# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Jotun Inhibitive Oil

| Section 1. Identi  | fication  |
|--|---|
| GHS product identifier                                     | : Jotun Inhibitive Oil  |
| Product code   | : 4400  |
| Other means of identification                              | : Not available.  |
| Product type   | : Liquid.   |
| Product description  | : Paint.  |
|  | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against   |
| Use in coatings - Industria                                | al use  |
| Supplier's details   | <ul> <li>: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司<br/>江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634<br/>电话: +86 512 58937988<br/>传真: +86 512 58937986</li> <li>Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd<br/>No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park,<br/>Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634<br/>Tel: +86 512 58937988<br/>Fax: +86 512 58937986</li> <li>Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23<br/>40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan<br/>Malaysia<br/>Tel: +603 51235500<br/>Fax: +603 51235509</li> </ul> |
|  | SDSJotun@jotun.com  |
| Emergency telephone<br>number (with hours of<br>operation) | : Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061   |
| Section 2. Hazar   | ds identification   |
| Classification of the                                      | ELAMMARIELIOUIDS Category 3   |

| Classification of the substance or mixture     | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -<br/>Category 3<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1<br/>AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2</li> </ul> |
|--|--|
| <u>GHS label elements</u><br>Hazard pictograms |  |
| Signal word                                    | : Danger.  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision                 | : 14.08.2023 Date of previous issue : 18.07.2023 Version : 1.02 1/13   |

# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements          | <ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul> |
|----------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements   |   |
| Prevention                 | <ul> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> </ul>   |
| Response                   | <ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> </ul>   |
| Storage                    | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.<br>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.  |
| Disposal                   | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Other hazards which do not | : None known.   |

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture        |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of    | : Not available. |
| identification    |                  |

| Product name  | % (w/w)   | CAS number | Туре       |
|---|-----------|------------|------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | ≥25 - ≤50 | 64742-82-1 | [1] [2]    |
| xylene  | <10       | 1330-20-7  | [1] [2]    |
| ethylbenzene  | ≤3        | 100-41-4   | [1] [2]    |
| 产品名称  | % (w/w)   | CAS号码      | 类型         |
| 加氢的石油磺化重石脑油 小于0.1% 苯  | ≥25 - ≤50 | 64742-82-1 | [1]<br>[2] |
| 二甲苯   | <10       | 1330-20-7  | [1]<br>[2] |
| 乙苯  | ≤3        | 100-41-4   | [1]<br>[2] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Eye contact                                 | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.   |  |
| Inhalation                                  | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular<br>or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained<br>personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth<br>resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband. |  |
| Skin contact                                | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |  |
| Ingestion                                   | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been<br>swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,<br>the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical<br>attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by<br>mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get<br>medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such<br>as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.   |  |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effe    | <u>cts</u>  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Eye contact                    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |  |
| Inhalation                     | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  |  |
| Skin contact                   | : Causes mild skin irritation.  |  |
| Ingestion                      | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |  |
| Over-exposure signs/sym        | <u>otoms</u>  |  |
| Eye contact                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |  |
| Inhalation                     | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness   |  |
| Skin contact                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness  |  |
| Ingestion                      | : No specific data.   |  |
| Indication of immediate me     | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |  |
| Notes to physician             | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>   |  |
| Specific treatments            | : No specific treatment.  |  |
| Protection of first-aiders     | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it<br>is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person<br>providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 14.08.2023 Date of previous issue : 18.07.2023 Version : 1.02 3/13  |  |

# Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media                               |  |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                      | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                    | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical        | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long<br>lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and<br>prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products          | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters      | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.   |
| Special protective<br>equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions,<br>protective equipment and<br>emergency procedures | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.   |  |
|---|--|--|
| Environmental precautions<br>Methods and material for co                  | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful<br>to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.  |  |
| Small spill   | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and  |  |
|   | explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br>contractor.  |  |
| Large spill   | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |  |

# Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling                                      |  |
|--|--|
| Protective measures  | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                          | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.   |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits   |
|--|---|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics<br>(2-25%) | TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible<br>workplace exposure standards, allowable<br>concentration (Taiwan, 6/2014).<br>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 656.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. |
| xylene   | TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible<br>workplace exposure standards, allowable<br>concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).<br>STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  |
| ethylbenzene   | TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible<br>workplace exposure standards, allowable<br>concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018).<br>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 542.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Individual protection measu      | <u>res</u>   |
| Respiratory protection           | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.   |
| Hand protection                  | <ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &lt; 1 hour: neoprene (&gt; 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm), PVC (&gt; 0.5 mm)</li> <li>Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (&gt; 0.07 mm), Teflon (&gt; 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (&gt; 0.3 mm)</li> <li>For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul> |
|                                  | The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.  |
| Eye protection                   | : Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.   |
| Body protection                  | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.  |
| Other skin protection            | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| Hygiene measures                 | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location.  |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

| Physical state  | : Liquid.                    |
|---|------------------------------|
| Colour  | : Clear.                     |
| Odour   | : Characteristic.            |
| Odour threshold   | : Not available.             |
| рН  | : Not applicable.            |
| Melting point/freezing point                            | : Not applicable.            |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : Not available.             |
| Flash point   | : Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) |
| Flammability  | : Not available.             |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit      | : 0.8 - 7.6%                 |

