SAFETY DATA SHEET



Marathon 500 Comp B

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name : 超强耐磨环氧漆500 组份B

Product code : 21061
Product type : Liquid.
Product description : Hardener.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

Supplier's details : 佐敦涂料(张家港)有限公司

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Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger.

Hazard statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(heart)

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General

: Not applicable.

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.

P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER

or doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Physical and chemical

hazards

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Health hazards

: Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an

allergic skin reaction.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

Not available.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-----|-------------|
| benzyl alcohol | ≤35 | 100-51-6 |
| benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. | <25 | 404362-22-7 |
| 1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane] | ≤25 | 110839-13-9 |
| 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | ≤25 | 2855-13-2 |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine | ≤19 | 1477-55-0 |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | ≤10 | 90-72-2 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

: Causes serious eye damage. **Eye contact**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water

contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being

discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-------------------------------|--|
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. C: 0.018 ppm |

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC (> 0.5 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm)

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colourless.
Not available.
Colourless.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point
Not applicable.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average:

235.34°C (455.6°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 95°C (203°F)

Evaporation rate : 0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate

Flammability : Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion : 1.2 - 13%

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 0.007 kPa (0.05 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (benzyl alcohol).

Weighted average: 0.004 kPa (0.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Relative vapour density: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).

Density : 1.03 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |
| hot water | Not soluble |

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Lowest known value: 380°C (716°F) (3-aminomethyl-

3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine).

Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

No additional information.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|------------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------|
| benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | LD50 Oral LD50 Oral | Rat Rat | 1230 mg/kg 1030 mg/kg | - |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | LD50 Oral | Rat | 980 mg/kg | - |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1673 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------|
| benzyl alcohol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Mammal - species unspecified | - | - | - |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 µg | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 750 | - |
| 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 μg | - |
| F | Skin - Severe irritant | Rat | - | 0.25 ml | - |

Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| 1,3-Benzenedimethanamine, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane] | | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | skin | Mammal - species unspecified | Sensitising |

Mutagenicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | 3.5 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. | Category 2 | - | heart |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Marathon 500 Comp B | 1355.4 | N/A | N/A | 27.2 | N/A |
| benzyl alcohol | 1230 | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs. | 1000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | 1030 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'-diamine | 980 | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--|-------------------------|----------|
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | Acute EC50 17.4 to 21.5 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute IC50 37 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine | Acute EC50 12 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------------|
| benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | - | | Readily Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--------------------------------|--------|------|-----------|
| benzyl alcohol | 0.87 | <100 | low |
| 3-aminomethyl- | 0.99 | - | low |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | |
| m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- | 0.18 | 2.69 | low |
| diamine | | | |
| 2,4,6-tris | 0.219 | - | low |
| (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | | | |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | China | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| UN number | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 |
| UN proper shipping name | Paint related material | Paint related material | Paint related material. Marine pollutant (benzenedimethanamine, n-(2-phenylethyl) derivs.) | Paint related material |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

Additional information

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-A, S-B

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

ADR / RID

Tunnel restriction code: (E) Hazard identification number: 80

Marking

: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

Transport in bulk according

: Not available.

to IMO instruments

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on the Control over Safety of Dangerous Chemicals

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes Safety regulations for the use of chemicals in the workplace

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals

Classification and code of dangerous goods

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

| Ingredient name | CAS number | | Reference number |
|--|------------|--------|------------------|
| 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | 2855-13-2 | Listed | 3 |

List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of highly toxic articles

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

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Section 16. Other information

History

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revision

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 | Calculation method | |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B | Calculation method | |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 | Calculation method | |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 | Calculation method | |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 | Calculation method | |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | Calculation method | |
| LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 | Calculation method | |

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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