# SAFETY DATA SHE



### SeaLion Tiecoat Plus Comp A

### Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier        | 1 | SeaLio |
|-------------------------------|---|--------|
| Other means of identification | : | Not av |
| Product code                  | : | 34882  |
| Product description           | : | Paint. |
| Product type                  | 1 | Liquid |

on Tiecoat Plus Comp A vailable. 2

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|  | Identified uses |  |
|--|-----------------|--|
| Use in coatings - Industrial use<br>Use in coatings - Professional use |                 |  |
| <u> </u>   |                 |  |

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|----------------------------|---|--|
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  |
|--|--|
| GHS label elements                         |  |
| Hazard pictograms                          |  |
| Signal word                                | : Warning.   |
| Hazard statements                          | : Flammable liquid and vapour.<br>Causes serious eye irritation.<br>Causes skin irritation.  |
| Precautionary statements                   |  |
| Prevention                                 | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.   |
| Response                                   | : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical<br>attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove<br>contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists:<br>Get medical attention. |

### Section 2. Hazards identification

| ell-ventilated place. Keep cool.  |
|---|
| contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national onal regulations. |
|   |

| Other hazards which do not | : None known. |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| result in classification   |               |

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture             | : Mixture        |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |

| CAS number/other identifiers |                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| CAS number                   | : Not applicable. |
| EC number                    | : Mixture.        |
| Product code                 | : 34882           |
| Ingredient name              |                   |
| xylene                       |                   |

| Ingredient name              | %         | CAS number |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| xylene                       | ≥10 - <20 | 1330-20-7  |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol         | ≥10 - <20 | 107-98-2   |
| ethylbenzene                 | <10       | 100-41-4   |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | <1        | 556-67-2   |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first | aid measures   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact                    | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.  |
| Inhalation                     | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide<br>artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the<br>person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if<br>adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery<br>position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen<br>tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of<br>decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person<br>may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.   |
| Skin contact                   | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.   |
| Ingestion                      | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air<br>and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been<br>swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,<br>the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical<br>attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by<br>mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get<br>medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such<br>as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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|---------------|--------------|------|

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Potential acute health effects   |           |  |
|--|-----------|--|
| Eye contact  | :         | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
| Inhalation   | :         | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Skin contact   | :         | Causes skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion  | :         | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Over-exposure signs/symptom  | <u>15</u> |  |
| Eye contact  | :         | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness   |
| Inhalation   | 1         | No specific data.  |
| Skin contact   | :         | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness   |
| Ingestion  | :         | No specific data.  |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |           |  |
| Notes to physician   | :         | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.   |
| Specific treatments  | :         | No specific treatment.   |
| Protection of first-aiders   | :         | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Firefighting measures   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Extinguishing media<br>Suitable extinguishing media<br>Unsuitable extinguishing<br>media | <ul> <li>Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.</li> <li>Do not use water jet.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical   | : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.   |  |  |  |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products   | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>halogenated compounds<br>carbonyl halides<br>metal oxide/oxides  |  |  |  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |  |  |  |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters   | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |  |  |  |

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect  | ive eo       | quipment and emergency procedures  |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel |              | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.   |
| For emergency responders       |              | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      |              | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |
| Methods and material for cont  | <u>tainm</u> | ent and cleaning up  |
| Small spill                    |              | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill                    |              | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

# Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling                                   | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |
|---|---|---|
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name      |              | Exposure limits   |
|----------------------|--------------|---|
| xylene               |              | <b>กระทรวงแรงงาน (Thailand, 8/2017).</b><br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol |              | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).<br>STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| ethylbenzene                      |          | กระทรวงแรงงาน <b>(Thailand, 8/2017).</b><br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------|---|--|--|
| Recommended monitoring procedures | :        | : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace<br>atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness<br>of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory<br>protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring<br>standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the<br>determination of hazardous substances will also be required.   |  |  |
| Appropriate engineering controls  | :        | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.  |  |  |
| Environmental exposure controls   | :        | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   |  |  |
| Individual protection measures    | <u>.</u> |   |  |  |
| Hygiene measures                  | :        | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location.   |  |  |
| Eye/face protection               | :        | Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.  |  |  |
| Skin protection                   |          |   |  |  |
| Hand protection                   | :        | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |  |  |
|                                   |          | There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.<br>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.<br>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.  |  |  |
|                                   |          | Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.<br>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used  |  |  |
|                                   |          | correctly.<br>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.<br>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.  |  |  |
|                                   |          | Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.<br>May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene, butyl rubber, PVC<br>Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon,<br>polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)  |  |  |
| Body protection                   | :        | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.   |  |  |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Other skin protection  | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |
|------------------------|---|
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  |
|                        | If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter. |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u>                            |  |    |
|--|--|----|
| Physical state                               | Liquid.  |    |
| Colour                                       | Various colours.   |    |
| Odour  | Characteristic.  |    |
| Odour threshold                              | Not available.   |    |
| рН   | Not applicable.  |    |
| Melting point                                | Not applicable.  |    |
| Boiling point                                | Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 165.97°C (330.7°F)  |    |
| Flash point                                  | Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)  |    |
| Burning time                                 | Not applicable.  |    |
| Burning rate                                 | Not applicable.  |    |
| Evaporation rate                             | <ul> <li>Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.8compared wi<br/>butyl acetate</li> </ul>                              | th |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | Not applicable.  |    |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | . 0.8 - 13.74%   |    |
| Vapour pressure                              | <ul> <li>Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighter<br/>average: 1.03 kPa (7.73 mm Hg) (at 20°C)</li> </ul> | t  |
| Vapour density                               | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.46 (Air = 1)  | ,  |
| Relative density                             | : 1.014 g/cm <sup>3</sup>  |    |
| Solubility                                   | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.  |    |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water   | Not available.   |    |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).  |    |
| Decomposition temperature                    | Not available.   |    |
| SADT   | Not available.   |    |
| Viscosity                                    | Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)   |    |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredient  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |  |  |  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |  |  |  |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |  |  |  |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:<br>oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.                                       |  |  |  |
| Date of issue                      | : 02.04.2019 <b>6/10</b>  |  |  |  |

