SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotamastic 90 Comp A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotamastic 90 Comp A
Product code	: 16560
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Poison Information Center

+90 224 442 82 93 Uludağ Üniversitesi Zehir Danışma Merkezi (www.uludag.edu.tr/uludag/zehir.html) a. ACİL DURUM TELEFONU: Zehirlenme durumlarında gerektiğinde ulusal zehir merkezinin (UZEM) 114 nolu telefonunu arayınız. b. ACİL İLK YARDIM MERKEZİ:112 c. İTFAİYE:110

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	 epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd. 2-methylpropan-1-ol glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol Phenol, methylstyrenated Phenol, styrenated
Supplemental label elements	: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex 17 - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to Section 3.2.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	SEA: RG10/12/2020-31330	Туре
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3	≤14	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers	EC: 500-180-5 CAS: 67989-52-0	≤8.6	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.	CAS: 71302-83-5	≤5	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	CAS: 68413-24-1	≤5	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
benzyl alcohol	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
ethylbenzene	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [3]
Phenol, styrenated	EC: 262-975-0 CAS: 61788-44-1	≤1.5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur

Conforms to regulation No. 30105, Turkey KKDIK, Annex 2

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SECTION 4: First aid	1 measures
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.		

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material	for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

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Date	of	rev	isi	on
Date	.			••••

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

Not available.Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). [Ksilen] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TR ISGGM OEL (Turkey, 12/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89.3 µg/kg	General	Systemic
propan		-	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		-	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	0.87 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	4.93 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4.76 µg/	General	Local
oligomeric reaction products with			Cm ²	population	
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction					
products with fatty acids,					
C18-unsatd., dimers		Lang tarma Darmal	4.76.000/	Conorol	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.76 µg/	General	Local
		Chartterne Derreed	cm^2	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	7.9 μ g/cm ²	Workers	Local Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.9 µg/cm ²	Workers	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.3 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Denna	5.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic

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			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	23.5 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	23.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	39.2 mg/m ³	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	39.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 65.3 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.41 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.31 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.31 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.54 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.875 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.09 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	5.4 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINEL	0	5.4 mg/m		Systemic
	DNE	Inhalation	0	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 22 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	27 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 110 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DMEL	Inhalation Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Inhalation Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	0	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Phenol, methylstyrenated	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16.4 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	57 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population [Consumers]	,
		Long torm	$20 m a/m^{3}$	General	Svotomio
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	28 mg/m³	population	Systemic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.2 mg/kg	[Consumers] General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.348 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.41 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.67 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Phenol, styrenated	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.31 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day 7.4 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Inhalation

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-propan	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0996 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.196 mg/l	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant	L C	
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	Fresh water	54 µg/l	-
	Marine	5.4 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2.2 mg/l	-
	Plant	<u> </u>	
	Fresh water sediment	1584 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	158 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	316.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	200 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.4 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.04 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant	. •g,.	
	Fresh water sediment	1.52 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.152 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0699 mg/kg dwt	_
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment	39 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
,	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
	Plant	- 0.	
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Fresh water	14 µg/l	-
, , , ,	Marine	1.4 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2.4 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	52.9 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	10.5 mg/kg dwt	_
		. s.e mg/kg am	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection		Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection		There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: Viton® (> 0.7 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.75 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm) Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PVC (> 0.5 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl
		rubber (> 0.4 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm) For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Use chemical-resistant protective suit / disposable overall.
		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>rance</u>	Appea
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Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Black, White.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 108°C (226.4°F) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). Weighted average: 226.79°C (440.2°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: >375°C (>707°F) (hydrocarbons, c9-unsatd., polymd.).
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	
Media	Result
cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble

water

Water	
Vapour pressure	 Highest known value: <1.6 kPa (<12 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). Weighted average: 0.36 kPa (2.7 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.61compared with butyl acetate
Density	: 1.47 to 1.607 g/cm ³
Vapour density	 Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted average: 7.63 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	lients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	ur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	, weld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Shelf life at 23 °C : 48 month(s)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2-bis[4	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
(2,3-epoksipropoksi)fenil]-			0.0	
propan				
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
C9-unsaturated,				
polymerized				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	11 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Phenol, styrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotamastic 90 Comp A	49200.0	17713.4	N/A	135.8	60.0
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2460	3400	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1230	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Phenol, styrenated	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
ate of revision	: 05.06.2024 Original pres	unspecified	11.2023	Versi	on :1.02

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	logical information				
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Phenol, styrenated	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Mammal - species unspecified	-	0.1 Mililiters -	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl phenol	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Phenol, methylstyrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Phenol, styrenated	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Mutagenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Teratogenicity			
Conclusion/Summany			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>cts</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently expose to very low levels.	d
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Phenol, styrenated	Acute EC50 100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute EC50 54 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

: 29.11.2023

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	-	-	Not readily
xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene		-	Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2,2-bis[4(2,3-epoksipropoksi) fenil]-propan	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
hydrocarbons,	3.627	-	low
C9-unsaturated, polymerized			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil			
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.		
Mobility	: Not available.		

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-	Νο	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids,							
C18-unsatd., dimers							
xylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
hydrocarbons,	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
C9-unsaturated, polymerized							
2-methylpropan-1-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
glycidyl ether of 3-alkyl	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
phenol							
benzyl alcohol	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Phenol, methylstyrenated	No	N/A	N/A	No	SVHC (Recommended)	Specified	Specified
Phenol, styrenated	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
Waste list	

Waste code	Waste code definition
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information	
ADR/RID	 <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not goods of class 3, ref. 2.2.3.1.5 (only applicable
	to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
ADN	: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>
	IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code (only applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
Date of revision	: 05.06.2024 Original preparation date : 29.11.2023 Version : 1.02 17/20

SECTION 14: Transport information

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Turkey Regulation No. 30105, KKDIK

Annex 14 - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex 14

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status		Date of revision
ν́Ρ́vB	oligomerisation and alkylation reaction products of 2-phenylpropene and phenol	Recommended	D(2023) 8585-DC	23.01.2024

Annex 17 - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain

dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects

This product is controlled under the Regulation on the prevention of major industrial accidents and reduction of their effects.

Danger criteria

Category	
P5c	

EU regulations

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name			Date of revision
vPvB	oligomerisation and alkylation reaction products of 2-phenylpropene and phenol	Recommended	D(2023) 8585-DC	23.01.2024

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	EUH statement = SEA-specific Hazard statement
-	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to regulation SEA: RG.-10/12/2020-31330

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [SEA/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2		
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3		
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B		
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2		
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3		
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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.