

#### Jotun Thinner No.57

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : Jotun Thinner No.57

Label No. 32702 **Product description** : Thinner. **Product type** : Liquid. B. Recommended use of the chemical

**Identified uses** 

Use in coatings - Professional use

C. Supplier/Manufacturer : Chokwang Jotun Ltd.

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**Emergency telephone** 

number

: H.G.LEE Chokwang Jotun Ltd.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Symbol** 

Signal word Warning.

**Hazard statements** Causes serious eve irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists:

Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable. **Disposal** : Not applicable.

C. Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Synonyms	CAS number	%
	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; Butylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n-butyl ester; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether-; Jeffersol EB; Ektasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl oxitol; EGBE	111-76-2	10-20

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

B. Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

C. Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide

artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

D. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### E. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

**Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

#### F. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Specific treatments**: Not available.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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#### Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

A. Extinguishing media

**Suitable** 

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

**B.** Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

C. Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- **B.** Environmental precautions
- Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

- **Precautions for safe** handling
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- **B.** Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
	고용노동부 (Republic of Korea, 8/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

## Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- B. Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls
- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

#### **Hand protection**

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: butyl rubber, Viton®, Saranex May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: 4H, nitrile rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

# Eye protection Skin protection

- : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
- : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Colour Clear.

Characteristic. B. Odour Not available. C. Odour threshold D. pH : Not available.

: 0 E. Melting/freezing point

**Boiling point/boiling** : >36°C (>96.8°F)

range

G. Flash point : Closed cup: 67°C (152.6°F)

: Not applicable. Burning time **Burning rate** Not applicable.

H. Evaporation rate : Highest known value: 0.36 (water) Weighted average: 0.3compared with butyl

acetate

Flammability (solid,

Not available.

: 1.1 - 12.7%

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

K. Vapour pressure

: Lowest known value: 230°C (446°F) (2-butoxyethanol).

: Highest known value: 3.2 kPa (23.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (water). Weighted average: 2.58 kPa (19.35 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

L. Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

M. Vapour density : Highest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (2-butoxyethanol).

: 0.978 g/cm3 N. Relative density O. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

temperature

P. Auto-ignition

Q. Decomposition temperature

Not available.

SADT Not available. R. Viscosity : Not available. S. Molecular weight : Not applicable

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability : The product is stable.

B. Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

C. Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

D. Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

 No known significant effects or critical hazards. Respiratory No known significant effects or critical hazards. Oral

Skin Causes skin irritation.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

B. Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Acute toxicity** 

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Not available.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** 

### Chronic toxicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### C. ATE value

Route	Result
Oral	2500 mg/kg
Dermal	5500 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	55 mg/l

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### A. Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1000 mg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young	48 hours 48 hours

#### B. Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**E.** Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### A. Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **B.** Disposal precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG or ICAO/IATA).

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

Article 2 of Youth : Not applicable.

Protection Act on Substances Hazardous

to Youth

ISHA article 37 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) : None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 38 : None of the components are listed.

(Harmful substances requiring permission)
ISHA Article 39

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL:

2-butoxyethanol

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed.

Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

**ISHA Enforcement Regs** : The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol

Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work

Environment **Measurement)** 

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol

Annex 12-2 (Harmful **Factors Subject to Special Health Check**up)

Standard of Industrial

**Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to control)

: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol

B. Regulation according to AREC & CCA

**AREC Toxic chemicals** : Not applicable

**AREC Article 32** 

(Banned)

: None of the components are listed.

**AREC Article 32** 

(Restricted)

: None of the components are listed.

**AREC Article 17 (TRI)** : None of the components are listed. **Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**CSCA Article 39** (Accident Precaution

**Chemicals**)

: None of the components are listed.

C. Dangerous Materials : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

**Safety Management Act** Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid

> Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national D. Wastes regulation

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted. **United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

inventory (TSCA 8b)

Japan inventory : Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product

(including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

A. References : Not available. B. Date of issue/Date of : 22.06.2018

revision

: 2 C. Version

> Date of printing : 22.06.2018

D. Other

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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### Section 16. Other information

#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.