SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotun Inhibitor 53

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Jotun Inhibitor 53

Code : 21840

Product description : Organic.

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

1.2 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer : Jotun Australia

9 Cawley Road Brooklyn 3012 Australia

Telephone + 61 39314 0722 Fax + 61 39314 0423

SDSJotun@jotun.com

Supplier : APCO Coatings (NZ) Ltd

1/20A Arwen Place,

East Tamaki,

Auckland 2013, New Zealand

Phone +64 800 289 2726

1.3 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: Medical Emergencies 24 hours:

number Poisons Information Centre (New Zealand) 0800 764 766

Section 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

HSNO Classification : 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E

8.2 - CORROSIVE TO DERMAL TISSUE - Category C 8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - Category A

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category C

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger.

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 **1/10**

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

May be harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

EC number : Mixture.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2-dimethyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester	≥90	6846-50-0
	≥10 - <25	98-29-3

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

: 26.05.2021 **Date of issue** 2/10

Section 4. First aid measures

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eyes: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments

: Not available.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Hazchem code

• 2X

Special precautions for fire-

fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 3/10

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 **4/10**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, neoprene

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 130°C (266°F)

Burning rate : Not applicable.

Burning time : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 *5/10*

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits Vapour pressure

: Highest known value: <0.001 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (propanoic acid,

2-methyl-, 2,2-dimethyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester).

Vapour density : Not available. : Not available. Relative density **Density** 0.945 g/cm³

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s) **Viscosity**

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Not applicable. **Heat of combustion** Not available. Ignition distance : Not applicable. **Enclosed space ignition -**: Not applicable.

Time equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -

Deflagration density

Not applicable.

Flame height : Not applicable. Flame duration : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Corrosive to eyes and skin. Vapour may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Harmful if ingested. Material is corrosive to the mucous membranes.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

: 26.05.2021 6/10 Date of issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitisation

3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4-tert-butylcatechol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eye contact** Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5000 mg/kg
Dermal	11000 mg/kg

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 **7/10**

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4-tert-butylcatechol	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2,2-dimethyl-1-	-	5340	high
(1-methylethyl) -1,3-propanediyl ester 4-tert-butylcatechol	1.98	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
New Zealand Class	UN1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (4-tert-butylcatechol)	8	II	CONROSIVE	Hazchem code 2X
ADG Class	UN1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (4-tert-butylcatechol)	8	II		Hazchem code 2X
UN Class	UN1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (4-tert-butylcatechol)	8	II		-
ADR/RID Class	UN1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (4-tert-butylcatechol)	8	II		Hazard identification number 80 Tunnel code (E)
IATA Class	UN1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (4-tert-butylcatechol)	8	II		-

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 **8/10**

Section 14. Transport information

 IMDG Class
 UN1760
 Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (4-tert-butylcatechol)
 8
 II
 Emergency schedules

 schedules
 F-A, S-B

PG*: Packing group

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

ADR / RID : IMDG :

Section 15. Regulatory information

National regulations

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

5

Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

<u>Ingredient name</u> <u>Schedule</u>

No listed substance

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

: All ingredients are listed on (AICS/NZOIC) or exempt

Australia inventory (AICS) : All ingredients are listed on (AICS/NZOIC) or exempt

HSNO Classification : 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E

8.2 - CORROSIVE TO DERMAL TISSUE - Category C 8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - Category A

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category C

HSNO Group Standard : Not available.HSNO Approval Number : Not applicable

Approved Handlers

Certificate

: Approved Handlers certificate is exempt.

Toxic substances schedule

(NZ)

: 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category E

8.2 - CORROSIVE TO DERMAL TISSUE - Category C 8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - Category A

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category C

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product

(including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

History

Date of printing : 26.05.2021

Date of issue/Date of : 26.05.2021

revision

Date of previous issue : 20.05.2021 Version : 1.02

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 **9/10**

Section 16. Other information

specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

Date of issue : 26.05.2021 **10/10**