SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotapipe AC 1010 35S

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotapipe AC 1010 35S

UFI : 8XE0-90D9-M008-04JY

Product code : 31942

Product type : Powder coating.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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National contact

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1.4 Emergency telephone number

224 919 293 – Toxikologické informační středisko (TIS)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

Response: P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether

bisphenol a calcium oxide

1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-

Supplemental label

elements

: EUH205 - Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH212 - Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not

breathe dust.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: May cause endocrine disruption.

The mixture may be a skin sensitiser. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
barium sulfate	EC: 231-784-4 CAS: 7727-43-7	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	-	[2]
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	REACH #: 01-2119454392-40 EC: 701-263-0 CAS: 28064-14-4	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
bisphenol a	EC: 201-245-8 CAS: 80-05-7 Index: 604-030-00-0	≤5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2] [3]
c.i. pigment yellow 42	REACH #: 01-2119457554-33 EC: 257-098-5 CAS: 51274-00-1	≤3	Not classified.	-	[2]
calcium oxide	EC: 215-138-9 CAS: 1305-78-8	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
zinc	EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
titanium dioxide	EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2	≤3	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [2] [*]
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	EC: 211-765-7 CAS: 693-98-1	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360D See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix. This mixture contains ≥ 1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂ blanket, water spray or mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.
 Do not use inert gas under high pressure (e.g. CO2).

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing dust. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wetbrushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not use a dry brush as dust clouds or static can be created.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Advice should be taken from a competent occupational health practitioner on the assessment of employees with skin or respiratory complaints before the individual is exposed to the uncured product.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Precautions should be taken to prevent the formation of dusts in concentrations above flammable, explosive or occupational exposure limits.

Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Dust Limit: 10 mg/m³ (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m³ (TWA of respirable)

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
barium sulfate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dust
bisphenol a	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). Skin sensitiser.
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: dust, aerosol, inhalable fraction
	STEL: 5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: dust, aerosol, inhalable fraction
c.i. pigment yellow 42	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). [Iron oxide]
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dust
calcium oxide	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: aerosol, respirable fraction.
	STEL: 4 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, respirable fraction.
titanium dioxide	EU OEL (Europe).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
bisphenol a	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.0019 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.0019 mg/ kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.004 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.004 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.031 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.031 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
calcium oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Local

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	5	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	4 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	4 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
zinc	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.02 mg/	General	Systemic
•			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.04 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			- j = 10

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Avoid breathing dust. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain exposure to dusts below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personnel should wear protective clothing. Care should be taken in the selection of protective clothing to ensure that inflammation and irritation of the skin at the neck and wrists through contact with the powder are avoided.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. (FFP2 / N95).

Environmental exposure

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

controls

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. Powder.

Colour : Various.

Odour : Odourless.

Odour threshold : Not applicable.

Melting point (dust) : 85 - 115 °C

Initial boiling point and : Not applicable.

boiling range

Lower explosion limit (dust) : 30 g/m³ (EN 14034-3) **Minimum ignition energy (mJ)** : 10 - 30 (EN 13821)

Flash point :

Auto-ignition temperature : >400°C **Decomposition temperature** : >250°C

pH : Not applicable.Viscosity : Not applicable.

Solubility in water : cold water Not soluble hot water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

Evaporation rate

Not applicable.
Not applicable.
1.4 to 1.5 g/cm³
Not applicable.

Density: 1.4 to 1.5 g/cmVapour density: Not applicable.Explosive properties: Not available.Oxidising properties: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Prevent dust accumulation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Not applicable.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
phenol, polymer with	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
formaldehyde, glycidyl ether		species			
	Chin Mild irritant	unspecified Mammal -			
	Skin - Mild irritant	species	-	_	-
		unspecified			
bisphenol a	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		Micrograms 250	
	Skiii - Willa IIIItalit	Nabbit	_	milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
				milligrams	
calcium oxide	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
	Skin - Mild irritant	unspecified Mammal -			
	Skiri - Miliu Irritarit	species	_	-	-
		unspecified			
zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	_	72 hours 300	-
				Micrograms	
				Intermittent	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
bisphenol a	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental effects: May damage the unborn child.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

Teratogenicity

May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bisphenol a	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
calcium oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Coating powder residues should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses or be deposited where they could affect ground or surface waters.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
bisphenol a	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.34 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult	90 days
zinc	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	Acute LC50 286000 to 307000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily
zinc	-	-	Not readily

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bisphenol a	3.4	20 to 67	low
calcium oxide	-	2.34	low
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	0.24	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a). Marine pollutant (phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Hazard identification number 90

Tunnel code (-)

ADN

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

IMDG

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

IATA

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

: Restricted to professional users.

: Not listed

: Not listed

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Toxic to reproduction	bisphenol a 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	Candidate Candidate	- D(2020) 4578-DC	- 25.06.2020
Endocrine disrupting properties for human health	bisphenol a	Recommended	ED/01/2018	01.10.2019
Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	bisphenol a	Recommended	ED/01/2018	01.10.2019

Annex XVII - Restrictions

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	regulation of Czech	2,2-bis(4-hydroxyfenyl) propan (prach, aerosol); bisfenol A	Repro. T	-

International regulations

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

Harmful if swallowed.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May damage the unborn child.
May damage fertility.
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Repr. 1B REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

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