

Resist 60 Comp B

SDS Number: AA00319-0000000316

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	:	Resist 60 Comp B
	Product code	:	38322
	Product description	:	Hardener.

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Professional use

C.	Manufacturer	:	Chokwang Jotun Ltd. 96, Gwahaksandan 1-ro Gangseo-gu, Busan South Korea Tel: +82 51 797 6000 Fax: +82 51 711 7735 SDSJotun@jotun.com
	Emergency telephone number	:	H.G.LEE Chokwang Jotun Ltd. Tel: +82 51 797 6000

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements **Symbol** •



Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary staten	<u>nents</u>
Prevention	: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

C.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- Not available. •

Ingredient name	Common name	Identifiers	%
zinc	zinc	CAS: 7440-66-6	≥95
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	CAS: 1314-13-2	≤5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
В.	Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
D.	Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Е.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures A. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. media Unsuitable : None known. extinguishing media B. Specific hazards arising : This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water from the chemical contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides decomposition products C. Special protective : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure equipment for firefighters mode. **Special precautions for** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without fire-fighters suitable training. Date of revision : 29.11.2023

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
В.	Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
С.	Methods and material for	<u>cc</u>	ntainment and cleaning up
	Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe han	dlin	g
	Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
В.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
zinc oxide	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust

controls

B. Appropriate engineering : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

6	ection 8. Exposu	ıre	controls/personal protection
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
	Personal protective equi	ipme	<u>ent</u>
	Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
	Eye protection	1	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
	Hand protection	:	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemica damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm)
			For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
			The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Α.	Appearance	
	Physical state	: Solid.
	Colour	: Grey
В.	Odour	: Characteristic.
С.	Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
D.	рН	: Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	: Not applicable.
F.	Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
G.	Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
н.	Evaporation rate	: Not available.

NOT av

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

I.Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits:Not applicable.K.Vapour pressure limits:Not available.L.Solubility:cold water hot water0M.Vapour density ensity:Highest known value: 5.47 (Air = 1) (zinc oxide).N.Relative density octanol/water:Not available.P.Auto-ignition temperature:Not available.Q.Decomposition temperature:Not available.R.Viscosity:Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)S.Molecular weight:Not applicable.				
explosive (flammable) limitsNot available.K. Vapour pressure: Not available.L. Solubility: cold water0M. Vapour density: Highest known value: 5.47 (Air = 1) (zinc oxide).N. Relative density: 7.1 g/cm³O. Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water: Not available.P. Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.Q. Decomposition temperature: Not available.R. Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	Ι.	Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
 L. Solubility cold water 0 hot water 0 M. Vapour density Highest known value: 5.47 (Air = 1) (zinc oxide). N. Relative density 7.1 g/cm³ O. Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Not available. Not available. P. Auto-ignition temperature Q. Decomposition temperature R. Viscosity Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) 	J.	explosive (flammable)	:	Not applicable.
Image: Another	K.	Vapour pressure	1	Not available.
N. Relative density : 7.1 g/cm³ O. Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water : Not available. P. Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable. Q. Decomposition temperature : Not available. R. Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	L.	Solubility	1	
 O. Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water P. Auto-ignition temperature Q. Decomposition temperature R. Viscosity I. Not available. <	Μ.	Vapour density	1	Highest known value: 5.47 (Air = 1) (zinc oxide).
octanol/water P. Auto-ignition temperature Q. Decomposition temperature R. Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	Ν.	Relative density	:	7.1 g/cm³
temperatureQ. Decomposition temperatureR. Viscosity: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	0.		:	Not available.
temperature R. Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	Ρ.	•	:	Not applicable.
	Q.		:	Not available.
S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.	R.	Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
	S.	Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

A. Information on likely : I	Not available.
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routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects					
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Over-exposure signs/symptoms					

Section 11. Toxicological information

: No specific data.

- : No specific data.
- Eye contact
- : No specific data. : No specific data.
- B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
zinc oxide	-	-	-	A4

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc zinc oxide	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc	-	-	Not readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingred	ient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
zinc oxide		-	28960	high

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
в	Disposal precautions	• This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be

Disposal precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
A. UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	
B. UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc). Marine pollutant (zinc, zinc oxide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc)	
Date of revision : 29.11.2				

Section 14. Transport information

C. Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
D. Packing group	111		III
E. Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional informat	ion		
IMDG	 This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F 		

ΙΑΤΑ	: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
ADR/RID	 This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Hazard identification number</u> 90 <u>Special provisions</u> 274 <u>Tunnel code</u> (-)
F. Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Α.	Regulation according to ISHA			
	ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.		
	ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.		
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: Not applicable.		
	Exposure Limits of Chem	ical Substances and Physical Factors		
	The following components zinc oxide	have an OEL:		
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	: None of the components are listed.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: zinc oxide Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	
ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: Zinc oxide Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	
Standard of Industrial : The following components are listed: zinc and its compounds, zinc and its compounds, zinc and its compounds Safety and Health : The following components are listed: zinc and its compounds, zinc and its compounds Annex 12 (Hazardous : Compounds substances subject to control) : Compounds	ts
B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act	
AREC Article 17 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Zinc and its compounds, Zinc and compounds	its
AREC Article 32 : None of the components are listed. (Banned)	
Article 19 Subject to : None of the components are listed. authorization (K-Reach Article 25)	
AREC Toxic chemicals : Not applicable	
AREC Article 32 : None of the components are listed. (Restricted)	
CCA Article 39 : None of the components are listed. (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	
Existing Chemical : The following components are listed: Zinc oxide, Lead, Cadimium Substances Subject to Registration	
C. Dangerous Materials : Not available. Safety Management Act	
D. Wastes regulation: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, and international regulations.	national
E. <u>Regulation according to other foreign laws</u>	
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.	

Section 16. Other information

A. References	 Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX
B. Date of issue	: 25.01.2022
Date of revision	: 29.11.2023
C. Version	: 1.04
Date of printing	: 29.11.2023
D. Other	
Indicates information th	at has changed from previously issued version.
 Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chem IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Sh 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 	
Notice to reader	

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.