SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotamastic 90 Standard Comp B

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	1	Jotamastic 90 Standard Comp B
Product code	1	16561
Product description	1	Hardener.
Other means of identification	1	Not available.
Product type	:	Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use Use in coatings - Professional use

Phone number: +1 (713) 860-8241 SDSJotun@jotun.com		
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Emergency telephone	: 1-800-424-9300
number (with hours of	(Staffed 24/7)
operation)	

Section 2. Hazard identification

substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	2
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word Hazard statements	Danger.H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.	
	 H320 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) 	
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Section 2. Hazard identification

	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
	 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : N	Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
aminepoxyadduct	4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane reaction products with 5-amino- 1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine and 2-methyl-1,5-pentanediamine; aminepoxyadduct; Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, reaction products with 5-amino- 1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine and 2-methyl-1,5-pentane diamine	≥30 - ≤60	1075254-00-0
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino- 1,3,3-trimethyl-; Isophorone diamine; 3-(Aminomethyl) -3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexan-1-amine; 5-Amino- 1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine; 1-amino-3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexane; 1,3,3-trimethyl-1-aminomethyl- 5-aminocyclohexane; 1-amino- 3-aminomethyl-	≥5 - ≤10	2855-13-2

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexane; 5-amino- 1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethylamine; Aminomethyl-5 trimethyl-3,5,5 cyclohexylamine; 3-Aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethyl cyclohexylamine (Isophoronediamine) and preparations containing it; 3- (aminomethyl) -3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine		
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyloxycarbonyl) benzene	≥1 - ≤5	100-41-4

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

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Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. We mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallous exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Steeposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the has been low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns mu promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious functional personal get medical attention immediately.	wed and the op if the ce vomiting lead should st be treated ous person.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. We plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. We contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treat by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid furthe Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	Vash gloves. ed promptly er exposure.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. F victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathin suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appr or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is in respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by traine It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medica immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept medical surveillance for 48 hours.	g. If it is opriate mask regular or if ed personnel. al attention collar, tie, fire, under
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. If flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower of Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at leas Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.	eyelids. t 10 minutes.
Description of necesse	ary first aid measures	

Section 4. First-aid measures

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffec	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u> :	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ton</u>	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	-	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, wit the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	:h
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident i there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	f
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective	
equipment for fire-fighters	

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for c	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same bazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	e, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethylbenzene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: PVC (> 0.5 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm)
Body protection	: Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 228.19°C (442.7°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 39°C (102.2°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Va	oor pressure	1	Not	available.	
Va	oor density	:	Not	available.	
Rel	ative density	:	1.01	g/cm³	8.43 pounds/gallon
Sol	lubility(ies)	:			
Ν	ledia			Result	
-	cold water not water			Not soluble Not soluble	
	rtition coefficient: n- anol/water	1	Not	applicable.	
Aut	to-ignition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Dee	composition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Vis	cosity	1	Kine	matic (40°C (104	4°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
1					

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	1030 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male Rabbit	11 mg/l >5000 mg/kg	4 hours -
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
aminepoxyadduct	,	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
aminepoxyadduct	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.				
Potential acute health effects	Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact	4	Causes serious eye damage.				
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	4	Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.				
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics				
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness				
Inhalation	1	No specific data.				
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur				
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains				
Delayed and immediate effec	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure				
Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.				
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.				
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	 Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal	1122.99 mg/kg 8967.15 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	35.36 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
aminepoxyadduct	Acute EC50 8.1 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 5.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.9 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
3-aminomethyl-	Acute EC50 388 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
	Acute EC50 23 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 110 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
-	0 % - Not readily - 2	28 days	-	-
Aquatic half-life		Photolys	is	Biodegradability
-		-		Not readily Not readily Readily
	- Aquatic half-life - -	- 0 % - Not readily - 2 Aquatic half-life	- 0 % - Not readily - 28 days Aquatic half-life Photolys	- 0 % - Not readily - 28 days Aquatic half-life Photolysis - - - - - - - -

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	0.99	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

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Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid
	highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Section 14. Transport information					
	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material, corrosive, flammable	Paint related material, corrosive, flammable	Paint related material, corrosive, flammable	Paint related material, corrosive, flammable	Paint related material, corrosive, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)
Packing group					
Packing group Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

•		
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
DOT Classification	:	This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Reportable quantity 987.65 lbs / 448.4 kg [117.28 gal / 443.96 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
ADR/RID	:	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 83
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules (EmS): F-E, S-C Marine pollutant: Yes.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
Marking	:	The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: xylene (all isomers); ethylbenzene
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory	: Not determined.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Conver	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing	: 28.05.2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28.05.2024
Date of previous issue	: 06.07.2023
Version	: 1.06

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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