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species       | Dose                  | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------|
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Vapour   | Rat           | 20 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral                | Rat           | 4300 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | TDLo Dermal              | Rabbit        | 4300 mg/kg            | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | LD50 Dermal<br>LD50 Oral | Rabbit<br>Rat | 13 g/kg<br>6600 mg/kg | -        |
| ethylbenzene            | LC50 Inhalation Gas.     | Rabbit        | 4000 ppm              | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal              | Rabbit        | >5000 mg/kg           | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                | Rat           | 3500 mg/kg            | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result               | Species | Score | Exposure                   | Observation |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit  |       | 24 hours 500<br>milligrams | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 500<br>milligrams          | -           |

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| xylene               | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects                |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | Not determined    | hearing organs |

#### Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result   |
|------|--|
| 0,   | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : Not available.                                    |
|--|---|
| Potential acute health effects           |   |
| Eye contact                              | : Causes serious eye irritation.                    |
| Inhalation                               | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Skin contact                    | : Causes skin irritation.  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Ingestion                       | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
|                                 |  |
|                                 | al, chemical and toxicological characteristics   |
| Inhalation                      | : No specific data.  |
| Ingestion                       | : No specific data.  |
| Skin contact                    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness                     |
| Eye contact                     | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness |
| Delayed and immediate effects   | as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure                               |
| Short term exposure             |  |
| Potential immediate effects     | : Not available.   |
| Potential delayed effects       | : Not available.   |
| Long term exposure              |  |
| Potential immediate effects     | : Not available.   |
| Potential delayed effects       | : Not available.   |
| Potential chronic health effect | <u>S</u>   |
| Not available.                  |  |
| General                         | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Carcinogenicity                 | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Mutagenicity                    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Teratogenicity                  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Developmental effects           | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Fertility effects               | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

| Acute toxicity estimates |
|--------------------------|
|--------------------------|

| Route | ATE value                  |
|-------|----------------------------|
|       | 6927.6 mg/kg<br>51.96 mg/l |

# Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u>         |  |                          |                                  |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result   | Species                  | Exposure                         |
| ethylbenzene            | Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l<br>Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l | Algae<br>Daphnia<br>Fish | 48 hours<br>48 hours<br>96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name                                | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability                  |
|--|-------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| xylene<br>ethylbenzene<br>octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane |                   | -          | Readily<br>Readily<br>Not readily |

| Date of issue | : 02.04.2019 |  |
|---------------|--------------|--|
|               |              |  |

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name      | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                       | 3.12   | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol         | <1     | -           | low       |
| ethylbenzene                 | 3.6    | -           | low       |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 6.488  | 13400       | high      |

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

| Soil/water partition<br>coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
|---|------------------|
|   |                  |

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 1 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

| Section 14. T                   | ransport information  |   |   |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
|                                 | UN  | IMDG  | ΙΑΤΑ  |
| UN number                       | 1263  | 1263  | 1263  |
| UN proper shipping name         | Paint   | Paint   | Paint   |
| Transport hazard class(es)      | 3   | 3   | 3   |
| Packing group                   | 111   | 111   | 111   |
| Environmental hazards           | No.   | No.   | No.   |
| Special precautions<br>for user | Transport within user's<br>premises: always transport in<br>closed containers that are<br>upright and secure. Ensure<br>that persons transporting the<br>product know what to do in<br>the event of an accident or<br>spillage. | <b>Transport within user's</b><br><b>premises:</b> always transport in<br>closed containers that are<br>upright and secure. Ensure<br>that persons transporting the<br>product know what to do in<br>the event of an accident or<br>spillage. | <b>Transport within user's</b><br><b>premises:</b> always transport<br>in closed containers that are<br>upright and secure. Ensure<br>that persons transporting the<br>product know what to do in<br>the event of an accident or<br>spillage. |
| Date of issue                   | : 02.04.2019  |   | 9/10  |

| SeaLion Tiecoat Plus Comp A |                       |   |   |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| Section 14.                 | Transport information |   |   |
| Additional information      | -                     | Emergency schedules<br>(EmS)<br>F-E, <u>S-E</u> | - |

| Transport in bulk according to<br>Annex II of Marpol and the<br>IBC Code | : | Not available.   |
|--|---|--|
| ADR / RID  | : | Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)<br>Hazard identification number: 30   |
|  |   | ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).     |
| IMDG   | 1 | IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 30 litre capacity). |
|  |   |  |

### Section 15. Regulatory information

|  | Hazardous Substance Act B.E. 2535 | (1992) |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------|--|
|--|-----------------------------------|--------|--|

<u>Type</u>

Ingredient name

<u>Type</u>

<u>Authority</u>

Conditions

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u>                 |   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Date of printing               | 1 | 02.04.2019   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | 1 | 02.04.2019   |
| Date of previous issue         | 1 | 02.04.2019   |
| Version                        | 1 | 1.03   |
| Key to abbreviations           | : | ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous<br>Goods by Inland Waterway<br>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of<br>Dangerous Goods by Road<br>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods<br>by Rail<br>UN = United Nations<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient |
| References                     | : | Not available.   |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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