SAFETY DATA SHEET



Marathon 500 Comp B

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Marathon 500 Comp B
Product code	: 21061
Product description	: Hardener.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S P.O.Box 2021 3202 Sandefjord Norway Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no	Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England
	Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00
1.4 Emergency telephone num	nber
National advisory body/Poiso	on Centre
Telephone number	: Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number

: +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger.
Hazard statements	:	 H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	4	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	:	 P391 - Collect spillage. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles		Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ner	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : I	Mixture	ł	I	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
penzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥25 - ≤35	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
benzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	REACH #: 01-0000018826-60 CAS: 404362-22-7	≥10 - <25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 (heart) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis [oxirane]	CAS: 110839-13-9	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	REACH #: 01-2119514687-32 EC: 220-666-8 CAS: 2855-13-2 Index: 612-067-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317	[1]
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine	REACH #: 01-2119480150-50 EC: 216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0	≥10 - ≤19	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH071	[1]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 Index: 603-069-00-0	≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 See Section 16 for	[1]
			the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Notes to physician	1	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

•		
Hazards from the substance or mixture	n a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may bur This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the inci here is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained preathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressu mode.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

on recounting, pressuantions, pre		cure equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

information on hygiene measures.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring	1	Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to
procedures		national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous
		substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
penzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
benzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.002 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.004 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.03 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.05 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.18 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis [oxirane]	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.33 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
[ovirano]	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.66 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.99 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.74 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.87 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.29 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	9.84 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.526 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.073 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.073 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

			bw/day	population	
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	DMEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.075 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.075 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.075 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.13 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.13 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.15 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.53 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.1 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
penzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
•	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	39 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
3-aminomethyl-	Fresh water	0.06 mg/l	-
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine		_	
	Marine	0.006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	3.18 mg/l	-
	Plant	_	
	Fresh water sediment	5.784 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.578 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	1.121 mg/kg dwt	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Fresh water	0.084 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0084 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	0.2 mg/l	-
	Plant		

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC (> 0.5 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05.04.2024 Date of previous issue	: 21.04.2023	Version : 1.03	9/16
Odour	: Not available.			
Colour	: Colourless.			
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Appearance				

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Odour threshold	Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	✓ west known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted avera 235.34°C (455.6°F)	age:
Flammability	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1.2 - 13%	
Flash point	Closed cup: 95°C (203°F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 380°C (716°F) (3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine).	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s	
Solubility(ies)		
Media	Result	
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	Highest known value: 0.007 kPa (0.05 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (benzyl alcohol) Weighted average: 0.004 kPa (0.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)).
Evaporation rate	0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate	
Density	1.03 g/cm ³	
Vapour density	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).	
Explosive properties	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	Not available.	
Particle characteristics		

9.2 Other information

Median particle size

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: Not applicable.

10.1 Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
penzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
3-aminomethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine				
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	980 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1673 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Marathon 500 Comp B	1332.1	N/A	N/A	27.2	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine	980	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1673	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
penzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 µg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 µg	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 μg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 ml	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Penzenedimethanamine, n- (2-phenylethyl) derivs.	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane]	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

- **Developmental effects**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Fertility effects**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Prod	uct/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
benzenedimethanam	ine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.	Category 2	-	heart
Aspiration hazard			1	
Not available.				
Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye d	amage.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to th	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Other information	: None identified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
G-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	Acute EC50 17.4 to 21.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	Acute IC50 37 mg/l Acute EC50 12 mg/l	Algae Algae	72 hours 72 hours
Conclusion/Summary : This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Penzyl alcohol3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	-		Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
penzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	0.18	2.69	low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol			

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste code	Waste designation
<u>Waste catalogue</u>	
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation an any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed o untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

	Waste code		Waste designation			
	08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances				
P	Packaging					
	Methods of disposal	packaging sh	on of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste ould be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered og is not feasible.			
	Type of packaging		Waste catalogue			
	CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances			
S	pecial precautions	taken when h Empty contai	and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. ners or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.			

SECTION 14: Transport information

	-			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint related material	Paint related material	Paint related material. Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.)	Paint related material
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	11	II	II	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information		
ADR/RID	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$. <u>Hazard identification number</u> 80 <u>Tunnel code</u> (E)
ADN	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$.
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg. Emergency schedules F-A, S-B
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
E2	

EU regulations

Industrial emissions: Not listed(integrated pollution
prevention and control) -
Air: Not listedIndustrial emissions
(integrated pollution
prevention and control) -
Water: Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and
	Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	No. 720 and amendments
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
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Procedure used to derive the classification

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Marathon	500	Comp B	

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification	
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method	
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
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revision	
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