# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Jotaguard VA 5001 55S

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotaguard VA 5001 55S

Product code : 26020

Product type : Powder coating.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

JOTUN BOYA SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş. Çerkezköy Organize Sanayi Şubesi G.O.P MAHALLESI ULUSOY CAD. NO. 8 CERKEZKOY 59500 TEKIRDAG TURKEY

Phone: + 90 282 726 8070 Fax: + 90 282 726 8073 sdsjotun@jotun.com

Başvurulacak Kişi: Deren Ercan deren.metiner@jotun.com

Original preparation date : 01.09.2023

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

## **National Poison Information Center**

- +90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html)
- a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız.
- b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112
- c. İTFAİYE:110

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 1/17

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F

Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger.

**Hazard statements** : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H360F - May damage fertility.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol

phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of

certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and

articles

: Restricted to professional users.

#### Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 2/17

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Type
barium sulfate	EC: 231-784-4 CAS: 7727-43-7	≤10	Not classified.	[2]
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	EC: 201-245-8 CAS: 80-05-7	≤5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1] [2]
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	CAS: 28064-14-4	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
titanium dioxide	EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Not classified.	[2]
calcium oxide	EC: 215-138-9 CAS: 1305-78-8	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	CAS: 693-98-1	<0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360D	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

### **Inhalation**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 3/17

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Protection of first-aiders**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 4/17

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: None known.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the** substance or mixture

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 :01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 5/17 Original preparation date

Jotaguard VA 5001 55S

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Dust Limit: 10 mg/m³ (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m³ (TWA of respirable)

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 6/17

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<mark></mark>	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
1	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013).
titanium dioxide	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust <b>EU OEL (Europe).</b>
titanium dioxide	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
calcium oxide	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes:
	STEL: 4 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
barium sulfate	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	13000 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	24 µg/kg	General	Systemic
		l <u> </u>	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	24 µg/kg	General	Systemic
	DATE		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	53 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	53 µg/kg	General	Systemic
	DATE	0	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	66 µg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	66 µg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	1 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	1 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 7/17

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term	28 μg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	170 μg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
calcium oxide	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	4 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	4 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation		_	
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.02 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.04 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day	l	
	DNEL	Long term	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 8/17

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Solid. Powder.
Colour : Various.
Odour : Odourless.
Odour threshold : Not applicable.
Melting point (dust) : 85 - 115 °C
Initial boiling point and : Not applicable.

boiling range

Flammability (solid, gas) : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

Lower explosion limit (dust) : 30 g/m<sup>3</sup>

Minimum ignition energy (mJ) : 10 - 30 (EN 13821)

Flash point

Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

: > 400°C : >250°C

pH : Not applicable.
Viscosity : Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

**Density** 

Vapour density

**Vapour pressure** : Not applicable.

Not applicable.

1.4 to 1.5 g/cm³

Not applicable.

Not available.

: Not available.

Explosive properties
Oxidising properties
Particle characteristics

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 9/17

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Median particle size : Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity

: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Prevent dust accumulation.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapours)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
√,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	250 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-
calcium oxide	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 10/17

Jotaguard VA 5001 55S

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Sensitisation** 

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
calcium oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Skin contact** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 :01.09.2023 Original preparation date Version : 1.02 11/17

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: May damage fertility.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.34 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult	90 days
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 12/17

Jotaguard VA 5001 55S

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	dubia - Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -	48 hours
	3.	Neonate	
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	water		
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	Acute LC50 286000 to 307000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
		20 to 67 2.34 -	low low low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Yes.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

## **Hazardous waste**

#### **Waste list**

Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

## **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 13/17

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Special precautions** 

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a). Marine pollutant (bisphenol a, phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Hazard identification number 90

Tunnel code (-)

**ADN** 

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1,

4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**IMDG** 

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1,

4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

**IATA** 

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1,

5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Marking

The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

Date of revision :01.09.2023 : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date Version : 1.02 14/17

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK** 

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex 14

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Restricted to professional users.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

## Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

## **Danger criteria**

## Category

E1

## **EU regulations**

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

## Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Toxic to reproduction	Bisphenol-A	Candidate	-	_
·	2-methylimidazole	Candidate	D(2020) 4578-DC	25.06.2020
Endocrine disrupting properties for human health	4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	Recommended	ED/01/2018	01.10.2019
Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	Recommended	ED/01/2018	01.10.2019

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

## **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 15/17

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

## **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

assessment

15.2 Chemical safety

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360F	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B	
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	

Date of printing : 22.02.2024

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 16/17

Jotaguard VA 5001 55S

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Date of issue/ Date of : 22.02.2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 02.01.2024

Version : 1.02

## **Contact information of certified author**

Responsible Person: Deren Ercan Mail Address: deren.metiner@jotun.com Certificate No: LONCA KDU81/2021.26 Certificate Expiration Date: 14.10.2026

#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

Date of revision : 22.02.2024 Original preparation date : 01.09.2023 Version : 1.02 17/17