## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## Megagloss HG Comp A

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Megagloss HG Comp A

UFI : JKX2-H1QX-200C-P4DG

Product code : 12260
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S P.O.Box 2021 3202 Sandefjord Norway

Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

#### **National contact**

Jotun Ibérica S.A. Poligon Industrial Santa Rita Calle Estàtica, no 3

08755 - Castellbisbal Barcelona

Tel: +34 93 771 18 00 Fax: +34 93 771 18 01 SDSJotun@jotun.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Jotun Ibérica S.A. Tel. +34 93 77 11 800 (8.00-17.00)

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning.

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients**: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

benzotriazol derivate

decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with

1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate

[N,N,N',N',N",N"-hexaethyl-29H,31H-phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-N29,N30,

N31,N32]copper

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
butanone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-butoxyethyl acetate	EC: 203-933-3 CAS: 112-07-2 Index: 607-038-00-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 20 mg/ I	[1] [2]
benzotriazol derivate	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2	≤2.9	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤2	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
di-isobutyl ketone	EC: 203-620-1 CAS: 108-83-8 Index: 606-005-00-X	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 10%	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 128601-23-0	≤1.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
[N,N,N',N',N",N"-hexaethyl- 29H,31H- phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32] copper	EC: 249-125-4 CAS: 28654-73-1	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317	-	[1] [2]

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	Megagloss HG Comp A					
Ī	SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
_	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.					

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains benzotriazol derivate, decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate, [N,N,N',N',N'',N''-hexaethyl-29H,31H-phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms** 

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
butanone	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
xylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
di-isobutyl ketone	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 148 mg/m³ 8 hours.
[N,N,N',N',N'',N''-hexaethyl-29H,31H-phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2021). TWA: 0.01 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	153.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.8 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>	•				
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.67 mg/	General	Systemic
		==:::g :=::::: = :::::	kg bw/day	population	
			ng bwaay	[Consumers]	
	DNE	Lang tarm	22 ma/m3		Local
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	275 mg/m	WORKEIS	Cystonic
	DNE		000 //	0	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Leng term Bernia.	bw/day	TT GITTOIT	Gyotomic
butanone	DNEL	Lang tarm Darmal	1161 mg/	Workers	Cyatamia
butanone	DINEL	Long term Dermal		WOIKEIS	Systemic
		1.	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
			200, 220,	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long torm	106 ma/m3	General	Cyatamia
	DINEL	Long term	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
			,	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long term oral	bw/day	population	Cystonno
	DNE	Lang tarm	106 mg/m3		Cyatamia
	DNEL	Long term	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long term berman	kg bw/day	WOIKCIS	Cystonic
O butay yathyl a aatata	DNE	Lama tarra Oral		Conoral	Customia
2-butoxyethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	72 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	80 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	Cyclonic
	DVICI		100 mailia		Systemis
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		1	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	120 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	133 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J		1
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	169 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long tomi Domia	bw/day	TTOIRGIG	Cyclonic
	DVIC	Chart tarre		Conord	
	DNEL	Short term	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	333 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
1 7	•	. •			

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		-			
	DNE	Inhalation	000 13	population	1 1
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ü	population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DINEL		22 i ilig/ili	WUINEIS	Local
		Inhalation			_
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	00.0 mg/m	population	Cysternic
	DAIE		405		0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		3	bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long torm		Workers	Systemia
	DINEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WOIKEIS	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	•		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL		442 mg/m	WOINGIS	Systemic
		Inhalation			_
benzotriazol derivate	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.025 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.025 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term berman	kg bw/day		Cysternic
	DATE			population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.085 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		-,
	DNIEL	I am at 4 amas		\\/ o ml co mo	Customia
	DNEL	Long term	0.35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)		9	kg bw/day	population	j
ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-			ng bwiday	population	
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)					
decanedioate					
	DNEL	Long term	0.31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	· · · · · · ·	population	,
	DNIEL		0.0//		Custamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.9 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	5		•
	DNEL		1 8 ma/ka	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEL	Long term Dermal	1.8 mg/kg	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
			bw/day		
di-isobutyl ketone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	53 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	J. 1LL	Inhalation	55g/!!!		- , 5.5
leader and an OO "	D.:-:		40.5 '	NAZ L	0
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			- ,
	ראובי		7 E //	Conoral	Customis
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
			-	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DINEL		oz mg/m		Systemio
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
			, aay	[Consumers]	
TALALAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHAHA	ראיבי	1 4	40		1 1
[N,N,N',N',N",N"-hexaethyl-29H,31H-	DNFL	Long term	10 mg/m³	Workers	Local
phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-		Inhalation			
					<u> </u>

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

N29,N30,N31,N32]copper

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg dwt	-
butanone	Fresh water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Marine	55.8 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	709 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	284.74 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	284.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	1000 mg/kg	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

#### **Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### **Gloves**

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), neoprene (> 0.35 mm) May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm) Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), nitrile

rubber (> 0.4 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), Viton® (> 0.7 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** 

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of hightemperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** 

Colour Brown., Black, Blue., Green., Grey, MCI Base 1, MCI Base 3, Red, White.

**Odour** : Characteristic. . Not applicable. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and : Lowest known value: 79.59°C (175.3°F) (butanone). Weighted average:

142.85°C (289.1°F) boiling range

: Not applicable. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : 0.8 - 11.5%

limit

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C

: Lowest known value: 333°C (631.4°F) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). **Auto-ignition temperature** 

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available. pН : Not applicable.

: Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s **Viscosity** Solubility in water : cold water Not soluble hot water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 10.5 kPa (78.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (butanone). Weighted

average: 1.45 kPa (10.88 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

: Highest known value: 7.12 (butanone) Weighted average: 1.04compared with **Evaporation rate** 

butyl acetate

**Density** 1.055 to 1.419 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Vapour density** : Highest known value: 5.5 (Air = 1) (2-butoxyethyl acetate). Weighted average:

4.38 (Air = 1)

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

hazardous reactions

10.3 Possibility of

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains benzotriazol derivate, decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate, [N,N,N',N',N",N"-hexaethyl-29H,31H-phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
di-isobutyl ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16120 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5750 mg/kg	-

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Megagloss HG Comp A	N/A	24785.8	N/A	268.7	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	N/A	1500	N/A	11	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	20	N/A
di-isobutyl ketone	5750	16120	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butanone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
di-isobutyl ketone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	15 minutes 25 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
benzotriazol derivate	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
[N,N,N',N',N",N"-hexaethyl- 29H,31H- phthalocyaninetrimethylaminato (2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32] copper	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Teratogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
di-isobutyl ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butanone	Acute EC50 500000 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 530 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester, mixt. with 1-methyl 10-(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) decanedioate	Acute EC50 1.68 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
,,	Acute LC50 0.9 mg/l Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Fish Daphnia	96 hours 21 days
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics		Daphnia	48 hours
, 2 2 2 2 2, 30, 4, 5, 114, 146	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
benzotriazol derivate	-	-	Not readily
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
butanone	0.3	-	low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
di-isobutyl ketone	3.71	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: Yes.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **Disposal considerations**

Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

#### Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 30

Tunnel code (D/E)

: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when **ADN** 

transported in tank vessels.

**IMDG** Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### **Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not available.

: Not listed

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

**Air** 

: Not listed **Industrial emissions** 

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

#### **National regulations**

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety

legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply

to the use of this product at work.

#### **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: Not applicable.

assessment

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

1272/2008]
DMFL = Derived Minimal Effect

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

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