# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Safeguard Universal ES AV Comp A

# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Safeguard Universal ES AV Comp A
Product code	: 1487
Product description	: Paint.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints Inc. 842 W. Sam Houston Parkway North City Center Three, Suite 300 Houston, TX 77024 USA Phone number: +1 (713) 860-8241 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning.
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor or spray.</li> </ul>

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	<ul> <li>P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
Product code	: 1487		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
xylene		≥10 - <20	1330-20-7
bisphenol A/F-epoxy resins	(MW <700)	≤10	40216-08-8
1-methoxy-2-propanol	· · · · ·	≤5	107-98-2
ethylbenzene		≤5	100-41-4
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)		≤5	1675-54-3
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	)	≤3	25036-25-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Incretion	Week out mouth with water. Demove dentures if any off material backback swallowed
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the chemical Fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Hazardous thermal

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

<ul> <li>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</li> <li>Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilate area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.</li> </ul>
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
bisphenol A/F-epoxy resins (MW <700) 1-methoxy-2-propanol	None ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). STEL: 540 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 540 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. Notes: K TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Form:
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	None

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>95</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.</li> <li>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.</li> <li>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.</li> <li>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.</li> <li>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> <li>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.</li> <li>May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (&gt; 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm), PVC (&gt; 0.5 mm)</li> <li>Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: nitrile rubber (&gt; 0.4 mm), Teflon (&gt; 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (&gt; 0.3 mm), 4H/Silver Shield® (&gt; 0.07 mm)</li> </ul>
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Respiratory protection
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: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Grey
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not applicable.
Boiling point	:	Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 156.36°C (313.4°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	0.8 - 13.74%
Vapor pressure	1	Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.85 kPa (6.38 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW $\leq$ 700)). Weighted average: 4.83 (Air = 1)
Relative density	:	1.623 to 1.628 g/cm <sup>3</sup> 13.54 to 13.58 pounds/gallon
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
bisphenol A/F-epoxy resins (MW <700)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
bisphenol A/F-epoxy resins (MW <700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	skin skin	Mammal - species unspecified Mammal - species unspecified	

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	3	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene		Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol		Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxici	t <u>y (repeated exposure)</u>			
Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene		Category 2	-	hearing organs
Aspiration hazard		·		
Name			Result	
xylene ethylbenzene			ASPIRATION HAZA ASPIRATION HAZA	
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye ir			
Inhalation	: No known significant			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		•	
Ingestion	effects or critical haz	zards.		
symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxi	cological characte	<u>ristics</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms m pain or irritation watering redness	ay include the follov	<i>v</i> ing:	
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms m irritation redness	nay include the follov	<i>v</i> ing:	
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	ts and also chronic effe	ects from short and	long term exposure	2
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health eff Not available.	<u>ects</u>			
General	: May cause damage to sensitized, a severe a levels.			xposure. Once ently exposed to very lov
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant	effects or critical haz	zards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant	effects or critical haz	zards.	
Touche acculation	: No known significant	offects or critical ba-	zards	
Teratogenicity	· No known significant		<u>alus.</u>	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	9387.99 mg/kg 124.18 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

т	OX	icity	
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l	Fish - pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	21 days

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods :	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been
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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	111	Ш	111	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information		
DOT Classification	:	<b>Reportable quantity</b> 853.45 lbs / 387.47 kg [62.97 gal / 238.37 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	1	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
Mexico Classification	:	-
ADR/RID	:	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30
		ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
IMDG	1	Emergency schedules (EmS): F-E, <u>S-E</u> Marine pollutant: No.
		IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
ΙΑΤΑ	÷	-
Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene

### Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene

### Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Ingredient name		CAS number	%	
xylene ethylbenzene		1330-20-7 100-41-4	11.717 3.9057	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed			
SARA 302/304				
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>			
No products were found.				
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.			
<u>SARA 311/312</u>				
Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQU SKIN IRRITATION EYE IRRITATION SKIN SENSITIZAT	- Category 2 - Category 2A		

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
xylene	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
bisphenol A/F-epoxy resins (MW	≤10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
<700)	-10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
,		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≤5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	_0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### SARA 313

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Form R - Reporting	xylene	1330-20-7	<mark>%</mark> ≥10 - <20 ≤5
Supplier notification	5		≥10 - <20 ≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: XYLENE; PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER; ETHYL BENZENE; titanium dioxide</li> </ul>
New York	: The following components are listed: Xylene mixed; Ethylbenzene
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: XYLENES; PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER; ETHYL BENZENE; titanium dioxide</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; 2-PROPANOL,</li> <li>1-METHOXY-; BENZENE, ETHYL-; titanium dioxide</li> </ul>

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, Titanium dioxide and Carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Not available.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Not available.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Not available.	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

### International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

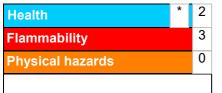
# International lists

National Inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
Malaysia New Zealand	: Not determined. : Not determined.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
New Zealand	: Not determined.
New Zealand Philippines	<ul><li>Not determined.</li><li>Not determined.</li></ul>

**Date of issue** 

# Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca SKIN IRRITATION - Catego EYE IRRITATION - Catego SKIN SENSITIZATION - Ca SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG	ory 2 ry 2A ategory 1 N TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 12.04.2023	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12.04.2023	
Date of previous issue	: 11.04.2023	
Version	: 1.07	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
References	: Not available.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Sers should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

# Section 16. Other information

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.