## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: Pilot QD Primer
Product code	: 1537
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints Co LLC, P.O.Box 672-C.P.O, Postal Code - 111 Sultanate of Oman Tel: 00968-626100 Fax:00968-626105 SDSJotun@jotun.com

Emergency telephone	: SHE Dept. Jotun AS, Norway
number	+47 33 45 70 00

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.
Product code	: 1537

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	≥10 - <20	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	<10	100-41-4
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	<2.5	7779-90-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

after a second flood at discourses

Description of necessary firs	
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.	

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**Disposal** 

## Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for con	ta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
xylene ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Notes: K TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form:
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other enginee contaminants below any re	ntilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne commended or statutory limits. The engineering controls your or dust concentrations below any lower explosive f ventilation equipment.
controls they comply with the requirements of cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engi		or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ements of environmental protection legislation. In some ers or engineering modifications to the process ry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	ures	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sho	I face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the lavatory and at the end of the working period. buld be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. og before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	indicates this is necessary dusts. If contact is possible	to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or e, the following protection should be worn, unless the pher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	resistance to any individual The breakthrough time mus The instructions and inform storage, maintenance and Gloves should be replaced material. Always ensure that gloves correctly. The performance or effective damage and poor maintena	protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be occurred.
	May be used, gloves(break	through time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene, butyl rubber, PVC eakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H, Teflon, nitrile rubber,
Body protection	being performed and the ris before handling this produc wear anti-static protective of	nent for the body should be selected based on the task sks involved and should be approved by a specialist ct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, clothing. For the greatest protection from static d include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Red, Grey, White.
Odour	:	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not applicable.
Boiling point	1	Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 136.15°C (277.1°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	0.8 - 6.7%
Vapour pressure	1	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene).  Weighted average: 0.98 kPa (7.35 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)
Density	1	1.582 to 1.639 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Lowest known value: 432°C (809.6°F) (xylene).
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

# Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure					
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	Not available.				
<u>Long term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	Not available.				
Potential chronic health eff	Potential chronic health effects				
Not available.					
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
<b>Developmental effects</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	6266.69 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	82.89 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l	Micro-organism	4 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	-	Not readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information			
	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E	-

#### Additional information

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 14. Transport information

-		
ADR/RID	1	Hazard identification number 30
		<u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG	1	Emergency schedules F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

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Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 06.04.2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 06.04.2022
Date of previous issue	: 06.04.2022
Version	: 1.03
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
References	• Not available

#### **References** : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

## Section 16. Other information

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.