## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## Jota Armour FG Comp A

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jota Armour FG Comp A

Product code : 25620
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

JOTUN INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED Fulcrum, A wing – 601(II) / 602, Next to Hyatt Regency, Sahar Road, Andheri – East, Mumbai – 99 India

SDSJotun@jotun.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Jotun India Pvt Ltd +91 2138 671300

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

#### Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10

Xi; R36/38 R43 R52/53

Physical/chemical

hazards

: Flammable.

**Human health hazards**: Irritating to eyes and skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

**Environmental hazards**: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **1/15** 

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Not applicable.

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment.

**Response** : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)

hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Class	<u>sification</u>		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6 Index: 603-074-00-8	≥10 - <25	Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51/53	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	-
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	REACH #: 01-2119555292-40 EC: 615-276-3 CAS: 71302-83-5	≤10	R43 R52/53	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	-
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤10	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]	С
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0	≤5	R10 Xi; R41, R37/38 R67	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]	-

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **2/15** 

Jota Armour FG Comp A						
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients						
li li	CAS: 78-83-1 ndex: 603-108-00-1		1	STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[4] [0]	

			on mgroutonto			
	CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1			STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336		
ethylbenzene	REACH #:	≤3	F; R11	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]	-
	01-2119489370-35		Xn; R20, R48/20, R65	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	EC: 202-849-4			STOT RE 2, H373		
	CAS: 100-41-4			(hearing organs)		
hammid alaahal	Index: 601-023-00-4		V D00/00	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[4]	
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38	≤3	Xn; R20/22	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]	-
	EC: 202-859-9			Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	CAS: 100-51-6					
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1, 3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-0000017900-73 EC: 432-840-2 CAS: 220926-97-6 Index: 616-201-00-7	≤3	Xn; R20 R53	Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]	-
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 3/15

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 4/15

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: 26.07.2017 **Date of issue** 5/15

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values  STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Derived no effect levels**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8,33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12,25 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8,33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12,25 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3,571 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0,75 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3,571 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,75 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **6/15** 

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16,4 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
porymonizou	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	57 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	28 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14,8 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1,6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1,6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	90 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	47 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9,5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	28,5 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5,7 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8,11 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40,55 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
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**Predicted no effect concentrations** 

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **7/15** 

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	PNEC	Fresh water	0,006 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0,0006 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0,996 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0,0996 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Soil	0,196 mg/l	-
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated,	PNEC	Fresh water	54 μg/l	-
polymerized				
	PNEC	Marine	5,4 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	2,2 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC		1584 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		158 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	158 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		316,7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		200 mg/kg	-
xylene	PNEC		0,327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0,327 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment	6,58 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2,31 mg/kg dwt	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	PNEC		0,4 mg/l	-
	PNEC		0,04 mg/l	-
	PNEC		10 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC		1,52 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		0,152 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		0,0699 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	PNEC		0,1 mg/l	-
	PNEC		0,01 mg/l	-
	PNEC		9,6 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC		13,7 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2,68 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	, ,	20 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	PNEC		1 mg/l	-
	PNEC		0,1 mg/l	-
	PNEC		39 mg/l	-
		Plant		
	PNEC		5,27 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC		0,527 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	0,456 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **8/15** 

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton®, Responder, 4H, Teflon

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

Melting point/freezing point

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **9/15** 

: Not applicable.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Not available.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 35°C

**Evaporation rate** 

: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.66compared

with butyl acetate

: Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)

**Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable.

**Upper/lower flammability or** 

**explosive limits** 

: 0.8 - 13%

Vapour pressure

: Highest known value: <1.6 kPa (<12 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-methylpropan-1-ol).

Weighted average: 0.32 kPa (2.4 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density

: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.49 (Air = 1)

**Relative density** 

1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Lowest known value: >375°C (>707°F) (hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.).

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available. : Not available. **Explosive properties Oxidising properties** : Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

hazardous reactions

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture

: 26.07.2017 **Date of issue** 10/15

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700), hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized. May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	55909,1 mg/kg
Dermal	13213,2 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	82,71 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	131,6 mg/l

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1, 3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2 Category 2		hearing organs Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1,4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3,1 mg/l	Fish - fathead minnow	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7,2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
,	Acute EC50 2,93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4,2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **11/15** 

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
hydrocarbons,	3,627	-	low
C9-unsaturated, polymerized			
xylene	3,12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3,6	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0,87	<100	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

#### **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

#### **International transport regulations**

**14.1 UN number** : 1263 **14.2 UN proper shipping** : Paint

name

**14.3 Transport hazard** : 3

class(es)



14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental : No.

hazards

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **12/15** 

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.6 Special precautions

for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Additional information** 

**ADR / RID** 

: Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30 Special provisions: 640E

ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to

receptacles < 450 litre capacity).

**IMDG Emergency schedules (EmS)** 

F-E, <u>S-E</u>

IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5

(applicable to receptacles < 30 litre capacity).

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

: Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

**Europe inventory** : At least one component is not listed.

: Not listed

: Not listed **Black List Chemicals** 

**Priority List Chemicals** : Not determined

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

: Not listed

**International regulations** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I** 

**Chemicals** 

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II** 

Chemicals

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule III** 

**Chemicals** 

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

: 26.07.2017 **Date of issue** 13/15

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

RRN = REACH Registration Number  Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]				
Classifica	ntion	Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226 Flammable liquid H302 Harmful if swalld H304 May be fatal if swalld H315 Causes skin irrit H317 May cause an all H318 Causes serious H319 Causes serious H332 Harmful if inhale H335 May cause respi H336 May cause drow H373 May cause dams (hearing organs) H373 May cause dams (hearing organs) H373 May cause dams H411 Toxic to aquatic H412 Harmful to aqua	owed. wallowed and enters airways. act with skin. ation. llergic skin reaction. eye damage. eye irritation. ed. iratory irritation. vsiness or dizziness. age to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		

#### Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R11- Highly flammable.

R10- Flammable.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 14/15

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

R38- Irritating to skin.

R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system and skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R53- May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: F - Highly flammable

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

Date of printing

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

**Date of issue** : 26.07.2017 **15/15**