SAFETY DATA SHEET



Jotapipe FC 400 Comp B

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Jotapipe FC 400 Comp B
Product code	: 13861
Product description	: Hardener.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Supplier's details	: Jotun Paints Inc. 842 W. Sam Houston Parkway North City Center Three, Suite 300 Houston, TX 77024 USA Phone number: +1 (713) 860-8241 SDSJotun@jotun.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 1-800-424-9300 (Staffed 24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger.
Hazard statements	: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: P304 + P310 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
	P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
	doctor.
	P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
	P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
	P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several
Dete of leave	1/2

Section 2. Hazards identification

	minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 13861

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
benzyl alcohol 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	≥25 - ≤36 ≥25 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤20	100-51-6 38294-64-3 2855-13-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

	disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If du material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an ap from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in us product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse contain	d in any process in which g. Do not breathe vapor or ring normal use the te ventilation or wear pproved alternative made se. Empty containers retain
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas w handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and p entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional infor- measures.	s and face before eating, rotective equipment before
Date of issue	:17.10.2022	4/13

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
--	---

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
benzyl alcohol 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine		OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. None
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethy		None
Appropriate engineering controls		s, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, eering controls to keep worker exposure to nmended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of er	ess equipment should be checked to ensure nvironmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment o acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>'es</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used Contaminated work clothing should not	to remove potentially contaminated clothing. be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessary gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the the assessment indicates a higher degr	oved standard should be used when a risk to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, he following protection should be worn, unless ree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ st, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemic necessary. Considering the parameter during use that the gloves are still retain noted that the time to breakthrough for	complying with an approved standard should be cal products if a risk assessment indicates this is s specified by the glove manufacturer, check hing their protective properties. It should be any glove material may be different for different xtures, consisting of several substances, the accurately estimated.
	resistance to any individual or combinat The breakthrough time must be greater The instructions and information provid storage, maintenance and replacement Gloves should be replaced regularly an material. Always ensure that gloves are free from correctly.	[.] than the end use time of the product. ed by the glove manufacturer on use,
Date of issue	: 17.10.2022	5/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: nitrile rubber, PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H, neoprene, butyl rubber, fluor rubber, Viton®
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Colorless.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not applicable.
Boiling point	1	Lowest known value: 205.3°C (401.5°F) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 222.61°C (432.7°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 100°C (212°F)
Evaporation rate	:	0.007 (benzyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	1.2 - 13%
Vapor pressure	1	Highest known value: 0.007 kPa (0.05 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (benzyl alcohol). Weighted average: 0.004 kPa (0.03 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor density	:	Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (benzyl alcohol).
Relative density	:	1.097 g/cm ³ 9.15 pounds/gallon
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Lowest known value: 380°C (716°F) (3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine).
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

 Hazardous decomposition
 : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		1230 mg/kg 1030 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
benzyl alcohol	5	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl-		Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	:ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Route ATE value Oral 2030 mg/kg Inhalation (vapors) 30.54 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	•	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute IC50 37 mg/l	Algae	72 hours

Persistence and degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	-		Readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
benzyl alcohol	0.87	<100	low
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,	-	5.13	low
oligomeric reaction products			
with 1-chloro-			
2,3-epoxypropane, reaction			
products with 3-aminomethyl-			
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	0.99	-	low
5,5,5-timetryicycionexylamine			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	8 CORRESPI	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	111	111	111	III	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

Date of issue

Section 14. Transport information

•	
DOT Classification	: <u>Reportable quantity</u> 12513.7 lbs / 5681.2 kg [1368.1 gal / 5178.9 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).
Mexico Classification	:-
ADR/RID	: Tunnel restriction code: (E) Hazard identification number: 80
IMDG	: Emergency schedules (EmS): F-A, S-B Marine pollutant: No.
ΙΑΤΑ	: -
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; Toluene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; n-butyl acetate; Toluene

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Ingredient name		CAS number	%
xylene ethylbenzene Toluene		1330-20-7 100-41-4 108-88-3	0.79912 0.27437 0.00048
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed		
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>		
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	: Not applicable.		
Classification	: SKIN CORROSION - SERIOUS EYE DAM SKIN SENSITIZATIC	AGE - Category 1	
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>		

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
benzyl alcohol	≥25 - ≤36	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	≥25 - ≤50	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	≥10 - ≤20	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting			<mark>%</mark> ≤0.3
requirements Supplier notification	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: BENZYL ALCOHOL
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ISOPHORONEDIAMINE; ETHYL BENZENE
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BENZENEMETHANOL

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene and Silica, crystalline, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-
silica, crystalline - quartz	Yes.	No.	-	-
Toluene	No.	Yes.	-	Yes.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

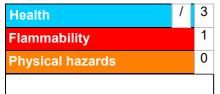
National inventory

Section 15. Regulatory information

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method
<u>History</u>	

motory	
Date of printing	: 17.10.2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17.10.2022
Date of previous issue	: 04.05.2021
Version	: 1.04
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Section 16. Other information

References

UN = United Nations

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Sers should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.