SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotamastic 90 Alu Comp A

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	: Jotamastic 90 Alu Comp A	
Product code	: 38522	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Product description	: Paint.	
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Use in coatings - Industria	al use	
Use in coatings - Profess	ional use	
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 江苏省张家港保税区扬子江化学工业园长江路15号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986	
	Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd No.15 Changjiang Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Zhangjiagang Free Trade Zone, Jiangsu Province 215634 Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986	
	Jotun Paints (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd, Lot 7 Persiaran Perusahaan, Section 23 40300 SHAH ALAM, Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia Tel: +603 51235500 Fax: +603 51235599	
	SDSJotun@jotun.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Jotun Coatings (Taiwan) Ltd. Co. Tel: +886 2 87705061	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3
	AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHINONIC) - Category 5

GHS label elements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Product name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Туре
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≤14	1675-54-3	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers	≤8.6	67989-52-0	[1]
xylene	≤10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	≤5	71302-83-5	[1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≤5	78-83-1	[1] [2]
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	≤5	68413-24-1	[1]
benzyl alcohol	≤3	100-51-6	[1]
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4	[1] [2]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≤3	68512-30-1	[1]
Phenol, styrenated	≤1.5	61788-44-1	[1]

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

产品名称	% (w/w)	CAS号码	类型
▶ 氧树脂(MW < 700)	≤14	1675-54-3	[1]
C18-不饱和脂肪酸二聚体与4,4'-(1-甲基亚乙 基)联(二)苯酚和氯甲基环氧乙烷的聚合物	≪8.6	67989-52-0	[1]
二甲苯	≤10	1330-20-7	[1] [2]
聚C9不饱和烃	$\leqslant 5$	71302-83-5	[1]
异丁醇	≪5	78-83-1	[1] [2]
坚果壳液与环氧氯丙烷的聚合物	≪5	68413-24-1	[1]
苯甲醇	≪3	100-51-6	[1]
乙苯	≤3	100-41-4	[1] [2]
甲基苯乙烯化苯酚	≤3	68512-30-1	[1]
苯乙烯化苯酚	≤1.5	61788-44-1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	<u>irst aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : No specific data. **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Specific treatments : No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Environmental pressutions	Avoid dispersel of apilt material and runoff and contact with apil, waterwave, draine

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materia	for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
k ylene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). [xylenes] STEL: 542.5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 228 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TW Minstry of Labor, labor permissible workplace exposure standards, allowable concentration (Taiwan, 3/2018). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 542.5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	res	
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Hand protection	:	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm) Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Aluminium, ,Aluminium red toned
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)
Vapour pressure	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
ydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	42.15358	5.6	OECD 104	357.48039	47.7	OECD 104
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	20.25	2.7				
2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	2.5	0.33				
	0.22502 to 0.45004	0.03 to 0.06				
benzyl alcohol	0.05	0.0067				
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	0.00825	0.0011				
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-	0.0082	0.0011				
Phenol, methylstyrenated	0.0075	0.001	OECD 104			
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	0.0038	0.00051	OECD 104			
Phenol, styrenated	0.00075	0.0001				
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	0.00000012	0.000000016				
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	0	0				
talc (non-asbestos form)	0	0				
	0 to 0.00000002	0 to 0.0000000027				
aluminium powder (stabilised)	0	0				
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	0	0				
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				
lative vapour density	: Not ava	lable.				
nsity	: 1.518 to	1.52 g/cm ³				
lubility(ies)	:					
Media	Re	sult				
cold water		t soluble t soluble				

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method		
Prstillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>220	>428			
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	280 to 470	536 to 878			
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	280 to 470	536 to 878			
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	280 to 470	536 to 878	DIN EN 14522		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794		
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	375	707	EU A.15		
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	400	752	DIN 51794		
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	>375	>707	DIN 51794		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	415	779			
Phenol, methylstyrenated	>385	>725	DIN 51794		
xylene	432	809.6			
ethylbenzene	432.22	810			
benzyl alcohol	436	816.8			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	590	1094			
ecomposition temperature : Not availa	ole.				
iscosity : Kinematic	(40°C (104°F)): >2	0.5 mm²/s (>20.5 c	St)		
article characteristics					
Iedian particle size : Not application	able.				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

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2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Phenol, styrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Ofai	Rai	2500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Phenol, styrenated	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Mammal - species unspecified	-	0.1 Mililiters -	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	skin	Mouse	Sensitising	
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
Phenol, styrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>acts</u>
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate	: Not available.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	

Section 11. Toxicological information

- Carcinogenicity
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<mark>⊮</mark> otamastic 90 Alu Comp A	49200.0	17713.4	N/A	103.8	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
,	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Phenol, styrenated	Acute EC50 100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
· · ·	Acute EC50 54 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
poxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd.,	3.627	-	low
polymd.			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low

Mobility in soil

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

			UN	IMDG		ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263		UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	Paint			Paint	Paint	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	•		3	3	
Packing group				111		
Environmental hazards	No.			No.	No.	
Additional informa	<u>ition</u>					
ADR/RID		:	ADR/RID: Viscous s receptacles < 450 li Tunnel restriction co Hazard identification	ode: (D/E)	class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1	.5 (only applicable to
IMDG			Emergency sched			
		Ì	MDG: Viscous sub	stance. Transport in acco eceptacles < 450 litre ca		5 of the IMDG Code
ΙΑΤΑ		:	The environmentally transportation regul	y hazardous substance n ations.	nark may appear if	required by other
Special precaution	s for user	:		iser's premises: always Ensure that persons tran ident or spillage.		
Fransport in bulk a	ccording		Not available.			

Section 14. Transport information

Section 15. Regulatory information

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TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals		
Not applicable.		
TCCSCA List of concerned chemica	<u>als</u>	
Not applicable.		
	is product contains substances "Specially hazardous nethylpropan-1-ol.	s to health": xylene,
Organic solvent poisoning : Typ prevention rule	pe 2	
Priority management chemicals, Art	ticle 2	
CMR chemical substances, catego	bry 1 (Article 2.2 (I)) : Applicable	
Chemical substances possessing	physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))
Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	≤0.1
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convention List	t Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on Persister Not listed.	ent Organic Pollutants	

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATI SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE SKIN SENSITISATION - Cate AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRON	DN - Category 2 IRRITATION - Category 1 gory 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
References	: Not available.	
Organisation that prepared the SDS	: Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 28.05.2024	
Date of previous issue	: 14.08.2023	
Version	: 1.04	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available 	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28.05.2024 Date of previous issue : 14.08.20	23 Version : 1.04 14/15

Section 16. Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.