

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Marathon 1000 GF Comp B
UFI	: SC0Y-N2WR-R00K-FF2X
Product code	: 33223
Product description	: Hardener.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S P.O.Box 2021 3202 Sandefjord Norway

Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

National contact

Jotun Paints Europe (Ltd). Unit K7, Marina Commercial Park Centre Park Road Cork Ireland

Tel: +353 214 965955 Fax: +353 214 965992

SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poisons Information Centre of Ireland: +353 1 809 3000 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Marathon 1000 GF Comp B

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	:	Danger.
Hazard statements	:	H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General		Not applicable.
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	:	 P391 - Collect spillage. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine 3-aminopropyldiethylamine 2,2'-iminodiethylamine
Supplemental label elements	1	Not applicable.
Annox VVII Destrictions		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and		
on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	ner	

2.3 Other hazards

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			Specific Conc.	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza- alkanes, hydrogenated	CAS: 1173092-74-4	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1	[1]
1,2-Ethanediamine, N- (2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether	REACH #: 01-2120762088-49 EC: 282-199-6 CAS: 84144-79-6	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1]
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	REACH #: Polymer EC: 500-137-0 CAS: 57214-10-5	≤10	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	REACH #: 01-2119480150-50 EC: 216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 980 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1]
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119965402-39 EC: 203-236-4 CAS: 104-78-9 Index: 612-062-00-1	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 550 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119473793-27 EC: 203-865-4 CAS: 111-40-0	≤0.84	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Oral] = 1080 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1090 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5	[1] [2]

Marathon 1000 GF Comp B					
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
		STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	mg/l		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated, 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether, m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine, 3-aminopropyldiethylamine, 2,2'-iminodiethylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters Special protective actions	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to

Special protective actions
for fire-fighters: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from
drains or watercourses.Special protective
equipment for fire-fighters: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 4.3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
procedures European Sta assessment o values and me atmospheres of exposure to (Workplace at for the measu	build be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: ndard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the f exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit easurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment o chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures rement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl) -, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.666 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.35 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.8 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	24.7 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection								
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	0.87 mg/m ³	Workers	Local			
	DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation	1.1 mg/cm ² 2.6 mg/m ³	Workers Workers	Local Local			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4.6 mg/m³	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4.88 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.88 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.4 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27.5 mg/m³	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	92.1 mg/m³		Systemic			

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail	
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-	
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-	
	Sewage Treatment Plant	39 mg/l	-	
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-	
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Fresh water	0.56 mg/l	-	
	Marine	0.056 mg/l	-	
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6 mg/l	-	
	Fresh water sediment	1072 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Marine water sediment	107.2 mg/kg dwt	-	
	Soil	214 mg/kg dwt	-	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

<u>Gloves</u>

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm)

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 27.03.2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 9/17
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
рН	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 100°C
Lower and upper explosion limit	: 1.3 - 13%
Flammability	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 170°C (338°F) (3-aminopropyldiethylamine). Weighted average: 211.43°C (412.6°F)
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Colour	: Colourless.
Physical state	: Liquid.
Appearance	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Solubility in water	: cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water		
Vapour pressure		n value: 0.2 kPa (1.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C) yldiethylamine). Weighted average: 0.07 kPa (0.53 mm Hg) (at
Evaporation rate	: 0.007 (benzyl	alcohol) compared with butyl acetate
Density	: 1.018 g/cm ³	
Vapour density	: Highest know average: 3.88	n value: 4.48 (Air = 1) (3-aminopropyldiethylamine). Weighted 3 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	: Not available.	
Oxidising properties	: Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable	e.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	;	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	1	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated, 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether, m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine, 3-aminopropyldiethylamine, 2,2'-iminodiethylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

-	5		-	
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	980 mg/kg	-
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1090 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1080 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Marathon 1000 GF Comp B	605.1	28061.2	N/A	43.1	N/A
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza- alkanes, hydrogenated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine	980	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
3-aminopropyldiethylamine	550	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	1080	1090	N/A	0.5	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 µg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 µg	-
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 501 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza- alkanes, hydrogenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	Acute LC50 25.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	Acute EC50 12 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2,2'-iminodiethylamine	Acute EC50 345600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
benzyl alcohol m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-	0.87 0.18	<100 2.69	low low
diamine 2,2'-iminodiethylamine	-5.58	2.8 to 6.3	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Mobility

: Not available.

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 	
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	

			•
	CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
taken when handling Empty containers or		taken when Empty conta	al and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ainers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of I and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated)	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated). Marine pollutant (Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with phenol and m-phenylenebis (methylamine))	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (Carbomonocyclic alkylated mixtures of poly-aza-alkanes, hydrogenated)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional informa	tion			1
ADR/RID	: The enviro sizes of ≤5	L or ≤5 kg. entification number 80	ostance mark is not requi	ired when transported in
ADN		nmentally hazardous sub L or ≤5 kg.	ostance mark is not requi	red when transported in
IMDG	 The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-B Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis 			
ΙΑΤΑ		nmentally hazardous sub ion regulations.	ostance mark may appea	r if required by other
14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not available. **bulk according to IMO instruments**

Marathon	1000	GF	Comp	В
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	
	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components a	are listed.
Substances of very high	
None of the components a	are listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Ozone depleting substanc	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC) (649/2012/EU)</u>
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	<u>nts</u>
Seveso Directive	
major accident hazards.	calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on
National regulations	
Industrial use	The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.
International regulations	
•	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on F Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention on F	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical	safety	:	No Chemic

assessment

cal Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
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Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method	
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
1	

SECTION 16: Other information

Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of printing	: 27.03.2023
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 27.03.2023
Date of previous issue	e : No previous validation
Version	: 1
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Notice to reader

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