

Tankguard Holding Primer Comp A

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Tankguard Holding Primer Comp A
Product code	: 20200
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Supplier's details	: EL MOHANDES JOTUN S.A.E. INDUSTRIAL AREA - ISMAILIA P.O. BOX NO. 203 ISMAILIA - EGYPT FAX NO. : 002064481030 TELF NO: 002064481032 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number	: SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H303 - May be harmful if swallowed. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14.10.2021	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	1/12
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	 P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other iden	<u>tifiers</u>		
CAS number	: Not applicable.		
EC number	: Mixture.		
Product code	: 20200		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
xylene butan-1-ol epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene phenol, polymer with form	maldehyde, glycidyl ether	≥10 - <22 ≥10 - <20 ≥10 - ≤17 <10 ≤5	1330-20-7 71-36-3 1675-54-3 100-41-4 28064-14-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	S	
Eye contact	4	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	May be harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate medi	<u>ca</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	:tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for cor	Ita	nment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).

Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	histe whie vap ade Do in th kep flam light	on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a bry of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in ch this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe our or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with quate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep he original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, t tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open he or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, ting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take cautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain duct residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	han eati equ	ng, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is dled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before ng, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective ipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional rmation on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	area ven drin mat that leak avo	re in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved a. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- tilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and k. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising erials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent tage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to id environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials ore handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).		
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
butan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).		
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).		
	Notes: K		
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form:		

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PE May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: Viton®, Barricade, CPF 3, Responder, neoprene, butyl rubber, PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) 		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 		
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14.10.2021 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 6/12				
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)				
Boiling point	: Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 164.89°C (328.8°F)				
Melting point	: Not applicable.				
рН	: Not applicable.				
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.				
Odour	: Characteristic.				
Colour	: Yellowish-brown.				
Physical state	: Liquid.				
<u>Appearance</u>					

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.69compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	0.8 - 11.3%
Vapour pressure	:	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.75 kPa (5.63 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW \leq 700)). Weighted average: 5.19 (Air = 1)
Density	:	1.361 to 1.39 g/cm ³
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Oral TDLo Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation VapourRatLD50 OralRatTDLo DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralMouseLC50 Inhalation VapourRat - MaleLD50 DermalRabbit	LC50 Inhalation VapourRat20 mg/lLD50 OralRat4300 mg/kgTDLo DermalRabbit4300 mg/kgLD50 OralRat790 mg/kgLD50 DermalRabbit20 g/kgLD50 OralMouse15600 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation VapourRat - Male17.8 mg/lLD50 DermalRabbit>5000 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
		species			
		unspecified			

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage

Causes senous eye damage.
: May cause respiratory irritation.
: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fec'	t <u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity		No known oignificant offacto ar aritical bazarda
e al ellie gerneity	- 3	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	:	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision

Route	ATE value
	4385.96 mg/kg 5346.55 mg/kg 70.72 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/ľ Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

: No previous validation

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Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) ethylbenzene	-	-	Not readily Readily
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

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Other adverse effects
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: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
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Section 14. Transport information

Additional information	-	<u>S-E</u>	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by
			other transportation regulations.

Additional information		
ADR/RID	:	<u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG	:	<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Trevenent in bulk seconding		

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 14.10.2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 14.10.2021
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.
Indicates information the	at has changed from previously issued version.

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.