Section 16. Other information

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.