

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SeaLion Tiecoat Comp C
Product code	: 2163
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun South Africa (PTY) Ltd P.O.Box 187, Blackheath 7581, Cape Town 8000

Tel: +27 21 941 8800 Fax: +27 21 941 8700

SDSJotun@jotun.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

24 hour toll free number Environserve Hazmat: 0800 147 112

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child) STOT SE 2, H371 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.</li> <li>H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects.</li> <li>H371 - May cause damage to organs.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: xylene ethylbenzene dibutyltin di(acetate)
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ents</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture	1	1	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
dibutyltin di(acetate)	REACH #: 01-2119634587-29 EC: 213-928-8 CAS: 1067-33-0	<2.5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child) STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid	measures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains dibutyltin di(acetate). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising fi	m the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.	
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire drains or watercourses.	to
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.	

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	1	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.		

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene ethylbenzene	<ul> <li>EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</li> <li>STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
procedures atmos of the protect the foll the ass limit va atmos of expo (Work for the	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace phere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory tive equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as lowing: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for sessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with alues and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace pheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment osure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 place atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance ments for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredier	nt name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene		Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
		Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Systemic
		Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene		Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Inhalation			
Long term	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
Inhalation			
Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
-	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
-	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Gloves	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> </ul>
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: neoprene, butyl rubber Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various colours.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 136. 15°C (277.1°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 32°C
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8 - 6.7%
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.96 kPa (7.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)
Density	: 0.88 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 432°C (809.6°F) (xylene).
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

	-	_
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	1	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains dibutyltin di(acetate). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin di(acetate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2318 mg/kg	-
<b>,</b>	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2318 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	32 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Dermal	1492.3 mg/kg	
Inhalation (vapours)	11.19 mg/l	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observat	tion
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	30 minutes 500 milligrams	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
<u>Sensitisation</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene dibutyltin di(acetate)	0,		hearing organs Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene dibutyltin di(acetate)	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l Acute EC50 35 µg/l Marine water	Algae Daphnia Fish Algae - Skeletonema costatum - Exponential growth phase	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 72 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-		Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 -	low low	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and v	PvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

15.1 Waste treatment meth	Jus							
Product								
Methods of disposal	:	Disposal of with the req and any reg recyclable p disposed of	this product, so uirements of er jional local auth products via a lio	olutions and nvironmenta ority require censed was e sewer un	bided or minimised any by-products sl al protection and wa ements. Dispose o te disposal contract less fully compliant	nould at all tin aste disposal f surplus and ctor. Waste s	nes comp legislatio non- hould no	n t be
Hazardous waste	:	The classifi	cation of the pro	oduct may r	neet the criteria for	a hazardous	waste.	
Disposal considerations	:	Dispose of If this produ longer apply	ict is mixed with and the appro	federal, sta other wast priate code	ourses. Ite and local applica es, the original was should be assigne ocal waste authority	ste product co d.		no
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	08 01 11* V substances	•	varnish coi	ntaining organic sol	lvents or othe	r danger	ous
Packaging								
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.						
Disposal considerations	:	the relevant Empty conta Dispose of	waste authority ainers must be	y on the cla scrapped o	ity data sheet, advious ssification of empty r reconditioned. y the product in acc	containers.		from
Type of packaging			Euro	pean wast	e catalogue (EWC	)		
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 (	01 10*		aging conta rdous subst	ining residues of or ances	r contaminate	d by	
Special precautions	:	taken when Empty conta residues ma container. I thoroughly i	handling empti ainers or liners ay create a high Do not cut, welc	ied containe may retain nly flammab d or grind us d dispersal	e disposed of in a s ers that have not be some product resid le or explosive atm sed containers unle of spilt material and	een cleaned o lues. Vapour osphere insid ess they have	r rinsed o from pro le the been cle	out. oduct eaned
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# SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	1263	1263	1263	1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (dibutyltin diacetate)	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3			3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

user

- **14.6 Special precautions for** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- 14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** : Restricted to professional users. on the manufacture,

placing on the market and use of certain

dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

**Other EU regulations** 

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

VOC for Ready-for-Use : Not applicable. **Mixture** 

SECTION 15: Regula	atory information		
Europe inventory	: All components are listed or	exempted.	
Industrial emissions	: Listed		
(integrated pollution prevention and control) -			
Water			
Ozone depleting substan	ces (1005/2009/EU)		
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (	<u>PIC) (649/2012/EU)</u>		
Ingredient name		Annex	Status
Dibutyltin compounds		Annex I - Part 1	Listed
Seveso Directive			
This product may add to the major accident hazards.	e calculation for determining whe	ther a site is within the scope of th	e Seveso Directive on
National regulations			
Industrial use	own assessment of workpla	n this safety data sheet does not c ce risks, as required by other hea f the national health and safety at work.	Ith and safety
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Conven	tion List Schedules I, II & III Ch	<u>emicals</u>	
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol (Annexe	es A, B, C, E)		
Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Pollutants		
Not listed.			
Rotterdam Convention on	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		
Not listed.			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol o	<u>n POPs and Heavy Metals</u>		
Not listed.			
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: Not applicable.		
SECTION 16: Other	information		
Indicates information that	has changed from previously issu	ued version.	
Abbroviations and	• ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate	ato	

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
Procedure used to derive th	o classification according to Pogulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLD/GHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H312	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child)	Calculation method
STOT SE 2, H371	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29.03.2019	Date of previous issue         : 29.03.2019         Version         : 1.01         14/15
STOT SE 2, H371		Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
STOT SE 1, H370		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
		EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 1, H372		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
Skin Sens. 1, H317		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B, H314		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
		Category 1B
Repr. 1B, H360FD		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child) -
Muta. 2, H341		GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1, H318		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1, H400		ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

STOT SE 3, H335		Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
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Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 29.03.2019	
Date of previous issue	: 29.03.2019	
Version	: 1.01	

#### Notice to reader

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.