

**SAFETY DATA SHEET****Jotapipe AC 1003 21S****SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

**Product name** : Jotapipe AC 1003 21S  
**Product code** : 16420  
**Product description** : Paint.  
**Product type** : Solid.  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against****Identified uses**

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Jotun Paints Co LLC,  
P.O.Box 672-C.P.O,  
Postal Code - 111  
Sultanate of Oman  
Tel: 00968-626100  
Fax:00968-626105  
SDSJotun@jotun.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway  
+47 33 45 70 00

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Product definition** : Mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Eye Dam. 1, H318  
Skin Sens. 1, H317  
Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility)  
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

**Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]**

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

**Classification** : Xi; R36  
R43  
R52/53

**Human health hazards** : Irritating to eyes. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

**Environmental hazards** : Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

**2.2 Label elements**

**Date of issue** : 15.01.2018

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****Hazard pictograms****Signal word**

: Danger.

**Hazard statements**

: Causes serious eye damage.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 Suspected of damaging fertility.  
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements****General**

: Not applicable.

**Prevention**

: Avoid breathing dust. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**

: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage**

: Store locked up.

**Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients**

: phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether  
 bisphenol A

**Supplemental label elements**

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

**2.3 Other hazards****Other hazards which do not result in classification**

: None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****Substance/mixture**

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type	Notes
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]		
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	CAS: 28064-14-4	≤5	Xi; R36/38 R43 N; R51/53	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	-
bisphenol A	EC: 201-245-8 CAS: 80-05-7 Index: 604-030-00-0	≤5	Repr. Cat. 3; R62 Xi; R41, R37 R43 R52	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]	-
2-methylimidazole	EC: 211-765-7 CAS: 693-98-1	<0.3	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Repr. Cat. 2; R61 Xn; R22 C; R34	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360D (Unborn child)	[1]	-
			<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.</b>	<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub> blanket, water spray or mist.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.  
Do not use inert gas under high pressure (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub>).

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
sulfur oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Precautions should be taken to prevent the formation of dusts in concentrations above flammable, explosive or occupational exposure limits.  
Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources.  
Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.  
Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.  
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.  
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.  
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).  
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.  
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.  
Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.  
**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
bisphenol A	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: (inhalable dust)

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### Derived no effect levels

No DNELs available.

### Predicted no effect concentrations

No PNECs available.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### **Appropriate engineering controls**

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Individual protection measures

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

#### **Hand protection**

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Nitrile gloves. or Neoprene gloves. Recommended  
For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Other skin protection**

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. (FFP2 / N95).

### **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	: Solid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Burning time	: Not available.
Burning rate	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 0 kPa (0 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (bisphenol a).
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.35 to 1.45 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: >250°C
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Not applicable.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Coating powders can cause localised skin irritation in folds of the skin or under tight clothing.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitisation, possibly with cross-sensitisation to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

Contains phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, bisphenol A. May produce an allergic reaction.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methylimidazole	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1400 mg/kg	-

**Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bisphenol A	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	250 milligrams	-

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
bisphenol A	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether bisphenol A	Acute EC50 3.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/l Fresh water	- Exponential growth phase Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.34 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
2-methylimidazole	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult	90 days
	Acute LC50 286000 to 307000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

**Date of issue** : 15.01.2018



**SECTION 12: Ecological information****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether	-	-	Not readily

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
bisphenol A	3.4	20 to 67	low
2-methylimidazole	0.24	-	low

**12.4 Mobility in soil****Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.**Mobility** : Not available.**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****PBT** : Not applicable.**vPvB** : Not applicable.**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)**

08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to international transport regulations (ADR/RID, IMDG or ICAO/IATA).

**14.1 UN number** : Not regulated.**14.2 UN proper shipping name** : -**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)** : -**14.4 Packing group** : -**14.5 Environmental hazards** : No.**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.**Additional information****ADR / RID** : -**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

##### Other EU regulations

**Europe inventory** : Not determined.

**Black List Chemicals** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
bisphenol A	-	-	-	Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility)
2-methylimidazole	Carc. 2, H351	-	Repr. 1B, H360D (Unborn child)	-

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : Not applicable.

## SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Classification	Justification
Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

<b>Full text of abbreviated H statements</b>	: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360D May damage the unborn child. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]</b>	: Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Repr. 1B, H360D REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 1B Repr. 2, H361f REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 2 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
<b>Full text of abbreviated R phrases</b>	: R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R61- May cause harm to the unborn child. R62- Possible risk of impaired fertility. R22- Also harmful if swallowed. R34- Causes burns. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R36- Irritating to eyes. R37- Irritating to respiratory system. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52- Harmful to aquatic organisms. R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
<b>Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]</b>	: Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3 Repr. Cat. 2 - Toxic to reproduction category 2 Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3 C - Corrosive Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the environment
<b>Date of printing</b>	: 15.01.2018
<b>Date of issue/ Date of revision</b>	: 15.01.2018
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	: 15.01.2018
<b>Version</b>	: 1.01
<b>Notice to reader</b>	

## SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.