

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Jotapipe LT 7011
UFI	: 57H0-Y010-V00M-UC9Q
Product code	: 16433
Product type	: Powder coating.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S P.O.Box 2021 3202 Sandefjord Norway

Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

#### **National contact**

JOTUN CZECH a.s. NA ROVNEM 866 400 04 TRMICE CZECH REPUBLIC

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#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

224 919 293 – Toxikologické informační středisko (TIS)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.

2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.</li> <li>H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protectior or hearing protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing dust.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether bisphenol a 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: EUH205 - Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. EUH212 - Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do no breathe dust.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirem	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	

- **Product meets the criteria** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. for PBT or vPvB according
- to Regulation (EC) No.

Other hazards which do

- 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- : May cause endocrine disruption. not result in classification

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

The mixture may be a skin sensitiser. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture **Specific Conc.** % **Product/ingredient name** Classification Identifiers Туре Limits, M-factors and ATEs EC: 231-784-4 ≥10 - ≤25 Not classified. barium sulfate [2] CAS: 7727-43-7 phenol, polymer with REACH #: ≥10 - ≤25 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 [1] formaldehyde, glycidyl ether 01-2119454392-40 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, EC: 701-263-0 CAS: 28064-14-4 H411 bisphenol a EC: 201-245-8 ≤10 Eye Dam. 1, H318 M [Acute] = 1[1] [2] CAS: 80-05-7 Skin Sens. 1, H317 M [Chronic] = 10 [3] Index: 604-030-00-0 Repr. 1B, H360F STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 titanium dioxide EC: 236-675-5 ≤3 Carc. 2. H351 [1] [2] CAS: 13463-67-7 (inhalation) [\*] Index: 022-006-00-2 ATE [Oral] = 500 [1] 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-EC: 211-765-7 ≤3 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 CAS: 693-98-1 mg/kg Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360D calcium oxide EC: 215-138-9 ≤2.9 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 [1] [2] Eve Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 1305-78-8 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance of equivalent concern

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix. This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

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4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, $CO_2$ blanket, water spray or mist.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet. Do not use inert gas under high pressure (e.g. CO2).		
5.2 Special hazards arising f	ron	the substance or mixture		
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.		
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.		
		Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.		
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.		

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing dust. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.		
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet- brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not use a dry brush as dust clouds or static can be created.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.		

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# Advice should be taken from a competent occupational health practitioner on the assessment of employees with skin or respiratory complaints before the individual is exposed to the uncured product.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Precautions should be taken to prevent the formation of dusts in concentrations above flammable, explosive or occupational exposure limits.

Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

: Not available.

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Dust Limit : 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (TWA of respirable)

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

required.

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
barium sulfate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022).
bisphenol a	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dust Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Skin sensitiser.
titanium dioxide	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: dust, aerosol, inhalable fraction STEL: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: dust, aerosol, inhalable fraction <b>EU OEL (Europe).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
calcium oxide	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: aerosol, respirable fraction. STEL: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, respirable fraction.
procedures European S assessmen values and atmosphere of exposure (Workplace for the mea	should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace es - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures surement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.0019 mg/	General	Systemic
				Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.0019 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
DNEL	Short term Oral	0.004 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
DNEL	Long term Oral	0.004 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.031 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.031 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		kg bw/day		
DNEL	Short term	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	Inhalation	Ū	population	
DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Local
	Inhalation	Ū	population	
DNEL	Short term	1 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	
DNEL	Short term	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	U U		
DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	U U		
DNEL	Short term	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	Ŭ		
DNEL	Long term	1 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	Ŭ		
DNEL		0.02 mg/	General	Systemic
	<b>J</b>	0		
DNEL	Long term Dermal			Systemic
DNEL	Long term		Workers	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	DNELLong term OralDNELShort term DermalDNELLong term DermalDNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELShort term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term InhalationDNELLong term OralDNELLong term Oral	DNELShort term Oral0.004 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Oral0.004 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELShort term Dermal0.031 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal0.031 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal0.031 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal0.031 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELShort term1 mg/m³Inhalation1 mg/m³DNELLong term1 mg/m³Inhalation1 mg/m³DNELShort term2 mg/m³Inhalation2 mg/m³DNELLong term2 mg/m³Inhalation2 mg/m³DNELShort term2 mg/m³Inhalation2 mg/m³DNELLong term2 mg/m³Inhalation1 mg/m³DNELLong term1 mg/m³DNELLong term0.02 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Oral0.02 mg/ kg bw/dayDNELLong term Dermal0.04 mg/ kg bw/day	DNELShort term Oral0.004 mg/ kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Oral0.004 mg/ kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELShort term Dermal0.031 mg/ kg bw/dayWorkersDNELLong term Dermal0.031 mg/ kg bw/dayWorkersDNELShort term Inhalation1 mg/m³General populationDNELShort term Inhalation1 mg/m³General populationDNELShort term Inhalation1 mg/m³General populationDNELShort term Inhalation2 mg/m³WorkersDNELShort term Inhalation2 mg/m³WorkersDNELShort term Inhalation2 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation2 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation2 mg/m³WorkersDNELLong term Inhalation1 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Inhalation1 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Inhalation1 mg/m³General populationDNELLong term Oral0.02 mg/ kg bw/dayGeneral populationDNELLong term Oral0.04 mg/ kg bw/dayGeneral population

