SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Jotafix PU Topcoat Comp B
Product code	: 36903
Product description	: Hardener. Paint.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints Inc. 842 W. Sam Houston Parkway North City Center Three, Suite 300 Houston, TX 77024 USA Phone number: +1 (713) 860-8241 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Warning.	
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hea organs) 	iring
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. 	
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 36903

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
hexane, 1,6-diisocyanato-, homopolymer	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - <20	108-65-6
xylene	<10	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	≤0.3	822-06-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	<u>sary first aid measures</u>	
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upp eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse to minutes. Get medical attention. 	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an a or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is in respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by train may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Main airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delay person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	ppropriate mask rregular or if ned personnel. It resuscitation. If unconscious, itain an open n case of
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing a contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wea Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before shoes thoroughly before reuse.	r gloves. e event of any
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Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation	on.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ns</u>	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	No specific data.	

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	E e N a	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	5	f specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	a	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ontai	nment and cleaning up	
Small spill	e	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	e V F a C U I I S	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment blant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a icensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact nformation and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	None OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 811 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 811 mg/m 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 541 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: K
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form:
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
, , ,	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 0.03 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 0.035 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 0.14 mg/m ³ 10 minutes.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 0.034 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process end other engineering controls to keep worker exposur recommended or statutory limits. The engineering vapor or dust concentrations below any lower expl	re to airborne contaminants below any g controls also need to keep gas, losive limits. Use explosion-proof
ventilation equipment.	ment should be checked to ensure
Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment they comply with the requirements of environment cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modi will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable	lifications to the process equipment
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after h eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the Appropriate techniques should be used to remove Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that showers are close to the workstation location.	end of the working period. e potentially contaminated clothing. d out of the workplace. Wash
Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved stand assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid ex gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following the assessment indicates a higher degree of prote	xposure to liquid splashes, mists, g protection should be worn, unless
Skin protection	
Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying vorus at all times when handling chemical products necessary. Considering the parameters specified during use that the gloves are still retaining their pr noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove r glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, con protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately	s if a risk assessment indicates this is by the glove manufacturer, check protective properties. It should be material may be different for different nsisting of several substances, the
There is no one glove material or combination of n resistance to any individual or combination of cher The breakthrough time must be greater than the e The instructions and information provided by the g	micals. end use time of the product. glove manufacturer on use,
storage, maintenance and replacement must be fo Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects a	s any sign of damage to the glove
correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove ma damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed ar applied once exposure has occurred.	ay be reduced by physical/chemical
Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hou (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 ho rubber (> 0.4 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm) alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)	urs: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC burs: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile
 Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should performed and the risks involved and should be ap handling this product. When there is a risk of ignit static protective clothing. For the greatest protective should include anti-static overalls, boots and glove 	pproved by a specialist before tion from static electricity, wear anti- ion from static discharges, clothing

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	.iquid.		
Color	Clear.		
Odor	Characteristic.		
Odor threshold	Not applicable.		
рН	Not applicable.		
Melting point	Not applicable.		
Boiling point	.owest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 140.9 285.7°F)	∂7°C	
Flash point	Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)		
Evaporation rate	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.54compared wacetate	rith butyl	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits).8 - 7%		
Vapor pressure	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.17 kPa (1.28 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	I	
Vapor density	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighte average: 4.15 (Air = 1)	əd	
Relative density	.07 g/cm ³ 8.93 pounds/gallon		
Solubility	nsoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).		
Decomposition temperature	Not available.		
Viscosity	Not available.		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
C .	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
5	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene			-	hearing organs
Aspiration hazard			1		
Name				Result	
xylene				ASPIRATION HA	ZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene				ASPIRATION HA	ZARD - Category 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.			
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation	n.		
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. May cau	ise respiratory	rirritation.	
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin r	reaction.		
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects	s or critical ha	zards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>ysi</u> c	cal, chemical and toxicolog	ical characte	<u>ristics</u>	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may inc pain or irritation watering redness	lude the follow	ving:	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may inc respiratory tract irritation coughing	lude the follov	ving:	
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may inc irritation redness	lude the follov	ving:	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effe	cts	and also chronic effects fro	om short and	long term expos	ure
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>'S</u>			
Not available.					
General	:	May cause damage to orga sensitized, a severe allergic levels.			
Carcinogenicity	-	Suspected of causing cance exposure.	er. Risk of ca	ncer depends on d	uration and level of
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects	s or critical ha	zards.	
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects	s or critical ha	zards.	
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects	s or critical ha	zards.	
		No known aignifiaant offact		Tordo	

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Dermal Inhalation (vapors) Inhalation (dusts and mists)	11733.33 mg/kg 155.2 mg/l 2.01 mg/l			

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia Fish	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	3.6 0.02		low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	-	-	Resin solution	Resin solution	Resin solution	Resin solution
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	3	3	3	3
Packing group	-	-	111	111	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

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DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 1066.7 lbs / 484.27 kg [119.56 gal / 452.59 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements

		(reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	1	-
Mexico Classification	:	-
ADR/RID	:	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30
		ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules (EmS): F-E, <u>S-E</u> Marine pollutant: No.
		IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
ΙΑΤΑ	÷	-
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene
Clean Air Act. Section 112)(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

<u>Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</u>

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name		CAS number	%
xylene ethylbenzene hexamethylene-di-isocyanat	e	1330-20-7 100-41-4 822-06-0	9.375 3.125 0.29
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed		
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>		
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.		
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification	ACUTE TOXIC EYE IRRITATIC SKIN SENSITIZ CARCINOGEN SPECIFIC TAR irritation) - Cate	gory 3	GLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract EATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	≥50 - ≤75	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
xylene	<10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	≤0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

<u>SARA 313</u>

Date of issue

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	5	1330-20-7 100-41-4	<10 ≤5
Supplier notification	5	1330-20-7 100-41-4	<10 ≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	The following components are listed: XYLENE; ETHYL BENZENE	
New York	The following components are listed: Xylene mixed; Ethylbenzene	
New Jersey	The following components are listed: XYLENES; ETHYL BENZENE	
Pennsylvania	The following components are listed: BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; BENZENE, ETHY	'L-

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•		Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

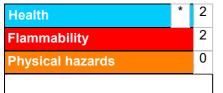
International lists

National inventory

<u>National inventory</u>	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
Malaysia New Zealand	: Not determined. : Not determined.
· · · · ·	
New Zealand	: Not determined.
New Zealand Philippines	Not determined.Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification		
irritation) - Category 3	n) - Čategory 4 2A egory 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Expert judgment Calculation method Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method	
History			
Date of printing	: 11.05.2023		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11.05.2023		
Date of previous issue	: 17.10.2022		
Version	: 2.07		
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 		
References	ences : Not available.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Sers should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.