

SeaLion Tiecoat Comp B

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet,
Article 10 Paragraph 1

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : SeaLion Tiecoat Comp B

Label No. : 2162

Product description : Hardener.

Product type : Liquid.

B. Recommended use of the chemical

Identified uses

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

C. Supplier/Manufacturer : Chokwang Jotun Ltd.

96, Gwahaksandan 1-ro Gangseo-gu, Busan

South Korea

Tel: +82 51 797 6000 Fax: +82 51 711 7735 SDSJotun@jotun.com

Emergency telephone: H.G.LEE Chokwang Jotun Ltd.

number Tel: +82 51 797 6000

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :





Signal word : Danger.

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber; < 1 hour

(breakthrough time): polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash

hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Section 2. Hazards identification

C. Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance

Ingredient name	Synonyms	CAS number	%
	1-Propanamine, 3-(triethoxysilyl)-; aminopropyltriethoxysilane; 3- (Triethoxysilyl) propylamine	919-30-2	90-100

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- **B.** Skin contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- C. Inhalation
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- **D.** Ingestion
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- E. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.

SeaLion Tiecoat Comp B Page: 3/9

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

F. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments

: Not available.

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Protection of first-aiders:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing the results with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

A. Extinguishing media

Suitable: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

C. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- A. Precautions for safe handling
- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- B. Appropriate engineering controls
- : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: butyl rubber

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: polyvinyl chloride (PVC) For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of

Page: 5/9

penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of

use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Eye protection : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-

temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and

safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various colours.

B. Odour : Characteristic.

C. Odour threshold : Not available.

D. pH : Not applicable.

E. Melting/freezing point : Not applicable.

F. Boiling point/boiling

range G. Flash point

: Closed cup: 103°C (217.4°F)

: >68°C (>154.4°F)

Burning time : Not applicable.
Burning rate : Not applicable.
H. Evaporation rate : Not available.

I. Flammability (solid,

gas)

: Not available.

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable)

limits

: 0.8 - 4.5%

K. Vapour pressure : <0.01 kPa (<0.08 mm Hg) (at 20°C)</p>

L. Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

M. Vapour density : Not available.N. Relative density : 0.95 g/cm³ @ 20 °C

O. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: The product is more soluble in octanol; log(octanol/water) = 1.7

P. Auto-ignition : Not applicable. temperature

Q. Decomposition

temperature

: Not available.

SADT : Not available.

R. Viscosity : Dynamic (23 °C): 2 mPa·s (2 cP)

Kinematic (23 °C): 0.02 cm²/s (2 mm²/s)

Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 mm²/s)

S. Molecular weight : 221.42 g/mole

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

B. Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Page: 6/9

C. Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

D. Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

E. Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on likely routes of exposure

Respiratory: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Oral : Harmful if swallowed.
Skin : Causes severe burns.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

B. Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LD50 Oral	Rat	1780 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitisation

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects**

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

C. ATE value

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Ecotoxicity

: This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

Not available.

B. Persistence/degradability

Not available.

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1.7	3.4	low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods
- The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- **B.** Disposal precautions
- This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

International transport regulations

Proper shipping name

: Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane)

UN Number : 2735
Class : 8
Packing group : II

Label



Additional information

ADR / RID

: Tunnel restriction code: (E)
Hazard identification number: 80

IMDG

: Emergency schedules (EmS): F-A, S-B

Marine pollutant: No.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. Regulation according to ISHA

Article 2 of Youth

: Not applicable.

Protection Act on

Substances Hazardous

to Youth

ISHA article 37

: This material is not listed.

(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

ISHA article 38

: This material is not listed.

(Harmful substances requiring permission) **ISHA Article 39**

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

None of the components have an OEL.

ISHA Enforcement Regs : This material is not listed.

Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs

: This material is not listed.

Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work

Environment Measurement)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : This material is not listed.

Annex 12-2 (Harmful **Factors Subject to Special Health Check-**

up)

Standard of Industrial

: This material is not listed.

Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to

control)

B. Regulation according to AREC & CCA

AREC Toxic chemicals : Not applicable

AREC Article 32

(Banned)

AREC Article 32 : This material is not listed.

(Restricted)

AREC Article 17 (TRI) : This material is not listed.

Korea inventory : This material is listed or exempted.

CSCA Article 39

(Accident Precaution

Chemicals)

: This material is not listed.

: This material is not listed.

C. Dangerous Materials : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid

Item: 5. Class 3 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid **Safety Management Act**

Threshold: 2000 L Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national D. Wastes regulation

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Europe inventory : This material is listed or exempted.

SeaLion Tiecoat Comp B

Page: 9/9

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory

: Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

the product

Section 16. Other information

A. References : Not available.

B. Date of issue/Date of : 09.03.2018

revision

C. Version : 2

Date of printing : 09.03.2018

D. Other

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.