

SAF<mark>ETY D</mark>ATA SHEET

## Jotun Thinner No. 21

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

**Identified uses** 

**JOTUN** 

Jotun Protects Property

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotun Thinner No. 21
Product code	: 17120
Product description	: Thinner.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Saudia Co Ltd. P.O. Box 34698 Jeddah 21478 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Tel: +966 2 6350535 Fax: +966 2 6362483 SDSJotun@jotun.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway +47 33 45 70 00

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

### Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification	R66, R67 N; R51/53	
Human health hazards	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may cau drowsiness and dizziness.	lse
Environmental hazards	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquenvironment.	uatic
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See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

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**Hazard pictograms** 

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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• •
: Warning.
: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
: Not applicable.
: Avoid breathing vapour. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.
: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
: Store locked up.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene
: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

			<b>Classification</b>			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 918-811-1 CAS: 64742-94-5	≥90	Xn; R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]	н
naphthalene	EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	<1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R22 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]	-
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Туре

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatique

	dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

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Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	<ul> <li>If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".</li> </ul>
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for o	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient	name	Exposure limit values
naphthalene		EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring : procedures	atmosphere or h of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessment limit values and atmospheres - 0 of exposure to 0 (Workplace atm for the measure	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness in or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as suropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for to of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 hospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
Derived no effect levels No DNELs available.		

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### Predicted no effect concentrations

No PNECs available.

# 8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Individual protection measures Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the worketation location

Skin protection

- Eye/face protection
   Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Hand protection: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited<br/>resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.<br/>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.<br/>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use,<br/>storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.<br/>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove<br/>material.<br/>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used<br/>correctly.<br/>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/
  - The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.
  - Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
  - Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
  - Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, neoprene, butyl rubber, fluor rubber, Viton®
  - For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
  - The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
- **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- **Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- **Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
- **Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Clear.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 146 to 299°C (294.8 to 570.2°F)(hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene).
Flash point	: Closed cup: 62°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 0.003 kPa (0.02 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene).
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 220 to 250°C (428 to 482°F) (hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene).
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
naphthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	495 milligrams 24 hours 0. 05 Mililiters	-

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
naphthalene	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2800 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.67 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	40 days

quantities. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene naphthalene	-		Not readily Not readily

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene		99 to 5780	high
naphthalene		36.5 to 168	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. **European waste catalogue (EWC)** 

### 08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of  $\leq$ 5 L or  $\leq$ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

## International transport regulations

14.1 UN number

: 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

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Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene). Marine pollutant (hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene)
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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

: 9

: 111



### Marking

: The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

14.4 Packing group

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.5 Environmental hazards	: Yes.
14.6 Special precautions for user	: <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Additional information	
ADR / RID	: Tunnel restriction code: (-) Hazard identification number: 90
IMDG	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
	<u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u> F-A, S-F
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code	: Not available.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<b>·</b>	-			
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)				
Annex XIV - List of substar		<u>prisation</u>		
Substances of very high o	<u>concern</u>			
None of the components a	are listed.			
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.			
Other EU regulations				
Europe inventory	: All components are	e listed or exempted.		
Black List Chemicals	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed			
Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
naphthalene	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed			·
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	: Not listed			
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	: Not listed			
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: Not applicable.			

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

SECTION 16: Other information		
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.		
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>	
Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]		

Classification	Justification	1
,	Calculation method Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements	<ul> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 	
Full text of abbreviated R phrases	<ul> <li>R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.</li> <li>R22- Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.</li> <li>R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> <li>R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.</li> <li>R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> <li>R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> </ul>	
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]	<ul> <li>Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3</li> <li>Xn - Harmful</li> <li>N - Dangerous for the environment</li> </ul>	
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Version	: 1.01	
Notice to reader		

### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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