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
calcium oxide	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid breathing dust. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain exposure to dusts below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### <u>Gloves</u>

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** : Personnel should wear protective clothing. Care should be taken in the selection of protective clothing to ensure that inflammation and irritation of the skin at the neck and wrists through contact with the powder are avoided.

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SECTION 8: Exposu	re controls/personal protection	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. (FFP2 / N95).	
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.	

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	1	Solid. Powder.	
Colour	1	Various.	
Odour	1	Odourless.	
Odour threshold	1	Not applicable.	
Melting point (dust)	1	85 - 115 °C	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not applicable.	
Lower explosion limit (dust)	1	30 g/m³ (EN 140	)34-3)
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	1	10 - 30 (EN 138	21)
Flash point	1	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	> 400°C	
Decomposition temperature	4	>250°C	
рН	4	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	1	Not applicable.	
Solubility in water	1	cold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable.	
Density	1	1.3 to 1.4 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Vapour density	:	: Not applicable.	
Explosive properties	1	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.	
Particle characteristics			
Median particle size	1	Not available.	

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

		5
10.1 Reactivity	:	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
		Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
		To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.
		Prevent dust accumulation.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Not applicable.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Jotapipe LT 7011	45858.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
bisphenol a	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	Micrograms 250 milligrams	-		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-		
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours	-		
calcium oxide	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-		

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
bisphenol a	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Developmental effects	1.1	May damage the unborn child.
Borolopinontal onooto		may damage the ansem office.

#### Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

#### **Teratogenicity**

May damage the unborn child.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bisphenol a	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
calcium oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

May cause endocrine disruption.

#### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Coating powder residues should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses or be deposited where they could affect ground or surface waters.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
bisphenol a	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1000 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.34 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult	90 days
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	Acute LC50 286000 to 307000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
bisphenol a 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl- calcium oxide	3.4 0.24 -	-	low low low

12.4 Mobility in soi	
Soil/water partitio	n

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties**

May cause endocrine disruption.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	1	Yes.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed o Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal c spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

SECTION 14:	ranspor	timorm	ation		
	ADR	R/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3077		UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmer hazardous solid, n.o.s. a)		Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a). Marine pollutant (phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, bisphenol a)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (bisphenol a)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	12	9	9	
14.4 Packing group	111		111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.		Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional informat ADR/RID		or ≤5 kg, pr and 4.1.1.4	rovided the packagings not to 4.1.1.8.	angerous good when train neet the general provisio	
ADN	:	Tunnel coo This produc	ct is not regulated as a d rovided the packagings n	angerous good when train neet the general provisio	
IMDG	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-F			
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.			
14.6 Special precau user	tions for :	upright and	•	always transport in clos sons transporting the pro	
14.7 Maritime trans bulk according to IM instruments		Not availab	le.		

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Toxic to reproduction	bisphenol a 1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	Candidate Candidate	- D(2020) 4578-DC	- 25.06.2020
Endocrine disrupting properties for human health	bisphenol a	Recommended	ED/01/2018	01.10.2019
Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	bisphenol a	Recommended	ED/01/2018	01.10.2019

#### dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### **Other EU regulations**

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
Ozone depleting substance	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

#### National regulations

Ind	lustria	al use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	regulation of Czech	2,2-bis(4-hydroxyfenyl) propan (prach, aerosol); bisfenol A	Repro. T	-

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations an	d : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
	•••

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#### Notice to reader

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