

### Aluflex

| Section 1. Identification     |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Product name                  | : Aluflex        |
| Product code                  | : 344            |
| Product description           | : Paint.         |
| Product type                  | : Liquid.        |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

| Supplier's details :            | Jotun UAE Ltd. L.L.C.<br>P.O.Box 3671, Dubai, U.A.E.<br>Tel: 009714 3395000<br>Fax:009714 3380666         |
|---------------------------------|---|
|                                 | Jotun Abu Dhabi L.L.C.<br>P.O.box-3714<br>Abu Dhabi U.A.E.<br>Tel: 00971 2 5510300<br>Fax:00971 2 5510232 |
|                                 | SDSJotun@jotun.com  |
| Emergency telephone :<br>number | Jotun AS, Norway<br>+47 33 45 70 00   |

# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -<br/>Category 3<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1<br/>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>                        |
|--|--|
| GHS label elements                         |  |
| Hazard pictograms                          |  |
| Signal word                                | : Danger.  |
| Hazard statements                          | <ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul> |
| Precautionary statements                   |  |

# Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention | <ul> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition<br/>sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.</li> </ul> |
|------------|---|
|            | P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  |
| Response   | <ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> </ul>                             |
| Storage    | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  |
| Disposal   | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture             | : Mixture        |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

| CAS number          |         | : Not applicable.                   |              |            |
|---------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| EC number           |         | : Mixture.                          |              |            |
| Product code        |         | : 344                               |              |            |
| Ingredient name     |         |                                     | %            | CAS number |
| hydrogerhene CO C12 | n alkan | an incellement eveling arometics (2 | 25%) >25 <50 | 64742 02 1 |

hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)<br/>hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics $\geq 25 - \leq 50$ <br/> $\leq 5$ 64742-82-1<br/>64742-95-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact  | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.   |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular<br>or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained<br>personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth<br>resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Ingestion                   | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| เกษะอุณุณา                  | swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not           |
|                             | induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,   |
|                             | the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by           |
|                             | mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get   |
|                             | medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such   |
|                             | as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.   |
| Most important symptoms/    | effects, acute and delayed   |
| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u>   |
| Eye contact                 | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Inhalation                  | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |
| Skin contact                | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Ingestion                   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Over-exposure signs/sym     | <u>otoms</u>   |
| Eye contact                 | : No specific data.  |
| Inhalation                  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  |
|                             | nausea or vomiting   |
|                             | headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue   |
|                             | dizziness/vertigo  |
|                             | unconsciousness  |
| Skin contact                | : No specific data.  |
| Ingestion                   | : No specific data.  |
| Indication of immediate me  | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary   |
| Notes to physician          | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large  |
|                             | quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  |
| Specific treatments         | : No specific treatment.   |
| Protection of first-aiders  | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media                        |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media               | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media             | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long<br>lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and<br>prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products   | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>metal oxide/oxides   |

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
|--|--|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | <ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained<br/>breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure<br/>mode.</li> </ul>  |

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect  | tiv | e equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :   | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders       | :   | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      | :   | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful<br>to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.  |
| Methods and material for con   | tai | nment and cleaning up  |

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures                    | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision         | : 26.04.2023 Date of previous issue : 26.04.2023 Version : 2.01 4/11   |

# Section 7. Handling and storage

| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-<br>ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and<br>drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising<br>materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers<br>that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent<br>leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to<br>avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials |
|--|--|
|  | before handling or use.  |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters                 |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Occupational exposure lim          | <u>its</u>  |
| None.                              |   |
|                                    |   |
| Appropriate engineering controls   | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.  |
| Environmental exposure<br>controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure<br>they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some<br>cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   |
| Individual protection measu        | res   |
| Hygiene measures                   | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location.   |
| Eye/face protection                | : Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.   |
| Skin protection                    |   |
| Hand protection                    | <ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm)</li> </ul> |

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| •                      | · ·   |
|------------------------|---|
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection  | <ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br/>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br/>approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>   |
| Respiratory protection | : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.                               |

