SAFETY DATA SHEET



| Section 1. Identification | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Product name | : Pilot QD Primer |
| Product code | : 1537 |
| Product description | : Paint. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Supplier's details | : Jotun Paints Co LLC, P.O.Box 672-C.P.O, Postal Code - 111 Sultanate of Oman Tel: 00968-626100 Fax:00968-626105 SDSJotun@jotun.com |

| Emergency telephone | : SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| number | +47 33 45 70 00 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
|--|--|
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning. |
| Hazard statements | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. |
| Response | P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| | |

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Section 2. Hazards identification

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|--------------|-------------------|
| EC number | : Mixture. |
| Product code | : 1537 |
| | |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| xylene | ≥10 - <20 | 1330-20-7 |
| ethylbenzene | <10 | 100-41-4 |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | <2.5 | 7779-90-0 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

after a second flood at discourses

| Description of necessary firs | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | | |
|--|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. | |

Date of issue/Date of revision

:06.04.2022

Date of previous issue : 0

Disposal

Section 4. First aid measures

| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>otoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
|------------------------------|----|--|
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| Methods and material for con | ta | inment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits |
|--|---|--|
| xylene ethylbenzene | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Notes: K TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form: |
| Appropriate engineering controls | ventilation or other enginee contaminants below any re | ntilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne commended or statutory limits. The engineering controls your or dust concentrations below any lower explosive f ventilation equipment. |
| controls they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engi | | or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ements of environmental protection legislation. In some ers or engineering modifications to the process ry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measure | ures | |
| Hygiene measures | eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sho | I face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. buld be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. og before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | indicates this is necessary dusts. If contact is possible | to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or e, the following protection should be worn, unless the pher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | resistance to any individual The breakthrough time mus The instructions and inform storage, maintenance and Gloves should be replaced material. Always ensure that gloves correctly. The performance or effective damage and poor maintena | protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be occurred. |
| | May be used, gloves(break | through time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene, butyl rubber, PVC eakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H, Teflon, nitrile rubber, |
| Body protection | being performed and the ris before handling this produc wear anti-static protective of | nent for the body should be selected based on the task sks involved and should be approved by a specialist ct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, clothing. For the greatest protection from static d include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
|------------------------|---|
| Respiratory protection | : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter. |
| | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state | : | Liquid. |
| Colour | : | Red, Grey, White. |
| Odour | : | Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | : | Not applicable. |
| рН | : | Not applicable. |
| Melting point | : | Not applicable. |
| Boiling point | 1 | Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 136.15°C (277.1°F) |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 25°C (77°F) |
| Evaporation rate | : | Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not applicable. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | 1 | 0.8 - 6.7% |
| Vapour pressure | 1 | Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.98 kPa (7.35 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |
| Vapour density | : | Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1) |
| Density | 1 | 1.582 to 1.639 g/cm ³ |
| Solubility | 1 | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Lowest known value: 432°C (809.6°F) (xylene). |
| Decomposition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 20 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | TDLo Dermal | Rabbit | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat - Male | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--|---------------|-------|--|-------------|
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit Rat | - | 87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters | - |

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | ••• | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------|------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|------|--|
| | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 06.04.2022 | Date of previous issue | :06.04.2022 | Version : 1.03 7/11 |
|---|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
|---|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

| Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | | | | |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | | | | |
| Potential chronic health eff | Potential chronic health effects | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | |
| General | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Teratogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Developmental effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Fertility effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|----------------------|---------------|
| | 6266.69 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 82.89 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes | 48 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l | Micro-organism | 4 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| xylene | - | - | Readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | - | - | Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | low |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | - | 60960 | high |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

| Section 14. Transport information | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------|
| | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | Paint | Paint | Paint |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | | | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | Emergency schedules F-E, S-E | - |

Additional information

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 14. Transport information

| - | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| ADR/RID | 1 | Hazard identification number 30 |
| | | <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) |
| IMDG | 1 | Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u> |
| Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Transport in bulk according | : | Not available. |

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

з.

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 06.04.2022 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 06.04.2022 |
| Date of previous issue | : 06.04.2022 |
| Version | : 1.03 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |
| References | • Not available |

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

Section 16. Other information

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.