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#### Vapour pressure

|   | Va           | pour Pressu   | re at 20°C | V     | apour pres | ssure at 50°C |
|---|--------------|---------------|------------|-------|------------|---------------|
| Ingredient name   | mm Hg        | kPa           | Method     | mm Hg | kPa        | Method        |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,<br>isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics<br>(2-25%) | 20.25        | 2.7           |            |       |            |               |
| ethylbenzene  | 9.3          | 1.2           |            |       |            |               |
| xylene  | 6.7          | 0.89          |            |       |            |               |
| Distillates (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated light                                | 0.23 to 0.45 | 0.031 to 0.06 |            |       |            |               |
| 2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol   | 0.01         | 0.0013        |            |       |            |               |

| Relative vapour density |              |  |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|
| Density                 | : 0.95 g/cm³ |  |
| Solubility(ies)         | :            |  |
|                         |              |  |

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|   | Media                   | Result                     |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | cold water<br>hot water | Not soluble<br>Not soluble |
| _ |                         |                            |

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

#### octanol/water

#### Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name   | °C                 | °F                  | Method |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light                             | >220               | >428                |        |
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | 280 to 470         | 536 to 878          |        |
| xylene  | 432                | 809.6               |        |
| ethylbenzene  | 432.22             | 810                 |        |
| Decomposition temperature : Not availab                                 | ble.               | ·                   |        |
| /iscosity : Kinematic   | (40°C (104°F)): >: | 20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 c | St)    |
| Particle characteristics  |                    |                     |        |

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species       | Dose                     | Exposure     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Vapour   | Rat           | 20 mg/l                  | 4 hours      |
|                         | LD50 Oral<br>TDLo Dermal | Rat<br>Rabbit | 4300 mg/kg<br>4300 mg/kg | -            |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Vapour   | Rat - Male    | 17.8 mg/l                | -<br>4 hours |
|                         | LD50 Dermal              | Rabbit        | >5000 mg/kg              | -            |
|                         | LD50 Oral                | Rat           | 3500 mg/kg               | -            |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                       | Species       | Score | Exposure                                   | Observation |
|-------------------------|--|---------------|-------|--|-------------|
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit<br>Rat |       | 87 milligrams<br>8 hours 60<br>microliters | -           |

#### Sensitisation

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| xylene  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | Category 1 | -                 | central nervous<br>system (CNS) |
| ethylbenzene  | Category 2 | -                 | hearing organs                  |

#### Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name   | Result   |
|---|--|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                   |
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene  | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                |
| Skin contact | : Causes mild skin irritation.                      |
| Ingestion    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness  |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.   |

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Short term exposure            |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects      | : Not available.  |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>      |   |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects      | : Not available.  |
| Potential chronic health eff   | ects  |
| Not available.                 |   |
| General                        | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity                | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |
| Mutagenicity                   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |
| Reproductive toxicity          | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | (vapours)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |  |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Jotun Inhibitive Oil    | N/A              | 18333.3           | N/A                            | 20                  | N/A  |  |
| xylene                  | N/A              | 1100              | N/A                            |                     | N/A  |  |
| ethylbenzene            | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                            |                     | N/A  |  |

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                            | Species                      | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%) | Acute EC50 <10 mg/l               | Daphnia                      | 48 hours |
|  | Acute IC50 <10 mg/l               | Algae                        | 72 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 <10 mg/l               | Fish                         | 96 hours |
| xylene   | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes   | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene   | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| -  | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l              | Daphnia                      | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l               | Fish                         | 96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability   |
|--|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%) | -                 | -          | Not readily        |
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene   | -                 |            | Readily<br>Readily |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow      | BCF              | Potential  |
|--|-------------|------------------|------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%) | -           | 10 to 2500       | high       |
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene   | 3.12<br>3.6 | 8.1 to 25.9<br>- | low<br>low |

| <u>Mobility in soil</u>                |   |
|--|---|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available.                                    |
| Other adverse effects                  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

| UN   | IMDG  | IATA  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| UN1263   | UN1263  | UN1263  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paint related material   | Paint related material. Marine<br>pollutant (hydrocarbons,<br>C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,<br>cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)) | Paint related material  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3  |   | 3   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ш  | 111   | Ш   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yes. The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark is<br>not required. | Yes.  | Yes. The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark is<br>not required.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | UN1263<br>Paint related material<br>3<br>Ves. The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark is                            | UN1263     UN1263       Paint related material     Paint related material. Marine pollutant (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%))       3     3       III     III       Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is     Yes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| ADR/RID  | 1 | Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)<br>Hazard identification number: 30  |
|--|---|---|
| IMDG   | 1 | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.<br><b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, <u>S-E</u>   |
| ΙΑΤΑ   | 1 | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  |
| Special precautions for user                   | : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available.  |

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals** Not applicable. **TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals** Not applicable. **OSHA Enforcement Rules** : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": xylene. Article 28 **Organic solvent poisoning** : Type 2 prevention rule Priority management chemicals, Article 2 Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II)) Ingredient name Name on list Concentration ≤10 xylene xylenes International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

|                                    |                | Classification  | Justification   |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---|---|
| Category 3                         | ÕN<br>TO<br>TO | I - Category 3<br>XICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -<br>XICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1  | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |
| References                         | :              | Not available.  |   |
| Organisation that prepared the SDS | :              | Jotun AS, Norway<br>+47 33 45 70 00   |   |
| <u>History</u>                     |                |   |   |
| Date of printing                   | :              | 14.08.2023  |   |
| Date of previous issue             | :              | 18.07.2023  |   |
| Version                            | 1              | 1.02  |   |
| Key to abbreviations               | :              | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classificati<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition of<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevent<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpo<br>N/A = Not available | coefficient<br>ntion of Pollution From Ships,   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision     |                | : 14.08.2023 Date of previous issue : 18.07.2023  | Version : 1.02 12/13  |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 14.08.2023 | Date of previous issue | : 18.07.2023 | Version | :1.02 | 12/1 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|---------|-------|------|
|                                |              |                        |              |         |       |      |

# Section 16. Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.