



# Section 1. Identification

Product name	:	Jotafloor Glass Flake HS Comp A
Code	1	27360
Product description	:	Paint.
Product type	:	Liquid.
Other means of identification	:	Not available.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Use in coatings - Professio	onal use			
Supplier	<ul> <li>Jotun Australia Pty. Ltd.</li> <li>59 Calarco Drive, Derrimut, VIC 3026, Australia</li> <li>Phone: + 61 39314 0722 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.com</li> </ul>			
Emergency telephone number	: Medical Emergencies 24 hours: Poisons Information Centre (Australia) 131 126			

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word Hazard statements	: WARNING : H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 -	- May cause	an allergic skin	reaction.
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- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

**JOTUN** 

Jotun Protects Property

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

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Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> </ul>	
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minute Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>	S.
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.	

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.
Product code	: 27360

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥30 - ≤60	1675-54-3
silica, crystalline - quartz	≤10	14808-60-7
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs	≤10	68609-97-2
xylene	≤3	1330-20-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necessar</b>	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	icute and delayed	
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	uses serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Skin contact	uses skin irritation. May cause	an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp		
Eye contact	rerse symptoms may include th n or irritation ering ness	e following:
Inhalation	specific data.	
Skin contact	rerse symptoms may include th ation ness	e following:
Ingestion	specific data.	
Indication of immediate med	ention and special treatment	needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	at symptomatically. Contact po ntities have been ingested or ir	ison treatment specialist immediately if large haled.
Specific treatments	specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	y be dangerous to the person p	any personal risk or without suitable training. It roviding aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. ughly with water before removing it, or wear

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media						
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommo	ended: alcohol-resistant fo	am, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, w	ater spray.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not us	e water jet.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 15.06.2023	Date of previous issue	: 17.04.2023	Version	:1.09	3/13

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	:	•3Z

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for con	ta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### Precautions for safe handling

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

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Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).
silica, crystalline - quartz	Skin sensitiser. Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust
xylene	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
	STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 350 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 80 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering :	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process
controls	enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Expos	sure controls and personal protection
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.</li> <li>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.</li> <li>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.</li> <li>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> </ul>
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), 4H/ Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Brown., Blue., Brown., Green., Grey, Red, White., Yellow.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	<ul> <li>Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene). Weighted average: 281.67°C (539°F)</li> </ul>
Flash point	: Closed cup: 100°C (212°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.77 (xylene) compared with butyl acetate

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	0.8 - 6.7%
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.9 kPa (6.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (xylene).  Weighted average: 0.02 kPa (0.15 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700)). Weighted average: 11.47 (Air = 1)
Relative density	:	1.525 to 1.58 g/ cm³
Solubility	:	Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 432°C (809.6°F) (xylene).
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	;	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	<ul> <li>Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.</li> </ul>
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), Oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.. May produce an allergic reaction.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
oxirane, mono[	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]				
derivs				
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
oxirane, mono[ (c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 µl	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	
oxirane, mono[ (c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising	

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
silica, crystalline - quartz	Category 2	inhalation	lungs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

	Section 11. Toxicological information			
Name		Result		
xylene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Information on likely routes	: Not available.			
of exposure				
Potential acute health effect	<u>'s</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irrit	ation.		
Inhalation	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	<i>l</i> lay cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxico	logical characteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may	/ include the following:		
	pain or irritation			
	watering redness			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may	include the following:		
Skill contact	irritation	include the following.		
	redness			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effec	ts from short and long-term exposure		
Delayed and immediate effe Short term exposure	cts as well as chronic effec	ts from short and long-term exposure		
-	<ul><li>cts as well as chronic effect</li><li>: Not available.</li></ul>	ts from short and long-term exposure		
Short term exposure		<u>ets from short and long-term exposure</u>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.	<u>ets from short and long-term exposure</u>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	<u>ets from short and long-term exposure</u>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	<u>ets from short and long-term exposure</u>		
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Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available.	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>fects</li> <li>May cause damage to consensitized, a severe alleget</li> </ul>	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once orgic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to ver		
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Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>fects</li> <li>May cause damage to c sensitized, a severe alle low levels.</li> <li>No known significant effects</li> </ul>	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once orgic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to ver fects or critical hazards.		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>fects</li> <li>May cause damage to consensitized, a severe aller low levels.</li> <li>No known significant efficient of the sensitizent of the sensiti</li></ul>	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once orgic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to ver fects or critical hazards. fects or critical hazards. fects or critical hazards.		

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	91583.48 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	1665.15 mg/l

### Section 11. Toxicological information

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	pugio Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene	-		Not readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) oxirane, mono[ (c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	2.64 to 3.78 3.77	31 160 to 263	low low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

 Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

## Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	ш	Ш	ш	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	The product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported by road or rail in either an IBC, or in other container types if ≤500 kg. This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Z <u>Initial emergency</u> response guide 3Z	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Hazard identification number 90 Tunnel code (-)	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-A, S-F	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments : epoxy resin (MW  $\leq$  700) **Marine pollutant** 

substances Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Marking

: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

#### 5

#### Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

Ingredient name	<u>Schedule</u>
silica, crystalline - quartz silica, crystalline - quartz	Restricted hazardous chemical Restricted hazardous chemical [For abrasive blasting at a concentration of greater than 1%]

Australia inventory (AIIC) : Not determined.

#### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 15.06.2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 15.06.2023
Date of previous issue	: 17.04.2023
Version	: 1.09
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED	Calculation method
EXPOSURE - Category 2	
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category	Calculation method
2	
References : Not available.	

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 15.06.2023

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.