SAFETY DATA SHEET



Barrier Comp A

Section 1. Identification				
GHS product identifier	: Barrier Comp A			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Product code	: 2521			
Product description	: Paint.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Identified uses				

Professional spray painting, near-industrial setting Professional low-energy painting, near-industrial setting Professional spray painting, indoor (Level II) Professional painting, indoor brush/roller Professional spray painting, outdoor (Level II) Professional painting, outdoor brush/roller Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

Manufacturing country		Jotun Thailand Limited 700/353 Amata Nakorn Industrial Estate (BIP 2) Moo 6, Tumbol Donhualoh, Amphur Muang Chonburi Chonburi 20000 Thailand
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	
Signal word	: Warning.	
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms		
substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	

Section 2. Hazards identification

 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
 P391 - Collect spillage. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not	: None known.
result in classification	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	:	Not applicable.
EC number	:	Mixture.
Product code	:	2521

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
zinc	≥50 - ≤75	7440-66-6
zinc oxide	≤10	1314-13-2
xylene	≤10	1330-20-7
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	≤10	25036-25-3
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤5	107-98-2
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessar	r <mark>y first aid m</mark>	easures
Eye contact	e	mmediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	l F F F F	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. f not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the berson providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery bosition and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	ns	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medica	la	ttention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	-	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	ry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or	foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	t use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		d with this material must be contained

gloves.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	ecomposition products may include the following materials: arbon dioxide arbon monoxide etal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	romptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vic ere is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal r uitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be c se water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	isk or without
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	re-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and reathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in p ode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Control parameters

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor (Thailand, 8/2017). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures		to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to its for methods for the determination of hazardous uired.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineer contaminants below any red	itilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ring controls to keep worker exposure to airborne commended or statutory limits. The engineering controls our or dust concentrations below any lower explosive ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the require cases, fume scrubbers, filte	or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ements of environmental protection legislation. In some ers or engineering modifications to the process y to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using t Appropriate techniques sho Contaminated work clothing	face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Fould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. If should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash re reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety porkstation location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is	to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, is possible, the following protection should be worn, cates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be worn at all times when h this is necessary. Consider check during use that the g should be noted that the tim different for different glove r	ous gloves complying with an approved standard should andling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates ring the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, loves are still retaining their protective properties. It ne to breakthrough for any glove material may be manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of otection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical
	damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
	May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm), 4H/ Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm)
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Grey
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point	: Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 131.68°C (269°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: 0.8 - 13.74%
Vapour pressure	 Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 1.01 kPa (7.58 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	ghest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3	3.54 (Air = 1)
Relative density	992 g/cm³	
Solubility	soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	ot available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	west known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).	
Decomposition temperature	ot available.	
SADT	ot available.	
Viscosity	nematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	
Aerosol product		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	 Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	13 g/kg 6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
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ection 11. Toxicolo	ogical inform	ation					
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit	-		500 mg	-
Sensitisation							
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species			Resu	lt	
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	skin	Mammal - species Sensitising unspecified					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•		
Not available.							
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>							
Not available.							
Reproductive toxicity							

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	- 3 3	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the physica	I, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Potential chronic health effects		
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	b
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
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Teratogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects Fertility effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
	14291.51 mg/kg 189.04 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia Fish	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc zinc oxide	-		Not readily Not readily
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
zinc oxide xylene 1-methoxy-2-propanol ethylbenzene	- 3.12 <1 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 -	high Iow Iow Iow

<u>Mobility in soil</u> Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (zinc)	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Additional information	-	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Transport in bulk according to : Not available. IMO instruments ADR / RID : Tunnel restriction code

: Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30

Section 15. Regulatory information

Hazardous Substance Act B.E. 2535 (1992	<u>2)</u>		
Туре			
Ingredient name	<u>Type</u>	<u>Authority</u>	Conditions
lead	3	Department of Industrial Works	-
cadmium and cadmium compounds	4	Department of Agriculture	-
cadmium and cadmium compounds	4	The Food and Drug Administration	-

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	1	21.04.2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	1	21.04.2023
Date of previous issue	1	28.05.2020
Version	1	1.11
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
References	1	Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.