

Season SP

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Season SP
Product code	: 30242
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

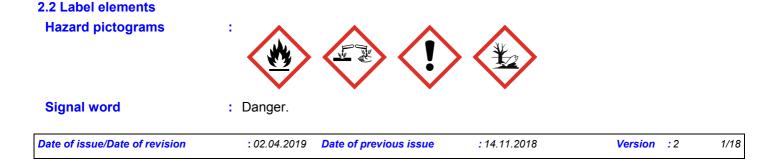
2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



SECTION 2: Hazards	
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	 P261 - Avoid breathing vapour. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	 hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene) dicopper oxide colophony xylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate zineb 1-methoxy-2-propanol
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Additional information	: Antifouling. Active substances: dicopper oxide (CAS 1317-39-1) 14.2 % w/w, zineb (CAS 12122-67-7) 2.6 % w/w. Read Technical Data Sheet and Safety Data Sheet before use. Do not reuse empty containers. For professional use only.
Additional information	: HSE No. 9975. DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY MIST. WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS OF A CONTRASTING COLOUR TO THE PRODUCT BEING APPLIED, UNDERNEATH A DISPOSABLE COVERALL WITH HOOD), SUITABLE GLOVES AND IMPERVIOUS FOOTWEAR THAT PROTECTS THE LOWER LEG. WEAR SUITABLE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (such as air- fed respiratory protective equipment with combined protective helmet and visor) when spraying. WEAR SUITABLE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (such as FFP3 or an equivalent standard) when working in the vicinity of the spray plume. DISPOSE OF PROTECTIVE GLOVES after use. UNPROTECTED PERSONS SHOULD BE KEPT OUT OF TREATMENT AREAS.
In compliance	: IMO Antifouling System Convention compliant (AFS/CONF/26).
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	ents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0. 1% Benzene)	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
dicopper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥10 - ≤23	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	[1]
colophony	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
zineb	EC: 235-180-1 CAS: 12122-67-7 Index: 006-078-00-2	<3	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains colophony, zineb. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

- : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. : No specific treatment.
- **Specific treatments**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.
colophony	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Inhalation sensitiser.
xylene	STEL: 0.15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
zinc oxide	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
nydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
,	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
colophony	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term	176 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

ECTION 8: Exposure contro	Inhalation			
	Long term Dermal	15 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Long term	52 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	-		
	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
xylene	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	200 ma a / ma 3	\\/orkora	
	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Inhalation Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day	VV UINCIS	Systemic
	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	, ,g/		Gyotomio
	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	Ŭ		-
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		Quet
	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	51 9 mai	Consumers	Sustamia
	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term	kg bw/day 33 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	55 mg/m	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		kg bw/day	2 01.00.11010	
ethylbenzene	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
-	Inhalation			
	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	-	bw/day		
	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Long term	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	1.6	Consumation	Quetersia
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Short term	bw/day 553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
ι-ιπειποχγ-2-μισμαποι	Inhalation	m³	VVUINCIS	LUCAI
	Long term Dermal	50.6 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Derilla	kg bw/day		Cysternic
	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	g/m		
	Long term Dermal	18.1 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Inhalation	-		
	Long term Oral	3.3 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		bw/day		

PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
zinc oxide	Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	-
	Marine	6.1 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	52 µg/l	-
	Plant	- 15	
	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg dwt	_
	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt	_
dicopper oxide	Fresh water	7.8 µg/l	_
	Marine	5.2 µg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment	230 µg/l	_
	Plant	200 µg/i	
	Fresh water sediment	97 ma/ka dwt	
		87 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	65 mg/kg dwt	-
colophony	Fresh water	0.0054 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.00054 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	1000 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.02 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.002 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0015 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
,	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	_
	Plant	0.00g.	
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	_
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0635 mg/l	-
		Ū.	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	1.50 mg/i	
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg dut	
		52.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	5.49 mg/kg dwt	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 0. Exposu	C C	controls/personal protection
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	1	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection		
Gloves	:	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
		Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
		The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
		Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber, PVC, neoprene Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon, 4H, fluor rubber, Viton®, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)
		For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02.04.2019 Date of previous issue : 14.11.2018 Version : 2 10/18
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	 Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 155°C (311°F)
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Colour	: Various
Physical state	: Liquid.
Appearance	
9.1 Information on basic physic	cal and chemical properties

