# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Megagloss AC Comp A

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Megagloss AC Comp A

Product code : 22900
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd.

P.O.Box 2021 Stather Road

3202 Sandefjord Flixborough, Scunthorpe Norway North Lincolnshire

Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 DN15 8RR Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 England

E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

Telephone number : Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number**: +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :





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#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word : Warning.

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

> H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Response

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. **Storage** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

**Disposal** 

: EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Do not breathe spray or mist.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.

vPvB.

1907/2006, Annex XIII

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2	≥25 - ≤50	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	[1]
4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	DEACH#	-0.2	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[4]
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f	[1]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-688-5 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
•	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
, , ,	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 274 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous

substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
DNEL	Long term	28 μg/m³	General	Local
DNEL	Long term	170 μg/m³	Workers	Local
DNE	Inhalation	000	M/ a wk a wa	Customia
DINEL	Inhalation	960 mg/m²	vvorkers	Systemic
DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859.7 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term	DNEL Long term lnhalation DNEL Long term lnhalation DNEL Short term lnhalation DNEL Short term lnhalation DNEL Short term lnhalation DNEL Long term lnhalation DNEL Long term lnhalation DNEL Long term lnhalation DNEL Short term 480 mg/m³ lnhalation DNEL Short term 859.7 mg/	DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term 480 mg/m³ Workers Inhalation DNEL Short term 480 mg/m³ Workers Inhalation DNEL Short term 859.7 mg/ General

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

-			1		
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL				Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
		maiation		[Consumers]	
	DATE		0		0
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVE	Long term berman			Cystornio
	DATE		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		9	bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Short term Dermai		WOIKEIS	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	101122	Inhalation	oo., mg,m	population	Local
	DNE		40/3		Cyrotomoio
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DIVLE		Joo mg/m		Cysternic
	DATE	Inhalation	000 / 3	population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemia
	DINEL		600 mg/m	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			- Joseph III
	DNE		E4 0 mm m/	Camanal	Cyrotomoio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-
				[Consumers]	
	DME	Long torm Oral	167 -1		Systemis
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	,	population	
	DNE		22 ma/m3	General	Systemia
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	5.,	Inhalation	g/		2,000,7110
	האירי		200 //-	Comerci	Cyatan::-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Demial		VVOINGIS	Cysternic
			bw/day		
<u> </u>	1	l			<u>                                     </u>

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

DECTION 6. Exposure controls/personal protection								
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic			
		J 1 = 1 <b>2</b>	bw/day	population [Consumers]				
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m³	General	Systemic			
		Inhalation	<u>,                                    </u>	population	,			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg	[Consumers] General	Systemic			
			bw/day	population [Consumers]	2,0.0.1110			
	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic			
		Inhalation		population				
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local			
	DNEI	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	Local			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local			
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local			
	ראבי	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	Morks	Local			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m³	Workers	Local			
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic			
	ראבי	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	Cyatamia			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic			
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic			
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)			kg bw/day	population				
ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10- (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate								
	DNEL	Long term	0.31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic			
	DNEL	Inhalation	0.0 ma/ka	population	Systemic			
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	0.9 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic			
propylidynetrimethanol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.34 mg/	General	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.34 mg/	population General	Systemic			
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day	population	Oystellille			
	DNEL	Long term	0.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic			
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/	population Workers	Systemic			
			kg bw/day					
	DNEL	Long term	3.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic			
		Inhalation						

**PNECs** 

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
		0.018 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg dwt	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

### **Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### **Gloves**

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity. wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Colour : Blue., Grey, MCI Base 1, MCI Base 2, MCI Base 3, White.

137.55°C (279.6°F)

**Odour** Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and Lowest known value: 126°C (258.8°F) (n-butyl acetate). Weighted average:

boiling range

**Flammability** : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 1.4 - 7.6%

: Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. pH : Not applicable.

**Viscosity** Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 1.5 kPa (11.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (n-butyl acetate).

Weighted average: 0.97 kPa (7.28 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

: Highest known value: 1 (n-butyl acetate) Weighted average: 0.7compared with **Evaporation rate** 

butyl acetate

: 1.022 to 1.286 g/cm<sup>3</sup> **Density** 

Vapour density Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).

Weighted average: 4.26 (Air = 1)

**Explosive properties** : Not available. Not available. **Oxidising properties** 

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13100 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	13100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	ı	72 hours	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Other information : None identified.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	Acute EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	96 hours

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

4-piperidinyl) decanedid	ate		
	Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.3 1.2	-	low low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics propylidynetrimethanol	- -0.47	10 to 2500 <1	high low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

# **Hazardous waste**

: Yes.

#### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		Waste catalogue
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Special precautions** 

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable to

receptacles < 450 litre capacity).

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, <u>S-E</u>

IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code

(only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern** 

None of the components are listed.

**Ozone depleting substances** 

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

#### Category

P<sub>5</sub>c

#### **EU regulations**

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

**Air** 

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

#### **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

 This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications

Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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#### **Notice to reader**

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