SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotapipe AC 1003 15S

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Jotapipe AC 1003 15S
Product code	: 16421
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Powder coating.
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints, Inc. 9203 Highway 23 Belle Chasse, LA 70037 Telephone: (800) 229-3538 or +1 504-394-3538 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of	: 1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)

number (with hours of	(Staffed)
operation)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger.		
Hazard statements	 H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. 		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	÷	Not applicable.
Product code	÷	16421

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	≤5	28064-14-4
bisphenol a	≤5	80-05-7
calcium oxide	≤3	1305-78-8
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	≤0.3	693-98-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.		
	Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>		

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/sympto	om	<u>IS</u>	
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	•	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
quantities have been ingested or inhaled.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is
suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or
self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to
give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water
before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
· · · · · ·		

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

	-	-					
Precautions for safe handling	Precautions for safe handling						
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.					
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.					
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.					

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

OSHA Nuisance Dust Limit of 15 mg/m³ (total) and 5 mg/m³ (respirable). ACGIH Nuisance Dust Limit of 10 mg/m³ (total) and 3 mg/m³ (respirable).

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether bisphenol a calcium oxide	None None ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. None

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited
	resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: PVC, neoprene, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	: Not applicable.	
Flash point	: Not applicable.	
Boiling point	: Not applicable.	
Melting point (dust)	: 85 - 115 °C	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Odor threshold	: Not applicable.	
Odor	: Odorless.	
Color	: Various	
Physical state	: Solid. Powder.	
<u>Appearance</u>		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas)	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.			
Lower explosion limit (dust)	: 30 g/m ³ (EN 14034-3)			
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 10 - 30 (EN 13821)			
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.			
Vapor density	: Not applicable.			
Relative density	: 1.4 to 1.5 g/cm ³	11.68 to 12.52 pounds/gallon		
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: co	old water and hot water.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	: >400°C			
Decomposition temperature	: >250°C (>482°F)			
Viscosity	: Not applicable.			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).		
	Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.		
	To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.		
	Prevent dust accumulation.		
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
bisphenol a	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	250 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
calcium oxide	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species	-	-	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information						
	Skin - Mild irritant	unspecified Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-	

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
bisphenol a	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bisphenol a	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
calcium oxide	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

: Not available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
		Tedileos

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	1	May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
bisphenol a	Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Date of issue	:26.08.2020		<u> </u>

Section 12. Ecological information

	•		
	Acute LC50 1.34 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus -	96 hours
		Embryo	
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 286000 to 307000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult Fish - Pimephales promelas	90 days 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bisphenol a calcium oxide	3.4	20 to 67 2.34	low low
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	0.24	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Date of issue	:	26.08.2020				10/1

Disposal methods

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Section 14.	Trans	port inforn	nation				
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
DOT Classification : - TDG Classification : - Mexico Classification : - ADR/RID : - MDG : Marine pollutant: No. ATA : - Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in th event of an accident or spillage.							
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		: Not available.					
Section 15.	Regul	atory infor	mation				
U.S. Federal regulations		 TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined. 					
Clean Air Act Se (b) Hazardous Ai Pollutants (HAPs	r	: Not listed		,			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances		: Not listed	: Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances		: Not listed					
		: Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)		: Not listed	: Not listed				
SARA 302/304	, i						
Composition/in	rormation	on ingreaients					

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	: Not applicable.
Classification	: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
phenol, polymer with	≤5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
formaldehyde, glycidyl ether		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
bisphenol a	≤5	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
calcium oxide	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
1h-imidazole, 2-methyl-	≤0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

SARA 313

		CAS number 80-05-7	<mark>%</mark> ≤5
Supplier notification	bisphenol a	80-05-7	≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: titanium dioxide; BARIUM SULFATE; 4,4'- ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL; CALCIUM OXIDE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: titanium dioxide; barium sulfate; BISPHENOL A; 4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL; CALCIUM OXIDE; LIME
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide; BARIUM SULFATE; 4,4'- ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL; CALCIUM OXIDE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Date of issue

Section 15. Regulatory information

International lists National inventory : Not determined. **Australia** Canada : Not determined. China : Not determined. **Europe** : Not determined. Japan : Not determined. Malaysia : Not determined. **New Zealand** : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined. **Republic of Korea** : Not determined. Taiwan : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classi	ification	Justification		
Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360 (Fertility) Repr. 1B, H360 (Unborn child) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412))	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	: 26.08.2020			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26.08.2020			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	No previous validation		
Version	: 1			
Key to abbreviations	BCF = Bioconcentration F GHS = Globally Harmoniz IATA = International Air T IBC = Intermediate Bulk (IMDG = International Mar LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL = International	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)		
References	: Not available.	Not available.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.