SAFETY DATA SHEET



SeaLion Resilient Wintergrade Comp B

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SeaLion Resilient Wintergrade Comp B

Product code : 26820
Product description : Hardener.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd.

Stather Road

P.O.Box 2021
Flixborough, Scunthorpe

3202 Sandefjord

North Lincolnshire Norway

DN15 8RR

England Tel: +47 33 45 70 00 Fax: +47 33 45 72 42

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00

Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.no

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD STOT SE 2, H371 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 1/15

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements : H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H371 - May cause damage to organs.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER

or doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane

dibutyltin diacetate

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 2/15

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	REACH #: 01-2119480479-24 EC: 213-048-4 CAS: 919-30-2 Index: 612-108-00-0	≥90	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
dibutyltin diacetate	REACH #: 01-2119634587-29 EC: 213-928-8 CAS: 1067-33-0	≤5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 3/15

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 4/15

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 5/15

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dibutyltin diacetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: as Sn
	STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Short term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	Short term Inhalation	17.4 mg/m³	-	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 6/15

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>				
		bw/day	population [Consumers]	
	Long term	17.4 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	
			[Consumers]	
	Short term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	
	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	-,
	Short term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	bw/day		- <i>j</i> - 12
	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Short term	17.4 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
	Long term	17.4 mg/m³		Systemic
	Inhalation		population	5,01011110
	Short term	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
	Long term	59 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
dibutyltin diacetate	Long term Oral	0.002 mg/	General	Systemic
,	J - "	kg bw/day	population	,
	Long term	0.003 mg/	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	m³	population	
	Short term Oral	0.01 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
	Long term	0.01 mg/m ³		Systemic
	Inhalation			•
	Short term	0.02 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	-
	Short term	0.07 mg/m ³		Systemic
	Inhalation			-
	Long term Dermal	0.08 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		-
	Short term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	-
	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		=
	ļ			

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Fresh water	0.33 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.033 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	13 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	1.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.12 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.05 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 7/15

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Gloves

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: PVC

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of hightemperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.

Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not applicable.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 8/15

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 217°C (422.6°F) (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane).

Flash point : Closed cup: 96°C **Evaporation rate** Not available. : Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not applicable.

: Highest known value: 0 kPa (0 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (dibutyltin diacetate). Vapour pressure

: Not available. Vapour density : 0.95 g/cm³ **Density**

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 520°C (968°F) (dibutyltin diacetate).

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s) **Viscosity**

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LD50 Oral	Rat	1780 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin diacetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2318 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2318 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	32 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 : 31.08.2020 Version 9/15 Date of previous issue

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	1846.92 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
dibutyltin diacetate	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		30 minutes 500 milligrams	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
dibutyltin diacetate	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental effects : May damage the unborn child.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin diacetate	Category 1	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin diacetate	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information : None identified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dibutyltin diacetate	. 0	Algae - Skeletonema costatum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours

This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 10/15

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1.7	3.4	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Yes.

Disposal considerations

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

Result		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 11/15

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3267	UN3267	UN3267	UN3267
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane). Marine pollutant (dibutyltin diacetate)	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 80

Tunnel code (E)

ADN

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IMDG

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-B Segregation Group: 18 - Alkalis

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31.08.2020 : 06.05.2021 Version: 2 12/15 Date of previous issue

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

VOC

: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use

Mixture

: Not applicable.

Europe inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

. Water : Listed

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Ingredient name	Annex	Status
Dibutyltin compounds	Annex I - Part 1	Listed

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 13/15

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Calculation method
STOT SE 2, H371	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 1
STOT SE 2	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 2

Date of printing : 06.05.2021 Date of issue/ Date of : 06.05.2021 revision

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue :31.08.2020 14/15 : 06.05.2021 Version :2

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SeaLion Resilient Wintergrade Comp B

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020

Version : 2

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.05.2021 Date of previous issue : 31.08.2020 Version : 2 15/15