## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Jotun Thinner No. 29

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification		
Product name	: 佐敦29号稀释剂	
Product code	: 21340	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Product description	: Thinner.	
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Use in coatings - Industria Use in coatings - Profess		
Supplier's details	: 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司 中国江苏扬子江国际化学工业园南海路39号 215634 电话: +86 512 58937988 传真: +86 512 58937986	
	Jotun Coatings (Zhangjiagang) Co. Ltd NO.39 Nanhai Road Jiangsu Yangtze River International Chemical Industry Park, Jiangsu Province 215634 China Tel: +86 512 58937988 Fax: +86 512 58937986	
	中远佐敦船舶涂料(青岛)有限公司 中国山东省青岛市高新区春阳路800号 总机电话: +86-532-68689888 总机传真: +86-532-66726750	
	Jotun COSCO Marine Coatings (Qingdao) Co. Ltd. No. 800, Chunyang Road, High-tech Zone, Qingdao, P. R. China Tel: +86-532-68689888 Fax: +86-532-66726750	
	SDSJotun@jotun.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Emergency Services for Chemical Incident of China. Tel: +86 532 83889090	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

#### **GHS label elements**

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Physical and chemical hazards	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥90	108-65-6
2-methoxypropyl acetate	<0.3	70657-70-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	

## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I

ction of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
: Do not use water jet.
: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions</b>	for	safe	handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters										
Occupational exposure limit	its									
None.										
Biological exposure indices	5									
No exposure indices known.										
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only wir ventilation c contaminan also need to limits. Use	r other eng ts below ar keep gas,	ineering co ly recomme vapour or	ntrols to ke ended or sta dust concer	ep worker e atutory limits ntrations bel	exposure s. The e	to airb nginee	orne ring cor	
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions f they comply cases, fume equipment	with the re scrubbers	quirements , filters or e	of environi	mental prote modificatior	ection leg	gislatio proces	n. In sc	
Individual protection measured	res									
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hand eating, smo Appropriate Wash conta safety show	king and us techniques minated cl	sing the lav s should be othing befo	atory and al used to rer re reusing.	t the end of nove potent Ensure that	the work	king pei tamina	riod. ted clot	hing.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyew assessmen gases or du unless the a side-shields	t indicates sts. If cont issessmen	his is nece act is possi	ssary to ave ble, the foll	oid exposure	e to liqui ction sho	d splas ould be	hes, mi worn,	
Skin protection										
Hand protection	:	There is no resistance t The breakth The instruct storage, ma Gloves shot material. Always ensu- correctly. The perform damage and Barrier crea- applied onc Wear suitat Recommen butyl rubber	o any indivi irough time ions and in intenance uld be repla ure that glo nance or ef d poor main ms may he e exposure ole gloves to ded, gloves (> 0.4 mm	dual or con must be gi formation p and replace iced regula ves are free fectiveness itenance. Ip to protec has occurr ested to ISC 6(breakthro ), PVC (> 0	nbination of reater than rovided by ment must rly and if the e from defer of the glove t the expos ed. 0 374-1:201 ugh time) > .5 mm), Vit	chemicals. the end use the glove m be followed ere is any si cts and that e may be re ed areas of l6. 8 hours: nit on® (> 0.7 r	e time of lanufactu gn of da they are duced b the skin trile rubb mm)	the pro urer on mage t e storec y physi but sh er (> 0	oduct. use, o the gl d and us cal/che ould no .75 mm	love sed mical ot be
Date of issue/Date of revision		penetration,							.1.02	EMO
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 17.01.2024	Date of pre	vious Issue	: 17.0	1.2024	v	'ersion	1.03	5/12

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Colour	1	Clear.			
Odour	:	Characteristic.			
Odour threshold	:	lot applicable.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not applicable.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	Lowest known value: 145.8°C (294.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 42°C (107.6°F)			
Evaporation rate	:	0.3 (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate) compared with butyl acetate			
Flammability	:	Not applicable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	1.5 - 7%			
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 0.4 kPa (2.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).			
Relative vapour density	:	Highest known value: 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).			
Density	:	0.97 g/cm <sup>3</sup>			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water hot water		Very slightly soluble Very slightly soluble			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate).			
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)			
Particle characteristics					
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.			
No additional information.					

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> </ul>

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 2-methoxypropyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

•	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		· · /	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	China	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3272	UN3272	UN3272	UN3272
UN proper shipping name	Esters, n.o.s. (2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	Esters, n.o.s. (2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	Esters, n.o.s. (2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	Esters, n.o.s. (2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	111	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

IMDG

: Emergency schedules F-E, S-D

## Section 14. Transport information

•		
ADR / RID	1	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30
On a sint management in a single second		
Special precautions for user		<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	1	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	1	Do not use water jet.
Incompatible materials	1	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

#### Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals Classification and code of dangerous goods

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

#### Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

#### **Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals**

Ingredient name	CAS number		Reference number
-	-	Listed	2828

#### List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

#### Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

## Section 15. Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

#### Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

None of the components are listed.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 17.01.2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17.01.2024
Date of previous issue	: 17.01.2024
Version	: 1.03
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method

#### References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

## Section 16. Other information

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.