

## Corro-Coat TR 500 (M001)

Section 1. Identi	fication
Product name	: Corro-Coat TR 500 (M001)
Product code	: 16411
Product type	: Powder coating.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use in coatings - Industrial	use
Supplier's details	: Jotun Powder Coatings U.A.E. Ltd. (LLC) P.O. Box 51033 Dubai U.A.E
	Phone : + 971 4 347 2515 Fax : + 971 4 347 2815
	Jotun Powder Coatings Saudi Arabia Co.Ltd 3078 – Industrial City 2, Ad Dammam, 34326-6419, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Office: +966 13 812 1259 Ext.211 Fax: +966 13 812 1226
	sdsjotun@jotun.no
Emergency telephone number	: JOTUN POWDER COATINGS U.A.E.Ltd. (LLC) Phone : + 971 4 347 2515
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
Classification of the	

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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: 29.03.2023 Date of previous issue

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

<b>CAS number/other identifiers</b>		
CAS number	÷	Not applicable.
EC number	÷	Mixture.
Product code	;	16411

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
zinc	≤5	7440-66-6
zinc oxide	≤1	1314-13-2
Toluene	≤0.3	108-88-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Most important sympt	coms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute healt	h effects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inholation	No known circuificant offacto an aritical boranda

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	oms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.

: No specific data.

Indication of immediate med	lica	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	1	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

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Ingestion

## Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	<ul> <li>Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.</li> </ul>
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling			
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
Control parameters Occupational exposure lin None.	nits
Dust Limit : 10 mg/m³ (TWA	of total inhalable dust) and 4 mg/m³ (TWA of respirable)
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.</li> <li>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.</li> <li>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> <li>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be</li> </ul>
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm)
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. (FFP2 / N95).

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Solid. Powder.
Colour	:	Various
Odour	:	Odourless.
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point (dust)	:	85 - 115 °C
Boiling point	:	Not applicable.
Flash point	:	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Lower explosion limit (dust)	1	30 g/m³ (EN 14034-3)
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	:	10 - 30 (EN 13821)
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable.
Vapour density	:	Not applicable.
Density	:	1.2 to 1.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 400°C
Decomposition temperature	:	>250°C (>482°F)
Viscosity	:	Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
	Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
	To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.
	Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Toluene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)			

# NameCategoryRoute of<br/>exposureTarget organsTolueneCategory 2--

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health effects				
Not available.				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zinc zinc oxide	Acute LC50 330 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.78 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 72 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc	-		Not readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

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## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
zinc oxide		28960	high
Toluene	2.73	90	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff

## Section 14. Transport information

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	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc). Marine pollutant (zinc)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	111	111	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-F	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### Additional information

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ADR/RID

## Section 14. Transport information

		This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 L$ or $\leq 5 kg$ , provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Hazard identification number</u> 90 <u>Tunnel code</u> (-)
IMDG	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules F-A, S-F
ΙΑΤΑ	:	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and : environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

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## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 29.03.2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29.03.2023
Date of previous issue	: 29.03.2023
Version	: 1.01
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	: Not available.
Indicates information that	t has changed from previously issued version.
Notice to reader	

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 16. Other information

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.