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u>                            |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state                               | 1 | Liquid.  |
| Colour                                       | 1 | Aluminium  |
| Odour  | 1 | Characteristic.  |
| Odour threshold                              | 1 | Not applicable.  |
| рН   | 1 | Not applicable.  |
| Melting point                                | 1 | Not applicable.  |
| Boiling point                                | : | Lowest known value: 142 to 200°C (287.6 to 392°F)(hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)). Weighted average: 180.63°C<br>(357.1°F)                  |
| Flash point                                  | 1 | Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)   |
| Evaporation rate                             | 1 | 0.11 (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)) compared with butyl acetate   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | 1 | Not applicable.  |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | 1.4 - 7.6%   |
| Vapour pressure                              | : | Highest known value: 2.7 kPa (20.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)). Weighted average: 2.39 kPa<br>(17.93 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |
| Vapour density                               | 1 | Not available.   |
| Density                                      | 1 | 0.948 g/cm <sup>3</sup>  |
| Solubility                                   | 1 | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : | Not available.   |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | 1 | Lowest known value: 256 to 266°C (492.8 to 510.8°F) (Fatty acids, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., Me esters).  |
| Decomposition temperature                    | 1 | Not available.   |
| Viscosity                                    | : | Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)  |

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>oxidising materials   |

Date of issue/Date of revision

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics   | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|   | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  |            | Route of<br>exposure | Target organs                   |
|---|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | Category 1 |                      | central nervous<br>system (CNS) |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name  | Result                         |
|---|--------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics   | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion    | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Date  | of       | issue  | /Date | of | revisio  | 1 |
|-------|----------|--------|-------|----|----------|---|
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Eye contact  | : No specific data.   |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : No specific data.   |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.   |

| Delayed and immediate effect | <u>ts:</u> | as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure    |
|------------------------------|------------|---|
| <u>Short term exposure</u>   |            |   |
| Potential immediate effects  | 1          | Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects    | :          | Not available.  |
| Long term exposure           |            |   |
| Potential immediate effects  | 1          | Not available.  |
| Potential delayed effects    | :          | Not available.  |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ect</u> | <u>s</u>  |
| Not available.               |            |   |
| General                      | 1          | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity              | 1          | No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |
| Mutagenicity                 | 1          | No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |
| Teratogenicity               | 1          | No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |
| <b>Developmental effects</b> | 1          | No known significant effects or critical hazards.               |

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

**Fertility effects** 

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result  | Species                                   | Exposure   |
|--|---|---|--|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%) | Acute EC50 <10 mg/l   | Daphnia                                   | 48 hours   |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics  | Acute IC50 <10 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 <10 mg/l<br>Acute EC50 <10 mg/l<br>Acute IC50 <10 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 <10 mg/l | Algae<br>Fish<br>Daphnia<br>Algae<br>Fish | 72 hours<br>96 hours<br>48 hours<br>72 hours<br>96 hours |

#### Persistence and degradability

| Section 12 | . Ecological | information |
|------------|--------------|-------------|
|------------|--------------|-------------|

| Product/ingredient name  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%) | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics  | -                 | -          | Not readily      |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow | BCF        | Potential |
|--|--------|------------|-----------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%) | -      | 10 to 2500 | high      |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics  | -      | 10 to 2500 | high      |

#### Mobility in soil

Aluflex

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

|                               | ADR/RID | IMDG  | IATA   |
|-------------------------------|---------|---|--|
| UN number                     | UN1263  | UN1263  | UN1263   |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | Paint   | Paint. Marine pollutant<br>(hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-<br>alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<br>aromatics (2-25%)) | Paint  |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | 3       |   | 3  |
| Packing group                 |         | III   |  |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | Yes.    | Yes.  | Yes. The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark is<br>not required. |

| Section 14. Transport information |   |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Additional<br>information         | - | The marine pollutant mark is<br>not required when transported<br>in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.<br><u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E,<br><u>S-E</u> | The environmentally<br>hazardous substance mark<br>may appear if required by<br>other transportation<br>regulations. |  |

| Additional information                         |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| ADR/RID  | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.<br><u>Hazard identification number</u> 30<br><u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)                                    |
| IMDG   | : | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.<br><b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, <u>S-E</u>   |
| ΙΑΤΑ   | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  |
| Special precautions for user                   | : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available.  |

# Section 15. Regulatory information

| Safety, health and environmental regulations | : | No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients). |
|--|---|--|
| specific for the product                     |   |  |
| International regulations                    |   |  |

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

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UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.
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### Section 16. Other information

| History                        |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing               | : 26.04.2023   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 26.04.2023   |
| Date of previous issue         | : 26.04.2023   |
| Version                        | : 2.01   |
| Key to abbreviations           | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>UN = United Nations |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 26.04.2023 Date of previous issue : 26.04.2023 Version : 2.01 10/11  |

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### Section 16. Other information

References

: Not available.

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.