# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Tankguard Type III Comp B

Section 1. Chem	nical product and company identification
Product name	: 无溶剂酚醛环氧涂料III类 组份B
Product code	: 27301
Product type	: Liquid.
Product description	: Hardener.
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industria	luse
Use in coatings - Profession	onal use
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 中国江苏扬子江国际化学工业园南海路39号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986
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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H227 - Combustible liquid.</li> <li>H302 - Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>(heart, kidneys, liver)</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Physical and chemical hazards	: Combustible liquid.
Health hazards	: Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	≤75	1761-71-3
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	≤25	135108-88-2
benzyl alcohol	≤17	100-51-6
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	≤17	404362-22-7
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	≤8.7	919-30-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate mediate	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and material for cor	ntai	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L				
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see history of skin sensitization problems should not be even which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator we Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unle in the original container or an approved alternative me kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use a flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-pre- lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only containers retain product residue and can be hazard	employed in any pro- skin or clothing. Do- environment. Use of hen ventilation is in ess adequately ven ade from a compa- way from heat, spa oof electrical (ventil non-sparking tools	ocess in o not brea only with adequate tilated. k tible mate rks, oper ating, Empty	athe e. Keep erial, n
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in handled, stored and processed. Workers should wa eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminate equipment before entering eating areas. See also S information on hygiene measures.	sh hands and face d clothing and prote	before ective	;
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a area. Store in original container protected from direc ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (se drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed that have been opened must be carefully resealed an leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10	et sunlight in a dry, e ee Section 10) and s. Separate from o until ready for use. nd kept upright to p appropriate contain	cool and food and xidising Containe revent nment to	d ers
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 17.01.2024 Date of previous issue : 15.01.2024	Version	:1.04	5/13

## Section 7. Handling and storage

before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits None.	
Biological exposure indices No exposure indices known.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.</li> <li>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.</li> <li>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.</li> <li>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.</li> <li>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> <li>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.</li> </ul>
	Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), 4H/ Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm) Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm)
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	1	Liquid.			
Colour	:	Clear.			
Odour	1	Characteristic.			
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	owest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 89.18°C (552.5°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 90°C (194°F)			
Evaporation rate	:	0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate			
Flammability	:	Not applicable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1	1.3 - 13%			
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.008 kPa (0.06 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane).  Weighted average: 0.001 kPa (0.008 mm Hg) (at 20°C)			
Relative vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).			
Density	:	0.984 g/cm <sup>3</sup>			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 300°C (572°F) (cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-).			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Not available.			
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.			
No additional information.					

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> </ul>

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated		Rat	300 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1230 mg/kg 1780 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis- benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Mammal - species unspecified	-	24 hours 10 microliters -	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
benzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	Category 2	-	liver
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	Category 2	oral	kidneys
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	Category 2	-	heart

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>	
Not available.		
General	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

## Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Tankguard Type III Comp B	526.5	N/A	N/A	110	N/A
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'-methylenebis-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1780	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	Acute EC50 6.84 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 140 mg/l Acute LC50 46 mg/l	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	-	-	Not readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
cyclohexanamine, 4,4'- methylenebis-	2.03	-	low
formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated	-	209 to 219	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1.7	3.4	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or
	emplied containers that have not been cleaned or finsed out. Emply containers or

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number U	JN2735	UN2735	UN2735	UN2735
shipping name c (I n d	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.,	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane). Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs., 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)
Transport hazard 8 class(es)		8		8
Packing group	I	II	II	П
hazards e	Yes. The environmentally nazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	<u>n</u>			
IMDG IATA	Emergeno Segregatio : The enviro	e pollutant mark is not rec cy schedules F-A, S-B on Group: 18 - Alkalis onmentally hazardous sub tion regulations.		
ADR / RID	Hazard ide	striction code: (E) entification number: 80 ovisions: 274		
Marking		onmental hazardous / mar containing more than 5 lit		
Special precautions fo	upright and	t <b>within user's premises</b> d secure. Ensure that per of an accident or spillage.		
Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishir media	ng : Use dry ch	nemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray	r (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguis media	shing : Do not use	e water jet.		
Incompatible material	s : Reactive o oxidising n	r incompatible with the fo naterials	llowing materials:	
Transport in bulk acco to IMO instruments	ording : Not availa	ble.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	on : 17.01.2024	4 Date of previous issue	: 15.01.2024	Version : 1.04 11/13

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

#### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals

Classification and code of dangerous goods

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

**Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals** 

None of the components are listed.

List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

#### Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

None of the components are listed.

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 17.01.2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17.01.2024
Date of previous issue	: 15.01.2024
Version	: 1.04
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	Calculation method
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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