

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SeaLion Tiecoat Plus Comp A
Product code	: 34882
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire **DN15 8RR** England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture **Product definition**

: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning **Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H315 - Causes skin irritation.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
General	1	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	-	P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	:	P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	1	xylene
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	nen	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	<10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	REACH #: 01-2119529238-36 EC: 209-136-7 CAS: 556-67-2	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1] [3] [4]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Index: 014-018-00-1		
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
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Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 4: First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
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DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	J		-)
	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day	_	
	Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
	Ŭ	bw/day		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	m³ Ö		
	Long term Dermal	50.6 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	-		
	Long term Dermal	18.1 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Long term Oral	3.3 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
ethylbenzene	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	l'' ing/in		
	Long term	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation		Condumero	
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
NECs		211/443		ļ

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	5.49 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	ach the	vide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be ieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If se are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent ours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	eati App Wa	sh hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ng, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. propriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. sh contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and ety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use	e safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection		
Gloves	resi The Stor Glo mat Alw corr The dan Bar app We May Rec poly	ere is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited stance to any individual or combination of chemicals. e breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. e instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, rage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. ves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove terial. ays ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used rectly. e performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical hage and poor maintenance. rier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be lied once exposure has occurred. ar suitable gloves tested to EN374. y be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene, butyl rubber, PVC commended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, vinyl alcohol (PVA) right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of etration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	-	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Various colours.
Odour	:	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 165.97°C (330.7°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 24°C
Evaporation rate	1	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.8compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1	0.8 - 13.74%
Vapour pressure	1	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1.03 kPa (7.73 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.46 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.014 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)
Explosive properties	1	Not available.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	-	-
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	;	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	1	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

In contact with water, the product hydrolyses; during curing, releases Methanol. If the product is contaminated with water during production, transportation or storage, this may effect both flashpoint and hazard potential.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	6927.6 mg/kg 51.96 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-		Readily
ethylbenzene	-		Readily
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 12: Ecological information Product/ingredient name LogPow BCF **Potential** 3.12 8.1 to 25.9 low xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol <1 low 3.6 ethylbenzene low octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane 13400 6.488 high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
12.5 Results of PBT and	vPvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product			
Methods of disposal	Disposal of this pr with the requireme and any regional l recyclable product disposed of untrea	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.	
Hazardous waste	: The classification	of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.	
Disposal considerations	Dispose of accord If this product is m longer apply and t	ter drains or watercourses. ing to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. nixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no he appropriate code should be assigned. ation, contact your local waste authority.	
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08 01 11* Waste substances	08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	
Packaging			
Methods of disposal		waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	the relevant waste Empty containers	provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from a authority on the classification of empty containers. must be scrapped or reconditioned. hers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or risions.	
Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)	
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with
	soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	1263	1263	1263	1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	111	111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>	-

14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
ADR / RID	:	ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
IMDG	:	IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 30 litre capacity).
14.7 Transport in bulk	:	Not applicable.

according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
PBT vPvB	Candidate Candidate	ED/61/2018 ED/61/2018	27.06.2018 27.06.2018
	PBT	PBT Candidate	PBT Candidate D/61/2018

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Other EU regulations		
VOC	-	The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	-	Not available.
Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
Ozone depleting substand	ces ((<u>1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.		
Prior Informed Consent (F Not listed.	PIC)	<u>(649/2012/EU)</u>
Seveso Directive		
This product may add to the major accident hazards.	e cal	culation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on
National regulations		
Industrial use		The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convent	tion	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol (Annexe Not listed.	<u>s A,</u>	<u>B, C, E)</u>
Stockholm Convention on Not listed.	Pers	sistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention on Not listed.	<u>Prio</u>	r Informed Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol or Not listed.	<u>1 PO</u>	Ps and Heavy Metals
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	:	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other i	info	ormation
Indicates information that I		

Indicates information that h	nas	changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

13/14

SECTION 16: Other information

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2, H361f		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
		EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 02.04.2019	•
Date of issue/ Date of	: 02.04.2019	
revision		
Date of previous issue	: 08.11.2018	

Version

: 1.01

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.