SAFETY DATA SHEET



Safeguard FRC S Comp A

SDS Number: A00319-000000397

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	: 5	Safeguard FRC S Comp A
	Product code	: 4	4642
	Product description	: F	Paint.

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

C.	Manufacturer	:	Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 96, Gwahaksandan 1-ro Gangseo-gu, Busan South Korea Tel: +82 51 797 6000 Fax: +82 51 711 7735 SDSJotun@jotun.com
	Emergency telephone number	1	H.G.LEE Chokwang Jotun Ltd. Tel: +82 51 797 6000

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification ÷ FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 **EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A** This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol



Signal word	:	Warning.
Hazard statements		 ✓226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	 Vear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

 P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
: Not applicable.
 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

С.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification : Mixture : Not available.

Ingredient name	Common name	Identifiers	%
xylene	xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤18
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS: 107-98-2	≥10 - ≤15
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4	≤6.2
titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5
zeolite	zeolite	CAS: 1318-02-1	≤3
iron oxide (fe3o4)	C.I. Pigment Black 11	CAS: 1317-61-9	≤1
diiron trioxide	C.I. Pigment Red 101 (iron (III) oxide)	CAS: 1309-37-1	≤1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
в.	Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of

Section 4. First aid measures

decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

D.	Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO_2 , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Fammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
В.	Environmental precautions	:	Noid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 6. Accidental release measures

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. <u>Precautions for safe handling</u>

	Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
в.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. <u>Control parameters</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Viene	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
1	Date of revision : 11.06.2024

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

В.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
C.	Personal protective equip	omo	<u>ent</u>
	Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
	Eye protection	:	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
	Hand protection		There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon (> 0.35 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
			For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
	Body protection		Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
			Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	1	Liquid.
	Colour	:	Red
В.	Odour	:	Characteristic.
С.	Odour threshold	1	Not applicable.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	:	Not applicable.
F.	Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 130.95°C (267.7°F)
G.	Flash point	:	Closed cup: 24°C
н.	Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.8compared with butyl acetate
П. –	Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)
К.	Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1.02 kPa (7.65 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
L.	Solubility	:	cold waterNot solublehot waterNot soluble
Μ.	Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.51 (Air = 1)
Ν.	Relative density	:	1.019 g/cm ³
O .	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Q.	Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
R.	Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
S.	Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.
De	rticle characteristics		

Particle characteristics Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

A. Information on likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Over expective signal	sumptome

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

B. <u>Health hazards</u>

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
x ylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Classification
5		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
methoxy-2-propanol ethylbenzene	-	- 2B		A4 A3

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ Dermal kg) (mg/kg)		Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)	
Safeguard FRC S Comp A	N/A	5990.4	N/A	44.9	N/A	
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	6600	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A	
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A	

Section 12. Ecological information

A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
x ylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
zeolite	Acute LC50 377.17 mg/l	Daphnia	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 200000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

B. <u>Persistence and degradability</u>

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
x ylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	ingredient name LogPow BCF		Potential	
x ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low	
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low	
zeolite	-	0.59 to 0.95	low	

D. <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
В.	Disposal precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

			UN	IMDG		IATA
A. UN number	UN1263			UN1263		UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	Paint			Paint		Paint
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	•		3		3
D. Packing group	III			Ш		111
E. Environmental hazards	No.			No.		No.
Additional information	tion					1
UN		:	IVIN: Viscous substative viscous substative vis		lass 3, ref. 2.	3.2.5 (only applicable to
			stance. Transport in		with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code	
ADR/RID : Mazard identification number 30 Tunnel code (D/E) ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only application receptacles < 450 litre capacity).			ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to			
F. Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed con upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product kn the event of an accident or spillage.						
Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments						

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA						
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.				
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.				
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	Not applicable.				
	Exposure Limits of Chem	sure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors					
	The following components have an OEL: Xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol ethylbenzene						

	control regul	u t	
	Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)		None of the components are listed.
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, titanium dioxide, aluminum and its compounds, iron oxide
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene, Aluminum and its compounds, Iron oxide (dust, fume)
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene, titanium dioxide, aluminum and its compounds
В.	Regulation according to	<u>Ch</u>	emicals Control Act
	AREC Article 17 (TRI)	1	The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene, Aluminium and its compounds
	AREC Article 32 (Banned)	1	None of the components are listed.
	Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.
	AREC Toxic chemicals	:	Not applicable
	AREC Article 32 (Restricted)	:	None of the components are listed.
	CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Existing Chemical Substances Subject to Registration	:	The following components are listed: Xylene
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
D.	Wastes regulation	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Ε.	Regulation according to	<u>oth</u>	er foreign laws
	International regulations		
	Chemical Weapon Conv Not listed.	<u>en</u>	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
	Montreal Protocol Not listed.		
	Stockholm Convention of Not listed.	<u>on</u>	Persistent Organic Pollutants
	Rotterdam Convention of	<u>on</u>	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

A. Referen	Ces	 Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX
B. Date of	issue	: 25.01.2022
Date of	revision	: 11.06.2024
C. Version		: 3
Date of	printing	: 11.06.2024
D. Other		
Indicates	information that h	as changed from previously issued version.
Key to a	abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.