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

		• •
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.63compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	0.8 - 13.74%
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.8 kPa (6 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.93 (Air = 1)
Density	1	1.543 to 1.562 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	;	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	;	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
10.5 Incompatible materials	1	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	1	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains colophony, zineb. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate			00	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
zineb	LD50 Oral	Rat	1850 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3314.2 mg/kg
Dermal	18831.9 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	141.2 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	23.55 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			÷	•
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
zineb	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs
Aspiration hazard			

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
dicopper oxide	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
zineb	Acute EC50 0.38 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 970 to 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.225 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc oxide hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	-	-	Not readily Not readily
dicopper oxide xylene ethylbenzene	-	- -	Not readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
zinc oxide	-	60960	high
hydrocarbons, C9,	-	10 to 2500	high
aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)			Ũ
colophony	1.9 to 7.7	-	high
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	1.2	-	low
acetate			
zineb	1.3	-	-
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
PBT	: Not applicable.	
vPvB	: Not applicable.	

12.6 Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	

SECTION 13: Dispo	sal conside	rations
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	 S : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 	
Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	 hazardous substances This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. 	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
	ADIVIND	ADIN	INDG	
14.1 UN number	1263	1263	1263	1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (dicopper oxide)	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		3		3
14.4 Packing group		111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

U	-		
15.1 Safety, health and envir	onmental regulations/legislation specifi	c for the substance or r	nixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	<u>7/2006 (REACH)</u>		
Annex XIV - List of substa	nces subject to authorisation		
Annex XIV			
None of the components a	re listed.		
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>		
None of the components a	re listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
Other EU regulations			
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/E0 product label and/or technical data she		
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.		
Europe inventory	: At least one component is not listed.		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed		
Ozone depleting substanc	es (1005/2009/EU)		
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (P	IC) (649/2012/EU)		
		A	Chatura
Ingredient name		Annex Dort 1	Status
Zineb		Annex I - Part 1	Listed
Seveso Directive			
This product may add to the major accident hazards.	calculation for determining whether a site	is within the scope of the	Seveso Directive on
National regulations			
Industrial use	 The information contained in this safet own assessment of workplace risks, a legislation. The provisions of the nation to the use of this product at work. 	s required by other health	n and safety
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convent Not listed.	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Montreal Protocol (Annexes Not listed.	<u>s A, B, C, E)</u>		
Stockholm Convention on F Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants		
Rotterdam Convention on F Not listed.	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety

: Not applicable.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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Acute Tox. 4, H302		ACUTE TOXICITY	(oral) - Category 4		
Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY	(dermal) - Category 4		
Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY	(inhalation) - Category	/ 4	
Aquatic Acute 1, H400		ACUTE AQUATIC	HAZARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		LONG-TERM AQU	JATIC HAZARD - Cate	gory 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		LONG-TERM AQU	JATIC HAZARD - Cate	gory 2	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZ	ZARD - Category 1		
Eye Dam. 1, H318		SERIOUS EYE DA	AMAGE/EYE IRRITATI	ON - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DA	AMAGE/EYE IRRITATI	ON - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2, H225		FLAMMABLE LIQ	UIDS - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQ	UIDS - Category 3		
Flam. Sol. 1, H228		FLAMMABLE SOL	IDS - Category 1		
Repr. 2, H361d		REPRODUCTIVE	TOXICITY (Unborn chi	ld) - Category 2	
Date of issue/Date of revision	:02.04.2019	Date of previous issue	: 14.11.2018	Version : 2	17/18

SECTION 16: Other information					
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2			
Skin Sens. 1, H317		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1			
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED			
		EXPOSURE - Category 2			
STOT SE 3, H335		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE			
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3			
STOT SE 3, H336		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE			
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3			
Date of printing	: 02.04.2019				
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revision					
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